

The effect of exercise and the immune system on muscle wasting in chronic kidney disease

Submission date 30/10/2017	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 07/11/2017	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 26/04/2021	Condition category Urological and Genital Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Chronic kidney disease (CKD) is a disease that causes the kidneys to stop working as well over time. People with CKD often experience problems with their muscles such as weakness and soreness which can make daily activities, like walking and climbing stairs, more difficult. Our previous research has discovered some reasons why this happens, but we still do not fully understand it. One reason may involve the immune system, which is important in repairing and regenerating our muscles after exercise, but not many studies have investigated the effect of exercise on the muscle of people with CKD. This research is important as we need to find ways to help prevent muscle problems in people with kidney disease. Exercise is an important part of a healthy lifestyle and is increasingly recognized as an important aspect in the treatment of CKD. Resistance exercise is particularly relevant to improving muscle size and strength. However, the response of muscles in people with CKD may be different from the general population. This may result in less benefits, possibly contributing to smaller, weaker muscles. An improved understanding of the response of muscles in CKD patients to exercise will hopefully lead to improved methods of preventing loss of muscle mass and strength, directly improving outcomes for patients. The aim of this study is to investigate the response of muscles in response to exercise.

Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 and older who either have CKD or are healthy.

What does the study involve?

This study has two parts. In the first parts, participants with CKD complete a survey about their experiences of muscle problems and how this affects their day to day life. In the second part, participants with CKD and healthy controls are asked to perform a single exercise session. Exercise will involve resistance exercises of the legs. Participants provide blood and saliva samples as well as small piece of muscle tissue taken before and after the exercise (at four and 48 hours after). Participants are compared to assess the effect on a resistance exercise session on the muscle of CKD patients to healthy individuals.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Benefits to participating include contributing to research that will improve treatment outcomes

for CKD patients, receiving an accurate assessment of strength and a supervised resistance exercise session. Risks of participating are minimal. There is a small risk of muscular injury when exercising, however exercise difficulty will be specific to the individual and participants will not be asked to exercise beyond the point they feel comfortable with. Exercise will also be performed after a warm-up. There is also a small risk of discomfort and infection when performing a muscle biopsy. However, this procedure will be performed under local anaesthetic and in a sterile environment by a trained doctor.

Where is the study run from?
Leicester General Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
October 2017 to December 2018

Who is funding the study?
Kidney Research UK (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Professor Alice Smith
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Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
35952

Study information

Scientific Title

Intramuscular and Inflammatory Response to Acute Exercise in Chronic Disease (I-RACE)

Acronym

I-RACE

Study objectives

This study aims to investigate the mechanisms of skeletal muscle wasting in patients with chronic kidney disease (CKD) and the intramuscular response to acute exercise.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

East Midlands - Derby Research Ethics Committee, 21/10/2017, ref: 17/EM/0357

Study design

Non-randomised; Both; Design type: Treatment, Prevention, Education or Self-Management, Cellular, Psychological & Behavioural, Complex Intervention, Physical, Rehabilitation, Cross-sectional

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic kidney disease

Interventions

This study has 2 separate parts A and B. Part A is a survey. Part B is a single-centre observational /exploratory study involving up to 4 visits over approximately two weeks.

Part A:

Participants with CKD are provided with a survey pack containing four questions to assess:

1. Muscle Wasting
2. Physical Activity
3. Physical Function
4. Symptom Perception

Part B:

Participants and healthy controls undergo a single bout of resistance exercise with measurements before and at two points after, approximately four and 48-hours after. Resistance exercise consists of leg press and leg extension exercise. Blood, saliva and muscle tissue are taken at each measurement point.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

Immune cell populations and phenotype, inflammation, anabolic and catabolic processes, myogenesis and expression of proteins important in the maintenance of muscle mass using flow cytometry, PCR, western blotting and immuno-fluorescent staining is measured using the muscle biopsy samples at baseline, 4 hours post and 48 hours post exercise.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Metabolic and immune function is measured using blood samples at baseline, 4 hours post and 48 hours post exercise
2. Inflammation is measured using blood samples at baseline, 4 hours post and 48 hours post exercise
3. Proteins related to the maintenance of muscle mass are measured using blood samples at baseline, 4 hours post and 48 hours post exercise
4. Oxidative stress is measured using blood samples at baseline, 4 hours post and 48 hours post exercise
5. Immune function is measured using saliva at baseline, 4 hours post and 48 hours post exercise
6. Relationships between muscle wasting, levels of physical activity, physical function and symptoms perceptions are measured using questionnaire responses at baseline, 4 hours post and 48 hours post exercise

Completion date

03/09/2022

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patient inclusion criteria:

Diagnosed CKD patients (eGFR<60ml/min/1.73m²). Renal transplant recipients (RTRs) will also be eligible.

Healthy control inclusion criteria:

Individuals with not diagnosed kidney disease (eGFR>80ml/min/1.73m²).

All participants must be willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Patient exclusion criteria:

1. Age <18 years
2. Female participants who are pregnant, lactating, or planning pregnancy during the course of

the study

3. Scheduled elective surgery or other procedures requiring general anaesthesia during the study
4. Any other significant disease or disorder (i.e. significant co-morbidity including unstable hypertension, potentially lethal arrhythmia, myocardial infarction within 6 months, unstable angina, active liver disease, uncontrolled diabetes mellitus (HbA1c $\geq 9\%$), advanced cerebral or peripheral vascular disease) which, in the opinion of the patient's own clinician, may either put the participants at risk because of participation in the study, or may influence the result of the study, or the participant's ability to participate in the study
5. Inability to give informed consent or comply with testing and training protocol for any reason
6. Individuals who are currently, or have in the past 6 months, used immunosuppressive or anti-inflammatory medication other than that required by renal transplant recipients (RTRs) to prevent graft rejection

Healthy control exclusion criteria:

1. Age <18 years
2. Female participants who are pregnant, lactating, or planning pregnancy during the course of the study
3. Scheduled elective surgery or other procedures requiring general anaesthesia during the study
4. Chronic Kidney Disease (eGFR <80 mL/min/1.73 m²)
5. Any other significant disease or disorder (i.e. significant co-morbidity including unstable hypertension, potentially lethal arrhythmia, myocardial infarction within 6 months, unstable angina, active liver disease, uncontrolled diabetes mellitus (HbA1c $\geq 9\%$), advanced cerebral or peripheral vascular disease)
6. Individuals who are currently, or have in the past 6 months, used immunosuppressive medication
7. Inability to give informed consent for any reason

Date of first enrolment

08/11/2017

Date of final enrolment

02/09/2022

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Leicester General Hospital

Gwendolen Road

Leicester

United Kingdom

LE5 4PW

Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust

ROR

<https://ror.org/02fha3693>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Kidney Research UK (KRUK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication.

IPD sharing plan summary

Other

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	observational results	22/04/2021	26/04/2021	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No