# Edible insects (cricket Acheta domesticus) in school meals for improved nutrition in preschool children in Kenya

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
25/02/2017	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
16/03/2017	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
14/10/2022	Nutritional. Metabolic. Endocrine	

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

In Kenya children aged from six months to five years are usually given porridge in between meals and this usually continues when the children join nursery school. Protein and mineral deficiency is common in Kenyan children and insects have been shown to contain sufficient proteins and minerals when supplemented in complementary food. Cricket rearing is new in Kenya and farmed crickets could be used to improve the nutritional status and gut health of schoolchildren in Kenya. The aim of this study is to assess the acceptance and impact on nutrition of a daily school meal of a cricket-based porridge, to provide information on cricket as an alternative animal protein source which may be cheaper and affordable to many Kenyans and therefore help curb child malnutrition.

Who can participate?

Children aged 3-7 attending Cheptigit nursery school

What does the study involve?

Participating children are given a daily portion of porridge from Monday to Friday for 6 months. The children are randomly allocated to receive either cricket-based porridge, milk-based porridge, or plant-based porridge. The children are assessed for their acceptance of the food with questionnaires. Their height, weight, skinfolds, and mid upper arm circumference are measured. They also provide finger prick blood samples and stool samples.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Children participating in this study may benefit from the daily porridge and the monthly health checks. They may feel a little pain during the finger prick. There are no other anticipated risks in this study.

Where is the study run from? Cheptigit nursery school (Kenya)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? February 2017 to August 2017

Who is funding the study?

The Consultative Research Committee for Development Research (FFU), Danida, Ministry of Foreign Affairs (Denmark)

Who is the main contact?

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## Study website

www.greeinsect.ku.dk

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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**Public** 

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** MKU/ERC/0274

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The impact of edible cricket in a school meal programme on nutritional status, gut microbiota and health in pre-school children (age 3-4 years): an individually randomized, single-blinded controlled trial in Uasin Gishu County, Kenya

#### Acronym

**CRICKFOOD** 

## Study objectives

School meal serving with a fortified porridge made with edible insect (cricket) supports growth (linear and weight) at least equal to a positive control group receiving a fortified porridge with milk powder, and better than a negative control of a fully plant based fortified porridge.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Mount Kenya University Ethical Review Committee, 09/01/2017, ref: MKU/ERC/0274

## Study design

Individually randomized single-blinded trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

School

## Study type(s)

Prevention

#### Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available. Parents received oral information and signed a consent form

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Nutrition

#### **Interventions**

The intervention will involve feeding children in a school setup. The children in the pre primary section will be given porridge every five days in a week. Treatment is a daily food supplement served as a school meal. Children will be randomly allocated (simple randomization) to be given 65 grams of either milk based, cricket based or cereal based flour in form of porridge:

- 1. Intervention: a fortified porridge with edible insects (cricket)
- 2. Positive control: a similarly fortified porridge with milk powder
- 3. Negative control: a fortified plant-based porridge

The food groups are blinded for investigators, while food group cannot be blinded to participants due to different appearance and taste. Children will be served porridge every day from Monday to Friday while at school for a period of six months. The children will line up for porridge depending on their trial arm and then they will be served and observed as they take the porridge and any remaining volume recorded.

There will be baseline measures and dietary intake questionnaires at the beginning and at the end of the trial, with baseline and end line measures of stool, hemoglobin through finger prick, fatty acid analysis, weight, height, and mid upper arm circumference. Every month the children will undergo morbidity checks, weight, height, and mid upper arm circumference measures.

## Intervention Type

Supplement

## Primary outcome measure

Weight for Height (Z score), measured using Seca digital weight measuring scale at 1,2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 months

## Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Porridge acceptability, measured daily using amount of porridge consumed assessed by weighing any remaining quantity of the porridge at the end of the meal
- 2. School attendance, measured daily using school registration of each child
- 3. Stool microbiota, analysed using a stool sample at baseline and endline (6 months)
- 4. EED (Environmental Enteric Dysfunction) prevalence, measured using a stool sample (indicators to be assessed: myeloperoxidase and neopterin) at baseline and endline (6 months)

## Overall study start date

14/02/2017

## Completion date

14/08/2017

## Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Children attending Cheptigit nursery school
- 2. Weight for Height (WHZ) ≥-3 Z scores
- 3. Caregivers who will accept that their children participate in the study and sign the consent form
- 4. Children who are willing to take porridge and follow the study procedure and therefore assent to the study procedure
- 5. Age 3-7 years

## Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

## Age group

Child

## Lower age limit

3 Years

## Upper age limit

7 Years

## Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

135

#### Total final enrolment

138

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Weight for Height (WHZ)  $\leq$  3 Z scores
- 2. Children allergic to any ingredients in the porridge
- 3. Children whose parents do not consent to the study
- 4. Children with obvious signs of disease

## Date of first enrolment

10/03/2017

#### Date of final enrolment

30/03/2017

## Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Kenya

## Study participating centre Cheptigit nursery school

Kenya 00200

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University of Copenhagen

## Sponsor details

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#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://nexs.ku.dk/english/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/035b05819

#### Organisation

Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology

## Sponsor details

Department of Food Science and Technology PO Box 62000 Nairobi Kenya 00200 +254 (0)67 587 0001 info@jkuat.ac.ke

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.jkuat.ac.ke/contacts/

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

The Consultative Research Committee for Development Research (FFU), Danida, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Denmark. Funded under the grant for the project 'GREEiNSECT - insects for green economy' (www.greeinsect.ku.dk)

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer reviewed journal, to be submitted November 2017

## Intention to publish date

01/11/2017

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

This study is collaborative research between John Kinyuru, Jomo Kenyetta University of Agriculture and Tecnology (JKUAT), Nairobi, Kenya (jkinyuru@agr.jkuat.ac.ke) and Nanna Roos, University of Copenhagen, Denmark (nro@nexs.ku.dk). Request for access to dataset should be sent jointly to these collaborating partners.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Thesis results23/07/201914/10/2022NoNo