# Effects of chewing gum on gastric distention in patients undergoing laparoscopic cholecystectomy

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
30/09/2024	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
09/10/2024	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
11/10/2024	Digestive System	Record updated in last year

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study aims at consenting adult (≥ 18 years old) patients undergoing laparoscopic cholecystectomy due to gallstones or gallbladder polyps. It will involve chewing gum 30 minutes before the procedure to help decrease gastric distention and promote safer surgery through better visualization of vital structures.

#### Who can participate?

Adult patients (≥ 18 years old) undergoing laparoscopic cholecystectomy due to gallstones or gallbladder polyps

#### What does the study involve?

Participants will chew gum 30 minutes before their procedure to help decrease gastric distention. The study will compare the outcomes with standard procedures to assess the effects of this intervention.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

While patients may not directly benefit, the study may provide valuable information on the efficacy of chewing gum in decreasing gastric distention before laparoscopic cholecystectomy. This could potentially reduce the use of nasogastric tubes and decrease hospital stay lengths. Risks include common complications of Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy such as:

- 1. Conversion to open cholecystectomy (2 7%)
- 2. Biliary duct injury (0.4 0.6%) or biliary fistulas (0.5%)
- 3. Vascular injury (0.3%) or postoperative bleeding (0.5%)
- 4. Intestinal injury (0.09%)
- 5. Infections (4%)
- 6. Other complications related to anesthesia and patient comorbidities.

#### Where is the study run from?

The study will be run from Bulacan Medical Center, City of Malolos, Bulacan.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? November 2022 to May 2024

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded

Who is the main contact?

Dr. Sofia Isabel Ribeiro - Yadav, sisabelribeiro 94@gmail.com.

## Contact information

#### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

#### Contact name

Dr Sofia Isabel Ribeiro - Yadav

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## Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Effects of chewing gum on gastric distention in patients undergoing laparoscopic cholecystectomy: a single centre study

#### **Study objectives**

Chewing gum has been proven time and again for use in promoting gastrointestinal motility post-operatively, especially in patients who undergo colorectal surgery. This study aims to use chewing gum preoperatively to decrease gastric distention thereby promoting better visualization of vital structures during laparoscopic cholecystectomy.

The hypothesis is that chewing gum will aid in decreasing gastric distention.

#### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

#### Ethics approval(s)

approved 27/05/2024, Research Ethics Committee (La Consolacion University Philippines, Bulihan, City of Malolos, 3000, Philippines; +63 44 931 8600; research.ethics.comm@email.lcup.edu.ph), ref: 1062/202405-YadavS00

#### Study design

Single-blind randomized controlled study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Efficacy

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

The effect of chewing gum on gastric distention in patients undergoing laparoscopic cholecystectomy

#### **Interventions**

All consenting patients underwent Laparoscopic Cholecystectomy only from November 1, 2022, to May 31, 2024.

Participants will undergo random sampling and be assigned to group NG ("no gum") and group CG ("chewing gum").

Pre-operative Chewing Gum is the intervention.

A locally branded xylitol-based mint-flavoured chewing gum was provided to the study participants randomly assigned to the "Chewing Gum" (CG) group by junior general surgery resident doctors to chew for 30 minutes before their transfer to the operating room.

The intervention took place in the surgery ward.

The intervention was only delivered once, 30 minutes before the patient's scheduled operation.

No tailoring was done.

There were no modifications done to the intervention during the study.

Adherence to the trial participant's chewing of gum was assessed using a checklist accomplished by junior general surgery resident doctors wherein the participant was asked to start chewing

their gum under direct observation of the junior general surgery resident and also asked to dispose of their gum after 30 minutes in front of the same observer.

#### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

#### Primary outcome(s)

The visual presence of gastric distention during the performance of limited diagnostic laparoscopy measured using nasogastric tubes at the start of the procedure.

- If (+) gastric distention impedes visualization and identification of vital structures, then a nasogastric tube will be used before proceeding with the cholecystectomy.
- If (-) gastric distention, the no nasogastric tube will be used and the senior general surgery resident doctor will proceed with the cholecystectomy.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Duration of hospitalization measured using the number of hospital days per patient recorded in study notes at one timepoint
- 2. Decrease in operative time measured using the mean of the number of minutes per procedure recorded in study notes at one timepoint
- 3. If this intervention provides additional discomfort to the patient measured using the Wong-Baker Faces Pain Scale 8 hours post-operatively
- 4. If the intervention adds additional costs to the patient measured using descriptive methods as chewing gum in the Philippines is Php 1.00 (which is approx. GBP 0.01) at one timepoint
- 5. If the intervention helps in decreasing intraoperative injuries measured using descriptive methods at one timepoint

#### Completion date

31/05/2024

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 18 years and older
- 2. Undergo elective laparoscopic cholecystectomy
- 3. Indication of cholelithiasis or gallbladder polyp
- 4. Agree to participate in the study
- 5. Operations performed by general surgery residents of the same level of training

### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Mixed

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Upper age limit

99 years

#### Sex

All

#### Total final enrolment

190

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients aged less than 18 years old
- 2. Undergo laparoscopic cholecystectomy with other pathologies
- 3. Performed by general surgery consultants/attendings
- 4. Those who do not undergo laparoscopic cholecystectomy
- 5. Oesophageal intubation
- 6. Patients who do not agree to participate
- 7. Patients who have undergone previous gastric surgery
- 8. Patients at risk of aspiration

#### Date of first enrolment

01/11/2022

#### Date of final enrolment

23/05/2024

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

**Philippines** 

# Study participating centre

**Bulacan Medical Center** 

99 Potenciano St., Department of Surgery, Bulacan Medical Center, Brgy. Mojon City of Malolos **Philippines** 3000

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Bulacan Medical Center

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Funder Name

Bulacan Medical Center, Department of Surgery

## **Results and Publications**

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Data requests can be submitted starting 9 months after article publication and the data will be made accessible for up to 24 months. Extensions will be considered on a case-to-case basis.

Access to trial IPD can be requested by qualified researchers engaging in independent scientific research and will be provided following review and approval of a research proposal and Statistical Analysis Plan (SAP) and execution of a Data Sharing Agreement (DSA). For more information or to submit a request, please contact sisabelribeiro94@gmail.com

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### **Study outputs**

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Participant information sheetParticipant information sheet11/11/202511/11/2025NoYes