A three year follow up study to assess the rate of death and other diseases in patients with a long-term condition where the airways of the lungs become widened, leading to a build-up of excess mucus that can make the lungs more vulnerable to infection (bronchiectasis)

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
15/11/2021	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
23/11/2021	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
08/10/2024	Respiratory	[X] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Bronchiectasis is a long-term condition where the airways of the lungs become widened, leading to a build-up of excess mucus that can make the lungs more vulnerable to infection. The most common symptoms of bronchiectasis include a persistent cough that usually brings up phlegm (sputum) shortness of breath.

This study aims to investigate the long-term risk factors and health outcomes for patients with bronchiectasis, over 3 years.

Who can participate?

Patients with bronchiectasis.

What does the study involve?

Participants complete a number of tests and questionnaires at the initial consultation and the patients are monitored over the next 3 years.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? None

Where is the study run from?
Pedro Ernesto University Hospital (Brazil)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? March 2016 to December 2024

Who is funding the study? FAPERJ (Research Support Foundation of the State of Rio de Janeiro) (Brazil)

Who is the main contact? Prof. Rogério Rufino, rrufino.uerj@gmail.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

RBR 61923316.1.0000.5259

Study information

Scientific Title

Mortality and comorbidities in patients with bronchiectasis over a three-year follow-up

Study objectives

Bronchiectasia has high mortality despite treatment

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 17/11/2016, Research Ethics Committee of the Pedro Ernesto University Hospital (CePeM – Centro de Pesquisa Clínica Multiusuário – 2nd floor /room 28, Pedro Ernesto University Hospital, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil; +55. 21 2868-8253; cep@hupe.uerj.br), ref: 1,823,665

Study design

Prospective observational single-center cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Case series

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Risk factors for mortality in patients with non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis

Interventions

Prospective cohort study comprising 120 adult patients with non-cystic fibrosis bronchiectasis regularly treated at the specialized outpatient clinic of a university hospital between January 2017 and June 2020. All patients had the diagnosis confirmed by high-resolution computed tomography. Demographic and clinical data, pulmonary function test, and Euro quality-of-life five-domain three-level questionnaire (EQ-5D-3L) were analyzed. Factors associated with death were determined using the Cox proportional hazard model.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

Mortality measured using patient records at the end of the study

Secondary outcome measures

Quality of life measured using Euro quality-of-life five-domain three-level questionnaire (EQ-5D-3L) at the initial consultation

Overall study start date

17/03/2016

Completion date

31/12/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Diagnosis of bronchiectasis confirmed by chest HRCT, evaluated by two radiologists and two pulmonologists

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

100

Total final enrolment

100

Key exclusion criteria

Cystic fibrosis

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2017

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Brazil

Study participating centre Pedro Ernesto University Hospital

Avenida 28 de Setembro, 77 - Vila Isabel Rio de Janeiro Brazil 20551030

Sponsor information

Organisation

Fundação Carlos Chagas Filho de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado do Rio de Janeiro

Sponsor details

Edifício Estado de Sá - 6º Andar Av. Erasmo Braga, 118 - Centro Rio de Janeiro Brazil 20020-000 +55.21.2333-2000 central.atendimento@faperj.br

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

http://www.faperj.br/

ROR

https://ror.org/03kk0s825

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Research Support Foundation of the State of Rio de Janeiro

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

BMC Pulmonary Medicine

Intention to publish date

01/01/2026

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request (rrufino.uerj@gmail.com)

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request, Published as a supplement to the results publication

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Interim results article 1-year quality of life results 01/03/2022 15/07/2022 Yes No