Effectiveness of assertive community treatment versus care-as-usual for patients with severe and persistent psychiatric disorders

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
20/12/2005	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
20/12/2005		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
N3/N7/2NN9	Mental and Behavioural Disorders			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

NTR281; ZonMw: 100-103-016

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Assertive community treatment (ACT) will, compared to care-as-usual, result in less admission days and more sustained contact with mental health. Moreover, life skills will be more improved possibly resulting in a higher quality of life.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised, active controlled, parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Psychiatric, mental disorders/illness

Interventions

Assertive community treatment (ACT): in ACT the case load is a shared responsibility for the whole team. ACT is further characterised by:

- 1. A low staff-to-patient ratio (1 10 maximum)
- 2. In vivo treatment at home of the patient
- 3. The inclusion of a wide range of disciplines in the ACT team, including client participation

Fidelity is measured by 28 items.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

- 1. Admissions/admission days
- 2. Care consumption
- 3. Sustained contact with mental health
- 4. Life skills

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Psychiatric symptoms
- 2. Quality of life
- 3. Satisfaction with care
- 4. Family burden

Overall study start date

01/09/2004

Completion date

31/08/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Mental health patients with a Health of the Nation Scales (HoNOS) total score above 14

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

100

Key exclusion criteria

Does not comply with the above inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2004

Date of final enrolment

31/08/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

GGZ,

Winschoten Netherlands 9670 AG

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Medical Centre Groningen (UMCG) (Netherlands)

Sponsor details

Department of General Practice Hanzeplein 1 Groningen Netherlands 9713 GZ +31 (0)50 361 6161

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.umcg.nl/azg/nl/

ROR

https://ror.org/03cv38k47

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

The Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw) (Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/08/2007		Yes	No