

Improving fetal growth restriction detection

Submission date 06/03/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 15/03/2023	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 17/06/2025	Condition category Neonatal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Fetal growth restriction (FGR) refers to babies that are born smaller than the general population. FGR affects 10% of all pregnancies. FGR fetuses are at significantly higher risk of complications, including fetal death and premature birth. FGR deliveries in Malaysia are increasing every year. The current detection technique is not perfect and is reported to miss 50% of FGR before birth. There is thus an urgent need to investigate new technology to improve FGR detection.

Evidence has shown that artificial intelligence (AI) is feasible for disease prediction /prognostication but there is a lack of studies in obstetrics. In this study, the goal is to develop AI technology to improve outcomes with early FGR detection using antenatal measurements and maternal serum biomarkers.

Who can participate?

Pregnant women aged between 18 to 50 years who attend Universiti Malaya Medical Center for pregnancy scanning

What does the study involve?

In Phases 1 and 2, the researchers will extract data from the past 10 years (June 2011 - May 2020). In Phase 3, they will recruit pregnant mothers with a low or high risk of FGR from January to December 2024 and take blood samples.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is no expected immediate benefit to the participants. However, the data is expected to generate useful scientific knowledge in the long term. For Phases 1 and 2, no risk will be involved because the researchers are extracting data from a database. In Phase 3, one potential risk is that taking blood may cause discomfort. However, the researchers will only take the blood test after obtaining the patient's consent and any patients who are deemed not fit to take blood tests by the physicians will not be recruited.

Where is the study run from?

Universiti Malaya Medical Center (Malaysia)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

May 2021 to June 2025

Who is funding the study?
Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation (Malaysia)

Who is the main contact?
1. Dr Rahmah bin Saaid, rahmah@ummc.edu.my
2. Dr Saw Shier Nee, sawsn@um.edu.my

Contact information

Type(s)
Principal Investigator

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number
Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number
Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers
Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title
An AI-driven fetal monitoring model to predict fetal growth restriction infants

Study objectives

1. To enable early identification of fetuses at risk for fetal growth restriction (FGR) via the development and design of a personalized AI-based risk prognostic algorithm based on retrospective data of delivered infants
2. To enhance clinical fetal surveillance and management by differentiating between a true FGR and constitutional small for gestational age (SGA) and hence reduce morbidity risks
3. To evaluate the AI risk prognostic algorithm sensitivity of FGR detection with information from the developed AI using prospective new data and maternal serum biomarkers

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 26/08/2021, Medical Research Ethics Committee, University Malaya Medical Centre (2nd floor, Kompleks Pendidikan Sains Kejururawatan, Pusat Perubatan Universiti Malaya 59100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; +60 (0)3 7949 3209 / 2251 / 8473 / 4656; ummc-mrec@ummc.edu.my), ref: 2021329-9997

Study design

Single-center observational longitudinal study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Longitudinal study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Screening

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Fetal growth restriction, small-for-gestational-age

Interventions

In this research, the participants will undergo routine prenatal ultrasound scans throughout the entire pregnancy. This involves approximately five scans in total, which are conducted during the first, second and third trimesters. Besides that, the participants will have a non-invasive blood test during the first ultrasound scan, where 5 ml of blood will collect one time only. Every scan measures the fetus's growth to identify the growth-restricted fetuses earlier and take action to improve the outcomes for the growth-restricted fetus. The total duration of observation is typically from Week 11-14 until Week 36, which is around 6 months. The frequency of scans varies depending on the fetus's condition, with some participants requiring weekly or bi-weekly scans.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Maternal information and fetal measurements recorded using ultrasound at first (around 11-14 weeks), second (around 20-22 weeks) and third trimester (around 30-32 weeks)

Secondary outcome measures

1. Maternal demographics recorded from patient files at the first visits
2. Fetal measurements measured using ultrasound over the pregnancy period (11-14 weeks, 20-22 weeks, 30-32 weeks, and 35-36 weeks)
3. Maternal serum biomarkers measured using blood tests during the first trimester

Overall study start date

01/05/2021

Completion date

30/06/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Inclusion criteria for Phases 1, 2 and 3:

1. Pregnant women with age of between 21 and 50 years
2. Subjects are already scheduled for routine antenatal ultrasound evaluation

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

21 Years

Upper age limit

50 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

300

Total final enrolment

300

Key exclusion criteria

Phases 1 and 2:

1. Fetuses with chromosomal and cardiovascular abnormalities and cases with incomplete data

Phase 3:

1. Patients who, for any reason, are deemed unfit for blood taking, as determined by their physician
2. Fetus with chromosomal and cardiovascular abnormalities

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2023

Date of final enrolment

31/01/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Malaysia

Study participating centre**University Malaya Medical Center**

Jalan Profesor Diraja Ungku Aziz, Lembah Pantai

Kuala Lumpur

Malaysia

59100

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Malaya

Sponsor details

Federal Territory of Kuala Lumpur

Kuala Lumpur

Malaysia

50603

+60 (0)379673502

dekan_fsktm@um.edu.my

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<https://www.um.edu.my/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/00rzspn62>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Kementerian Sains, Teknologi dan Inovasi

Alternative Name(s)

Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation, Malaysia, MOSTI

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Malaysia

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

Intention to publish date

30/09/2025

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Dr Rahmah bin Saaïd (rahmah@ummc.edu.my) and Dr Saw Shier Nee (sawsn@um.edu.my) subject to approval from the ethics committee.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request