# Is risk prediction possible in head and neck free flap surgery?

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
28/03/2015		<pre>Protocol</pre>		
<b>Registration date</b> 06/05/2015	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		Results		
Last Edited	<b>Condition category</b> Surgery	Individual participant data		
01/05/2015		<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Being able to predict the risk of complications or death associated with surgery is becoming more important because it helps inform patients about the possible outcomes of their operation. It also provides a way to assess how successful a surgeon or hospital unit is. The Physiological and Operative Severity Score for the enUmeration of Mortality and Morbidity (POSSUM) is widely used to calculate risk in general surgery. However, there is currently no way to calculate the risk of Head and Neck Free Flap Surgery (HNFFS) because POSSUM scoring in HNFFS is thought to be not very accurate. This means that doctors cannot provide patients with a personalised percentage risk of complications or death before they have their HNFFS. This study aims to formulate an equation that will enable researchers to develop such a risk calculation.

#### Who can participate?

All patients in South Wales undergoing HNFFS for cancer.

#### What does the study involve?

This study only involves data collection and does not alter a patient's treatment plan in anyway. Data is collected at three points: before surgery, on the day of/during surgery and throughout the hospital stay. Participants are asked to complete various questionnaires related to lifestyle and health history.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The results of the study will not benefit participants directly. However, it will allow future head and neck cancer patients to be given a percentage risk calculation of possible complications and death related to their surgery which might assist in their decision making. There are no side effects or risks to patients.

#### Where is the study run from?

- 1. Morriston Hospital Wales (UK)
- 2. University Hospital Wales (UK)
- 3. Royal Gwent Hospital Wales (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2015 to August 2017

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded (UK)

Who is the main contact? Mr N Scott (UK) NeilThomas.Scott@Wales.nhs.uk

# **Contact information**

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Mr Neil Scott

#### Contact details

Department of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery Morriston Hospital Swansea United Kingdom SA6 6NL

# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Physiological and Operative Severity Score for the enUmeration of Mortality and Morbidity (POSSUM): a tool to predict morbidity & mortality in Head & Neck Free Flap Surgery

#### Acronym

POSSUM in HNFFS

#### **Study objectives**

Risk prediction (morbidity and mortality) is possible in Head and Neck Free Flap Surgery using an adapted Physiological and Operative Severity Score for the enUmeration of Mortality and Morbidity (POSSUM) risk assessment calculation.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Wales REC, 20/04/2015, ref: 15/WA/0136.

#### Study design

Prospective cohort

## Primary study design

Observational

#### Secondary study design

Cohort study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Other

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format. Please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet.

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Risk prediction in patients undergoing free flap reconstruction surgery following oral cancer surgical resection.

#### **Interventions**

- 1. Pre-operative data: age, smoking history; alcohol history; Performance Status questionnaire; Adult Co-morbidity Evaluation (ACE-27); previous surgery to head and neck; previous radiotherapy to head and neck; tumour stage and nodal status.
- 2. Peri-operative data: duration of surgery; type of free flap; blood loss; tracheostomy performed; ischaemic time of free flap.
- 3. Post-operative data: all patient complications are recorded.

#### **Intervention Type**

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

30 day morbidity in head and neck free flap surgery.

#### Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures.

#### Overall study start date

01/10/2014

#### Completion date

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Patients undergoing head and neck free flap surgical reconstruction for oral cancer.

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

300

# Key exclusion criteria

Patients NOT undergoing head and neck free flap surgical reconstruction for oral cancer.

#### Date of first enrolment

03/08/2015

#### Date of final enrolment

04/08/2017

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Wales

# Study participating centre

## Morriston Hospital

Morriston Hospital ABMU Health Board Heol Maes Eglwys Swansea United Kingdom SA6 6NL

## Study participating centre

## **University Hospital Wales**

Heath Park Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW

# Study participating centre Royal Gwent Hospital

Cardiff Road Newport United Kingdom NP20 2UB

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Morriston Hospital

#### Sponsor details

Research and Development Department ABMU Health Board Swansea Wales United Kingdom SA6 6NL

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01p830915

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Other

#### Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

The study will be written up as a full length article and submitted to the British Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery or Head and Neck. It will also be submitted to appropriate conferences for oral presentation.

Intention to publish date 01/01/2018

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No