

Preparing fathers for a child's heart surgery: reducing anxiety and building confidence

Submission date 13/11/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 18/11/2025	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 18/11/2025	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

When a child needs heart surgery, it is an extremely stressful time for the whole family. While a lot of support is often available for mothers, fathers are frequently overlooked. Fathers face their own unique challenges, including feeling left out of medical conversations while bearing the weight of family decisions. This study aimed to test a special preparation program designed specifically for fathers. The goal was to see if providing fathers with clear information and support before their child's surgery could help reduce their anxiety and increase their confidence in their ability to care for their child.

Who can participate?

The study involved fathers of children (aged 3 to 7 years) who were scheduled for open-heart surgery at the participating hospital. To take part, fathers needed to be living with their child and spouse, be able to speak Farsi, and have no severe visual, hearing, or speech problems. Fathers who were already experiencing very high levels of anxiety or very low confidence were not eligible, as the study was designed to see if the program could prevent these feelings from developing or worsening.

What does the study involve?

Fathers who agreed to participate were divided into two groups by a method based on their child's hospital file number.

The intervention group took part in a special preparation program before their child's surgery. This program included:

1. A tour of the operating room and intensive care unit.
2. Educational sessions explaining their child's heart condition, the surgery, and what to expect afterwards.
3. Group meetings with other fathers who had been through a similar experience.
4. Learning simple stress-management techniques.
5. Receiving pamphlets and other written information.

The control group received the hospital's standard care, which included routine pre-operative information from nurses, but did not receive the special tours, group sessions, or extra educational materials.

All fathers were asked to complete short questionnaires about their anxiety and confidence

levels at three different times: before any preparation, immediately after the preparation program, and when their child was discharged from the hospital.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

For fathers in the intervention group, the possible benefits included feeling less anxious, more prepared, and more confident in supporting their child and family during a difficult time. There were no expected physical risks from participating. The main potential risk was emotional, as talking about the surgery and visiting clinical areas could be temporarily stressful. However, the program was designed and led by healthcare professionals to provide support in a safe and helpful way.

Where is the study run from?

Children's Medical Center Hospital in Tehran (Iran)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

January 2024 to March 2025

Who is funding the study?

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences (Iran)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Hadi Khoshab, Hadikhoshab@gmail.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific, Public, Principal investigator

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Additional identifiers

Study information

Scientific Title

Exploring the role of fathers' preoperative preparation in reducing anxiety and enhancing self-efficacy before pediatric open-heart surgery

Study objectives

Parents of children undergoing cardiac surgery face significant anxiety. This study evaluated a preoperative preparation program for fathers of children (aged 3–7 years) having open-heart surgery.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 06/12/2023, Research Ethics Committees of the School of Pharmacy and Nursing and Midwifery (Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences, Tehran, 655678958, Iran; +98 (0) 9132425700; Zamaniroya146@gmail.com), ref: IR.SBMU.PHARMACY.REC.1401.193

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Case-control study

Study type(s)

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Anxiety and self-efficacy of fathers of children aged 3 to 7 years undergoing open-heart surgery due to CHD

Interventions

In this semi-experimental study, 60 fathers were randomly assigned to an intervention group (n=30) receiving structured preparation (hospital tours, group counseling, education) or a control group (n=30) receiving standard care. Anxiety and self-efficacy were measured using the VAS-A and PSAM at three timepoints.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

1. Paternal anxiety measured using the Visual Analog Scale for Anxiety (VAS-A) at before the intervention (preoperative/baseline), immediately after the intervention (post-preparation), upon discharge (postoperative)
2. Paternal self-efficacy measured using the Parenting Self-Agency Measure (PSAM) at before the intervention (preoperative/baseline), immediately after the intervention (post-preparation), upon discharge (postoperative)

Key secondary outcome(s)

Completion date

12/03/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Having children with CHD between the ages of 3 and 7 years as candidates for open-heart surgery
2. Able to speak Farsi
3. Not having visual issues, auditory issues, or speech problems
4. Low score in the anxiety and self-efficacy scale
5. Living with a spouse and child in a house

Healthy volunteers allowed

Yes

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

30 years

Upper age limit

50 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

60

Key exclusion criteria

1. Discharge or death of the child
2. Withdrawal of the father from the study

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2024

Date of final enrolment

12/02/2025

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Iran

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

ROR

<https://ror.org/034m2b326>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Funder Name

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

Alternative Name(s)

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences (SBMU), Iran, Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences (Iran), Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences - Iran, , Université des Sciences Médicales de Shahid Beheshti, , Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences Tehran Iran, Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences Tehran, Université des Sciences Médicales de, , , SBUMS

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

Location

Iran

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available