

# N-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids and obesity

<b>Submission date</b> 26/01/2015	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 20/02/2015	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 08/03/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims:

The mechanisms involved in maintaining homeostasis in the body decrease in obesity. Biomarkers might indicate the early metabolic and proinflammatory consequences of obesity. Bioactive compounds like n-3 PUFAs might prevent the decline in organ function in people who are obese. The aim in this study is to find out whether a combined intervention (diet and n-3 PUFA) alters the metabolic, inflammatory and genetic biomarkers in obese subjects.

Who can participate?

Adults who are and are not obese

What does the study involve?

After a detailed medical examination, all individuals will receive 2 weeks of an adaptation diet. Biochemical estimations (at fasting, postprandial tests, oral glucose and oral lipids tolerance tests and genetic tests) will be performed and then all subjects will be assigned to different diet groups (low calorie or isocaloric diet). Additionally, subjects will be randomly allocated to receive n-3 PUFA or placebo for 3 months. Every 2 weeks all subjects will receive intensive group and individual education about dietary habits. Medical examination and laboratory tests will be done.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The direct benefit for participants is detailed assessment of their health status—medical examination, laboratory tests and ultrasonography (if necessary). There is a very small chance of infection at the site of the insertion of the needle.

Where is the study run from?

Jagiellonian University Medical College (Poland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

From September 2009 to February 2015

Who is funding the study?

European Commission (Belgium)

Who is the main contact?  
Professor Aldona Dembinska-Kiec  
mbkiec@cyf-kr.edu.pl

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Dr Aldona Dembinska-Kiec

**Contact details**  
Kopernika 15a  
Krakow  
Poland  
31501  
+48 12 4214006  
mbkiec@cyf-kr.edu.pl

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Dr Malgorzata Malczewska-Malec

**ORCID ID**  
<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-3522-0711>

**Contact details**  
Kopernika 15a  
Krakow  
Poland  
31-501  
+48 12 4214006  
mbmalec@cyf-kr.edu.pl

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers  
N/A

## Study information

## **Scientific Title**

Caloric restriction and postprandial stress markers in healthy and obese people taking n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids: BIOmarkers of Robustness of Metabolic Homeostasis for Nutrigenomics-derived Health CLAIMS Made on Food

## **Study objectives**

1. The post-prandial metabolic and inflammatory biomarkers will be changed in obese compared with healthy, non-obese subjects.
2. Caloric restriction combined with n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acids (n-3 PUFA) supplementation will diminish the post-prandial metabolic and inflammatory responses.
3. The long-term supplementation with marine n-3 PUFA and low calorie diet will protect people from obesity-related complications.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Jagiellonian University Bioethical Committee, 25/06/2009, KBET/82/B/2009

## **Study design**

Randomised placebo-controlled double-blind single-centre study

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

## **Study setting(s)**

Other

## **Study type(s)**

Prevention

## **Participant information sheet**

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Healthy and obese subjects

## **Interventions**

1. Low calorie diet (1200–1500 kcal/day) or isocaloric diet combined marine n-3 PUFA (1.8 g/day) as oral supplements for 3 months
2. Low calorie diet (1200–1500 kcal/day) or isocaloric diet combined with oral placebo for 3 months

Blood samples will be taken at fasting and during postprandial lipids and glucose tolerance tests before and after the intervention.

## **Intervention Type**

Supplement

### **Primary outcome measure**

1. Changes in metabolic and inflammatory biochemical markers after 3 months of diet and n-3 PUFA supplementation
2. Changes in lipids and glucose metabolism markers during postprandial state in obese patients before and after intervention
3. Changes in expression of genes in peripheral blood mononuclear cells before and after intervention

### **Secondary outcome measures**

1. Changes in serum glucose-dependent insulinotropic peptide during postprandial period and after diet and n-3 PUFA supplementation
2. Changes in osteocalcin serum concentrations after diet and n-3 PUFA supplementation
3. Lipidomic analysis in serum before and after intervention
4. Changes in serum adipokines and cytokines after diet and n-3 PUFA supplementation
5. Association of gene polymorphisms with response to diet and n-3 PUFA supplementation

### **Overall study start date**

01/09/2009

### **Completion date**

28/02/2015

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age 25–65 years old
2. Body-mass index (BMI) 25–40 kg/m<sup>2</sup>
3. Not consuming fish oil or antioxidants
4. Willing to adhere to the study protocol
5. Able to provide written informed consent

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Sex**

Both

### **Target number of participants**

150 subjects

### **Total final enrolment**

48

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Age < 25 years old or > 65 years old
2. BMI < 25 kg/m<sup>2</sup> or > 40 kg/m<sup>2</sup>

3. Diabetes or other endocrine disorders
4. Chronic diseases (e.g., gastrointestinal problems, kidney diseases, liver diseases or cardiovascular problems)
5. Pregnant or planning to become pregnant during the study
6. Use of prescribed medications to control inflammation, blood lipids and glucose
7. Use of fish oil or other diet supplements

**Date of first enrolment**

01/09/2009

**Date of final enrolment**

31/07/2013

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Poland

**Study participating centre**

Jagiellonian University Medical College

Kopernika 15a

Krakow

Poland

31-501

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Jagiellonian University Medical College

**Sponsor details**

Sw Anny 12

Krakow

Poland

30-006

**Sponsor type**

University/education

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/03bqmcz70>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
Government

**Funder Name**  
European Commission (Belgium)

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**  
Planning to submit manuscripts within 1 month and 6 months

**Intention to publish date**  
05/03/2015

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**  
Not provided at time of registration

**IPD sharing plan summary**  
Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>		22/05/2015	15/02/2022	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>		02/09/2021	08/03/2023	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>		16/08/2022	08/03/2023	Yes	No