# Impact of altering the availability of nonalcoholic and alcoholic drinks on selection and purchasing

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
01/03/2021		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	[X] Statistical analysis plan		
01/03/2021	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
31/03/2023	Other			

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Many people exceed the current recommended guidelines for alcohol consumption in the UK. As well as immediate health effects, drinking too much alcohol has been linked to long-term illnesses such as liver diseases (e.g. cirrhosis) and cancers (including breast cancer and bowel cancer). One promising intervention is increasing the availability of non-alcoholic drinks relative to the proportion of alcoholic drinks, which has been shown to reduce alcohol selection in online settings.

The aim of this study is to estimate the impact of altering the relative availability of a subset of drink selection options, to increase the proportion of non-alcoholic drinks (alcohol-free beer, cider and wine and soft drinks) and decreasing the proportion of alcoholic drinks (beer, cider and wine) (i.e., decreasing the number of alcohol units within the range of available products), on the number of alcohol units that are i) selected and ii) purchased online.

### Who can participate?

Adults over the age of 18, who drink beer or wine at least weekly and regularly purchase alcohol online at Tesco.

## What does the study involve?

Participants from the research agency's (Roots Research) panel of participants will first be contacted by email and invited to complete the initial screening questionnaire and given information on the study. If eligible, participants will be sent the online drink selection task via a URL (through Qualtrics). The selection task includes 64 drink options including: beer, cider, wine, alcohol-free beer, alcohol-free cider, alcohol-free wine and soft drinks. Depending on the allocated condition the proportions of the alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks will vary (i. 75% non-alcoholic, 25% alcoholic ii. 50% non-alcoholic, 50% alcoholic iii. 25% non-alcoholic, 75% alcoholic). Participants select all the drinks for adults in their household that they would like to purchase in their next online Tesco shop. Once the selection task is complete, participants add the selected items to their Tesco basket and send details of their next delivery slot to the research team. On the delivery day, participants send their itemised proof of purchase to researchers.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Participants will be paid standard market research panel rates for participating in this study. There are no known risks of participating in the study.

Where is the study run from? School of Psychological Sciences, University of Bristol (UK) and the Behaviour and Health Research Unit, University of Cambridge (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? November 2020 to September 2021

Who is funding the study? Wellcome Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Natasha Clarke n.clarke@bathspa.ac.uk

#### Study website

http://www.behaviourchangebydesign.iph.cam.ac.uk/

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Type(s)

Public

#### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

## **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

## Secondary identifying numbers

210223 Alcohol\_purchasing\_availability\_protocol\_v1.2

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

Impact of altering the relative availability of non-alcoholic vs alcoholic drinks on selection and purchasing: an online experimental study

## Study objectives

Altering the relative availability of a subset of drink options by increasing the proportion of non-alcoholic drinks (alcohol-free beer, cider and wine and soft drinks) and decreasing the proportion of alcoholic drinks (beer, cider and wine) will reduce the number of alcohol units selected.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 19/01/2021, School of Psychological Science Research Ethics Committee at the University of Bristol (1 Cathedral Square, Bristol, Avon, BS1 5DD, UK; +44 (0)117 42 83065; research-governance@bristol.ac.uk), ref: 116124

## Study design

Randomized controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Internet/virtual

## Study type(s)

Prevention

## Participant information sheet

See additional files

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Excess alcohol consumption

#### **Interventions**

Participants will be randomly assigned to one of three conditions in an experiment with a between-subjects factor of drink subset availability (i. 75% non-alcoholic, 25% alcoholic ii. 50% non-alcoholic, 50% alcoholic iii. 25% non-alcoholic, 75% alcoholic), in which the relative proportion (%) of alcohol-free beer, cider and wine and soft drinks will vary, compared to alcoholic beer, cider and wine options.

#### Selection

Participants will be randomised to one of three drink subset availability conditions within the online Qualtrics platform. Participants will view: i. a range of beers, ciders and soft drinks, and ii. a range of wines and soft drinks. These two drink ranges will each show 32 drink options. The order in which the two drink ranges (beer, cider and soft drinks first or wine and soft drinks first) are presented will be randomised. In each range, the drink options within the three subcategories (i.e., i. beer and cider, alcohol-free beer and alcohol-free cider, or soft drinks, ii. wine, alcohol-free wine, or soft drinks) will be presented together under their respective headings but their order of presentation will be randomised. The relative availability (proportion) of non-alcoholic (alcohol-free beer, cider or wine alternatives and soft drinks) and alcoholic (beer, cider or wine) drink options – and therefore alcohol units – will vary according to the three conditions. Alcohol-free beer, cider and wine will be clearly labelled to ensure that they are not confused with alcoholic drinks. Each drink option presented will be a different brand, i.e., as the relative availability of non-alcoholic drink options increases, there will be a larger choice of brands from which to choose. Drink images will all be shown as bottles or cans, either as single items or multipacks, depending on the availability of products at Tesco.

Participants will be able to select as many drinks as they would like to purchase in their household grocery shop at Tesco. Then participants will be asked to provide their email address and answer questions regarding their demographics and typical drinking behaviour, and to briefly explain their drink choices.

