

Mindfulness meditation for chronic pelvic pain management

Submission date 27/06/2016	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 28/06/2016	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 16/03/2020	Condition category Signs and Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Chronic pelvic pain (CPP) in women is where pain is felt in the pelvic region (the area below the belly button and between the hips) for at least 6 months. It is a relatively common condition, affecting around one million women in the UK every year, which is often painful and disabling, putting a great deal of strain on women's lives and the NHS. The exact cause of CPP can vary, making it very difficult to treat. Mindfulness is a psychological treatment that works by teaching people to accept the sensations and emotions in the present moment. This can help people to accept their pain, allowing them to focus on daily activities and improve their quality of life. This type of treatment often takes place in eight-week face-to-face courses, however recently, smartphone applications have been used to deliver this type of treatment. The aim of this study is to investigate the effectiveness of a mindfulness-based smartphone app in the treatment of CPP in women, in order to find out whether a large-scale study is possible.

Who can participate?

Adult women with CPP who have access to a smartphone.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of three groups. Those in the first group receive access a smartphone app delivering mindfulness instructions for 60 days. Those in the second group receive access to a smartphone app delivering muscle relaxation instructions for 60 days, in addition to usual care. Those in the third group receive usual care alone for 60 days. At the end of the study, the amount of participants that have been recruited and the amount of those who actively took part are recorded. In addition, participants who received the mindfulness app complete a questionnaire at 60 days about how user friendly the app is, and all participants complete a range of questionnaires at the start of the study, and then after 60 days, 3 months and 6 months, to measure their mental wellbeing, quality of life and acceptance of pain.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are not expected to be any direct benefits or risks for participants taking part in this study.

Where is the study run from?

1. Royal London Hospital (UK)
2. Whipps Cross Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

November 2015 to August 2017

Who is funding the study?

National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact?

1. Miss Sian Newton (public)
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2. Miss Elizabeth Ball (scientific)
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Study website

<http://www.blizard.qmul.ac.uk/research-project/1368-memphis2.html>

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

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Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT02721108

Secondary identifying numbers

20814

Study information

Scientific Title

Mindfulness meditation using a smart-phone application for women with chronic pelvic pain (MEMPHIS)

Acronym

MEMPHIS

Study objectives

The overall aim is to assess the feasibility of implementing a trial using psychological approaches delivered by a mobile phone app for patients with chronic pelvic pain (CPP).

The primary objectives are:

1. To provide feasibility data for a large multicentre RCT aimed at rigorously testing psychological approaches in CPP
2. To determine whether this app can be seamlessly integrated into clinical practice, especially CPP pathways

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

London - Camden and Kings Cross Research Ethics Committee, 01/02/2016, ref: 15/LO/1967

Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Treatment, Psychological & Behavioural

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Specialty: Reproductive health and childbirth, Primary sub-specialty: General gynaecology; UKCRC code/ Disease: Other/ Symptoms and signs involving the digestive system and abdomen

Interventions

Following provision of informed consent, patients will be randomised to one of three groups. Randomisation will be performed using a centralised internet service.

Group A - "Intervention": Participants receive access to a smartphone app delivering mindfulness instructions for 60 days.

Group B - "Active control": Participants receive access to a smartphone app delivering muscle relaxation instructions for 60 days, in addition to usual care.

Group C - Treatment as usual: Participants receive usual care

Clinical outcome data will be collected at 60 days, 3 months and 6 months post randomisation. App usability data will be collected at 60 days for the intervention and active control groups.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

1. Recruitment rate is measured at the end of follow up
2. Adherence rate is measured using data provided by Headspace during the intervention (first 60 days)
3. Usability of the app measured using a questionnaire at 60 days post randomisation

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary outcome measures as of 02/12/2016:

1. Quality of life-Physical Functioning subscale measured by the RAND Short form (36) Health Survey (SF-36) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation
2. Quality of life-Social Functioning subscale measured by the RAND Short form (36) Health Survey (SF-36) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation
3. Quality of life-Pain subscale measured by the RAND Short form (36) Health Survey (SF-36) at

baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

4. Quality of life-General Health subscale measured by the RAND Short form (36) Health Survey (SF-36) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

5. Depression is measured using the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

6. Anxiety is measured using the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) at v60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

7. Pain Acceptance is measured using the Chronic Pain Acceptance Questionnaire (CPAQ-8) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

8. Sexual health outcomes are measured using the Sexual Health Outcomes in Women Questionnaire (SHOW-Q) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

Original secondary outcome measures:

1. Quality of life is measured using the Short form (36) Health Survey (SF-36) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

2. Depression is measured using the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

3. Anxiety is measured using the Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) at v60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

4. Pain Acceptance is measured using the Chronic Pain Acceptance Questionnaire (CPAQ-8) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

5. Sexual health outcomes are measured using the Sexual Health Outcomes in Women Questionnaire (SHOW-Q) at baseline, 60 days, 3 months, and 6 months post-randomisation

Overall study start date

01/11/2015

Completion date

31/08/2017

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged 18 or over

2. Women with organic and non-organic chronic pelvic pain lasting for six months or more

3. Capable of understanding the information provided, with use of an interpreter if required and being able to understand simple English as is used in the app

4. Give written informed consent

5. Access to a personal computer or smartphone

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 90; UK Sample Size: 90

Total final enrolment

90

Key exclusion criteria

1. Males
2. Absence of diagnosis of organic and non-organic chronic pelvic pain (CPP)
3. Diagnosis of organic and non-organic chronic pelvic pain (CPP) lasting for less than 3 months
4. Aged under 18 years
5. No access to a Personal computer or smart phone
6. Unable to speak / understand English

Added 28/10/2016:

7. Current users of the Headspace app content available to the public

Date of first enrolment

13/05/2016

Date of final enrolment

20/09/2016

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Royal London Hospital

Whitechapel Road

London

United Kingdom

E1 1BB

Study participating centre

Whips Cross Hospital

Whipps Cross Road

Leytonstone

London

United Kingdom

E11 1NR

Sponsor information

Organisation

Barts Health NHS Trust

Sponsor details

The Royal London Hospital
Whitechapel Road
London
England
United Kingdom
E1 1BB

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

<https://ror.org/00b31g692>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer reviewed journal.

Intention to publish date

31/10/2019

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	15/01/2018		Yes	No
Results article	results	12/03/2020	16/03/2020	Yes	No
Results article	user experience results	12/03/2020	16/03/2020	Yes	No
HRA research summary			26/07/2023	No	No