

Delivering a contextualized package of care for child development (0-12 months) and maternal mental health in the camps for forcibly displaced Myanmar nationals in Bangladesh

Submission date 25/01/2019	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 15/05/2019	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 05/05/2021	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The study is going to target the Rohingya refugee population currently placed in more than 20 medium-sized camps in Bangladesh. As per current estimates, around three quarters of a million refugees have already reached; and with continued influx the refugee number will soon reach one million or more. In Myanmar, like most developing countries, early child development is considered to be a grossly neglected area of public health importance. Even before migration (i.e. in their own homeland), most of these refugees have been living in relatively poor circumstances. In refugee camps they are facing circumstances that increase the risk of delayed child development and occurrence of mental health conditions in women. About 1.75% of the 0.75 million refugees are estimated to be less than one year old (i.e. 13,125 infants). As per gross estimates, in the refugee population at least one-third of the less than one-year-old children are suffering from delayed development, and about the same number of mothers of infants are suffering from depression. The delayed development of child milestones relates mainly to: a) chronic child malnutrition due to poor child feeding practices and recurrent infections; and b) low childcare ability of mothers due to lack of child development care skills (<10%) and poor mental health condition of mothers. The refugee population currently lacks access to care for early child development and maternal mental health. The community-based intervention, implemented through modestly educated and enabled refugee women, will cover nutrition and hygiene, child brain development, and maternal mental health.

Who can participate?

Children aged 6 weeks or less and their mothers, living in the participating refugee camps

What does the study involve?

The participating refugee camps are randomly allocated into the intervention group or the control group. The intervention group receive the designed intervention for early child

development, nutrition and maternal depression. The intervention is delivered by mothers counseling through community-based care providers. The control group continue with the routine practice that is generally present in the camps.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The intervention is expected to reduce early child development delays and maternal depression. The control group will continue receiving routine care from the primary health outlets in the respective camps. There are no risks involved for the participants.

Where is the study run from?

Rohangian refugee camps (Bangladesh)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

June 2018 to June 2020

Who is funding the study?

Grand Challenges Canada

Who is the main contact?

Dr Muhammad Amir Khan

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers**EudraCT/CTIS number**

Nil known

IRAS number**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

SB-1810-19890

Study information**Scientific Title**

Delivering a contextualized package of care for child development (0 - 12 months) and maternal mental health in the Rohingya refugee camps in Bangladesh

Study objectives

The main hypothesis to be tested is that the delivery of child development and maternal mental health care, by modestly educated community-based providers, is potentially effective and feasible in the refugee setting.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 24/10/2018, Bangladesh Medical Research Council (Bangladesh Medical Research Council, Mohakhali, Dhaka-1212, Bangladesh, Tel: 8819311, 8828396; Email: info@bmrcbd.org), ref: BMRC/NREC/2016-2019/843

Study design

Cluster randomized controlled trial with two arms

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Cluster randomised trial

Study setting(s)

Community

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format. Please use contact details to request a participant information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Early child development, maternal health, child nutrition

Interventions

The population of 10000 people per cluster was needed to get the required sample size. The average population per block in each block is almost 5-6 thousand. Hence 2 blocks were combined together to make one cluster to get the required population i.e. 10000. After organizing 22 clusters with population more than 10,000, these were arranged with given numbers. These were further allocated into intervention and control arm by simple randomization of selected clusters by drawing clusters from a hat.

Intervention arm

1. Adapted set of intervention materials for the community-based providers to deliver home-based care i.e. pictorial counseling tool and leaflet
2. Trained community-based care providers to visit and counsel each mother, on a quarterly basis, about child development and depression management care (using the intervention materials)
3. The key care contents will include: a) breastfeeding and weaning food; b) infant nurturing and child brain development; c) infection control e.g. food hygiene and hand washing; d) behaviour activation for maternal depression; and e) identify and refer for clinical care

Control arm

Community-based care providers will visit each registered mother-child pair on a quarterly basis. On each quarter the care provider will offer general health guidance, and also facilitate the mother's access to a primary health care facility as needed. Field Coordinator to monitor every month the performance of each community-based care provider in the trial.

The duration of intervention and follow-up is almost one year with three quarterly follow-ups.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

Reduction in two or more than two child development delays, measured by ASQ-3 questionnaire by a trained external assessor at endline

Secondary outcome measures

Measured at endline by a trained external assessor:

1. Maternal depression measured by PHQ-9 questionnaire
2. Height-weight for stunting measured using infantometer and infant weight machine

Overall study start date

30/06/2018

Completion date

30/06/2020

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Children aged 6 weeks or less
2. Children resident of respective refugee camp

Participant type(s)

Other

Age group

Mixed

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

This trial will have a total of 696 mother-child pairs in 22 clusters, randomly divided into equal number of intervention and control clusters.

Key exclusion criteria

1. Children of more than 6 weeks
2. Child known to have congenital abnormality, history of delayed cry or seizures, cretinism

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2019

Date of final enrolment

01/05/2019

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Bangladesh

Study participating centre

Ukhiya Refugee Camps (8)

Rohangian refugee camps Ukhiya

Kutupalong
Bangladesh
4700

Sponsor information

Organisation

Grand Challenges Canada

Sponsor details

MaRS Centre
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Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.grandchallenges.ca/who-we-are/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/02snbhr24>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Grand Challenges Canada

Alternative Name(s)

Grands Défis Canada, GCC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Canada

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The trialists have planned to publish papers related to the main trial and process evaluation in peer reviewed journals.

2020 protocol in preprint <https://doi.org/10.2196/preprints.25047> (added 04/01/2021)

Intention to publish date

30/06/2021

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication.

IPD sharing plan summary

Other

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article		04/05/2021	05/05/2021	Yes	No