#### Purchasing

After completing the selection task, participants will be automatically sent an email detailing their selected drinks. When participants complete the selection task, they will be prompted to check their email and provided with instructions to complete the purchasing stage of the study, alongside a link to the Tesco website. Participants will be sent an email on the day of their delivery or collection with a request to send proof of purchase (i.e., a copy of their itemised receipt) to the research team within 48 hours.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

## Primary outcome measure

Number of alcohol units selected (with an intention to purchase). Participants will be aware that they will be required to purchase the drink items chosen in the selection task and send proof of this to the research team. Therefore, the primary outcome of selection will be made in the context of intention to purchase and provide evidence of this behaviour. This is measured immediately, i.e. whilst participants are exposed to the availability intervention, and calculated from the selection task data

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Number of alcoholic drinks selected, measured immediately, i.e. whilst participants are exposed to the availability intervention, and calculated from the selection task data
- 2. Number of non-alcoholic drinks selected, measured immediately, i.e. whilst participants are exposed to the availability intervention, and calculated from the selection task data
- 3. Total number of drinks selected, measured immediately, i.e. whilst participants are exposed to the availability intervention, and calculated from the selection task data
- 4. Proportion of total drinks selected that are alcoholic, measured immediately, i.e. whilst participants are exposed to the availability intervention, and calculated by dividing the number of alcoholic drinks selected by the total number of drinks
- 5. Number of alcohol units purchased, measured immediately after the selection task and calculated from the purchasing data (i.e. from proof of purchase)
- 6. Number of alcoholic drinks purchased, measured immediately after the selection task and calculated from the purchasing data (i.e. from proof of purchase)
- 7. Number of non-alcoholic drinks purchased, measured immediately after the selection task and calculated from the purchasing data (i.e. from proof of purchase)
- 8. Total number of drinks purchased, measured immediately after the selection task and calculated from the purchasing data (i.e. from proof of purchase)
- 9. Proportion of total drinks purchased that are alcoholic, measured immediately after the selection task and calculated by dividing the number of alcoholic drinks purchased by the total number of drinks

Overall study start date 01/11/2020

Completion date 01/09/2021

## **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 18 years or over;
- 2. Current Tesco online customer
- 3. Regularly consume alcohol beer, cider and/or wine (i.e., at least once a week)
- 4. Regularly purchase alcohol beer, cider and/or wine online at Tesco (i.e., at least once a month, minimum £20 monthly spend on these drinks)
- 5. Willing to select drinks from 64 options, shown in an online task, to purchase in next online shop at Tesco

(Note: Options will include different brands of beer, cider, wine, alcohol-free beer, alcohol-free cider, alcohol-free wine and soft drinks available at Tesco; no additional drinks from these categories should be added to the Tesco shop)

6. Willing to complete online shop at Tesco, book a delivery (or Click and Collect) slot, and send the details to the research team within 48 hours of the drink selection task

- 7. Willing to send proof of purchase (i.e., itemised receipt) to the research team within 48 hours of delivery or collection date
- 8. Have a Tesco delivery or collection address in England or Wales

## Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

#### Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

600

#### Total final enrolment

737

#### Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet the inclusion criteria

### Date of first enrolment

04/03/2021

#### Date of final enrolment

01/08/2021

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

## Study participating centre

### **Roots Research**

50 Grand Parade Brighton United Kingdom BN2 9QA

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

University of Bristol

#### Sponsor details

12a Priory Rd
Bristol
England
United Kingdom
BS8 1TU
+44 (0)117 42 83065
research-governance@bristol.ac.uk

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.bristol.ac.uk/red/research-governance/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/0524sp257

## Funder(s)

## Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

Wellcome Trust

#### Alternative Name(s)

Wellcome, WT

## **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

#### Location

United Kingdom

## **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

- 1. The protocol and the detailed statistical analysis plan will be pre-registered on the Open Science Framework: https://osf.io/x726n/
- 2. Planned submission of the main results of this study for publication in a peer-reviewed journal
- 3. Dissemination of the results to the public, policymakers and other researchers through targeted social media

## Intention to publish date

31/03/2022

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Anonymised participant-level data will be uploaded to the University of Bristol's data repository (https://data.bris.ac.uk/data/) and on the Open Science Framework project page (https://osf.io/x726n/). This data will be open access. This will uploaded upon publication of the study. Participants are informed of this before providing consent (see participant information sheet) – "At the end of the study your data would become "open data". This means that it would be stored in an online database so that it is publicly available." All aspects of the General Data Protection Regulation, Data Protection Act 2018 and the Freedom of Information Act 2000 will be adhered to. All personal data will be treated as confidential.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

## **Study outputs**

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Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Preprint results		08/03/2022	10/03/2022	No	No
<u>Protocol (other)</u>	v1.2	17/02/2021	18/08/2022	No	No
Protocol (other)		17/02/2021	31/03/2023	No	No
Results article		30/03/2023	31/03/2023	Yes	No
Statistical Analysis Plan			31/03/2023	No	No