Digestive System

PROFILE - personalised medicine in Crohn's disease

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
30/10/2017	No longer recruiting	[X] Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	[X] Statistical analysis plan
03/11/2017	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

14/03/2024

Crohn's disease is a type of inflammatory bowel disease (IBD) that can affect any part of the intestine. The severity of Crohn's disease varies a lot between different people, and this means that what might be the best treatment for one person may not be appropriate for someone else. This study will see whether a simple blood test ('biomarker') can improve Crohn's disease outcomes and reduce the number of flares experienced by enabling delivery of 'personalised therapy' (that is, treatment tailored to the individual person based on their predicted disease course and severity). All patients enrolled receive established treatments (there are no new drug therapies being trialed – rather, it is the new blood 'biomarker' that is being tested). The aim of this study is to see if the biomarker allows us to choose the right strategy for the right patient at diagnosis, and so improve short-term and long-term outcomes.

Who can participate?

Adults aged 16 to 80 who have been diagnosed with Crohn's disease diagnosed within three months.

What does the study involve?

All participants receive established treatments (there are no new drug therapies being trialed rather, it is the new blood 'biomarker' that is being tested). Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in the first group are treated with a course of 8 infusions of Infliximab ("Top-Down") over the first year together with an additional tablet-based treatment (immunomodulator). This is currently the most effective treatment in Crohn's disease and is usually reserved for patients who have developed severe disease. Those in the second group follow the usual standard of care ("Step-Up"), which may include infliximab if the disease flares recurrently. Participants are assessed to see if the biomarker helps improve their symptoms.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

It is expected that participants will experience relief in their symptoms or an improvement in their disease, as all participants will be receiving active treatment (there are no placebos / dummy drugs being used). There are no notable risks with participating.

Where is the study run from? This study is being run by the Cambridge Clinical Trials Unit and takes place in hospitals in the UK.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2014 to February 2023

Who is funding the study? Wellcome Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact? Mr Francis Dowling francis.dowling@nhs.net

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Mr Francis Dowling

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

35971

Study information

Scientific Title

PRedicting Outcomes For Crohn's disease using a moLecular biomarkEr (PROFILE) trial

Acronym

PROFILE

Study objectives

This study aims to demonstrate that a new 'biomarker' test will allow patients with Crohn's disease to the receive the most appropriate treatment from the time of diagnosis.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

East of England – Cambridge South REC, 02/11/2017, ref: 17/EE/0382

Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Prevention, Other

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Crohn's disease

Interventions

This trial aims to test the prognostic capabilities of a new biomarker. Participants with Crohn's disease are stratified using a biomarker, then randomised to receive either 'Top down' or 'Step up' treatment. All participants are given a course of steroids at their screening visit to ensure no participants is without suitable medication prior to being randomised.

Step up therapy is in line with current standard practice. If patients experience a disease flare following the course of steroids provided at screening, a second course will prescribed. If patients are still not suitably maintained participants continue on to Anti-TNF therapy (Infliximab infusions).

Top down therapy requires participants to start on Anti TNF therapy (Infliximab infusions) two weeks after their baseline/randomisation visit until week 48.

All patients are in the trial and followed up for 48 weeks.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase IV

Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Sustained surgery free remission is measured using questionnaires from steroid induction treatment (screening) through weeks 4, 16, 32 and 48.
- 2. Steroid free remission is measured using questionnaires from steroid induction treatment (screening) through weeks 4, 16, 32 and 48.

The primary outcomes are measured using the sustained surgery and steroid free remission from completion of steroid induction treatment through to week 48 based upon information we collected at each trial time point.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Mucosal healing is measured using local and central reading of colonoscopy and MRE from baseline to week 48.
- 2. Quality of life is measured using the IBDQ questionnaire from screening through weeks 16, 32 and 48.
- 3. Quality of life is measured using the EuroQol questionnaire from screening through weeks 16, 32 and 48.
- 4. Quality of life is measured using the IBDQ questionnaire from screening through weeks 16, 32 and 48.
- 5. Health resource usage is measured using the resource usage questionnaire from screening through weeks 16, 32 and 48.

Secondary outcomes are measured using the local and central reading of colonoscopy/MRE over 1 year and the quality of life assessment (IBDQ) provided over the duration of the study and the patient rated resource usage / quality of life assessment (EuroQol) questionnaires provided over the duration of the study.

Completion date

01/02/2023

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Crohn's disease diagnosed within 3 months* using standard endoscopic, histologic or radiological criteria
- 2. Clinical evidence of active Crohn's disease (corresponding to an HBI > 7)
- 3. Endoscopic evidence of at least moderately active Crohn's disease (corresponding to an SESCD > 6 or > 4 if limited to terminal ileum)
- 4. CRP > upper limit of normal on local assay OR Calprotectin > 200 μg/g
- 5. Immunomodulator and anti-TNFα naïve
- 6. Aged 16-80 years old
- * Patients that have glucocorticoids in this period need to have discontinued this medication prior to screening assessments and still have active disease.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

390

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with ulcerative colitis or indeterminate colitis
- 2. Patients with fistulating peri-anal Crohn's disease or active perianal sepsis
- 3. Patients with obstructive symptoms AND evidence of a fixed stricture on radiology or colonoscopy, which suggest that the subject is at high risk of requiring surgery over the following year. N.B. patients with modest degrees of stricturing on imaging but no obstructive symptoms may be included according to clinician judgement
- 4. Patients with contra-indications to study medications including a history of hepatitis B or C, tuberculosis
- 5. Patients with a history of malignancy
- 6. Patients who are pregnant or breastfeeding at screening
- 7. Other serious medical or psychiatric illness currently on going, or experienced in the last 3 months, that could compromise the study
- 8. Patients unable to comply with protocol requirements (for reasons including alcohol and/or recreational drug abuse)

Date of first enrolment 01/12/2017

Date of final enrolment 15/12/2021

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre Addenbrookes Hospital

Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 000

Study participating centre
Barts and Royal London Hospital
The Royal London Hospital

Whitechapel Road Whitechapel London United Kingdom E1 1BB

Study participating centre Bedford Hospital

Kempston Road Bedford United Kingdom MK42 9DJ

Study participating centre Darlington Memorial Hospital

Hollyhurst Road Darlington United Kingdom DL3 6HX

Study participating centre Derriford Hospital, Plymouth

Derriford Road Crownhill Plymouth United Kingdom PL6 8DH

Study participating centre Epsom General Hospital

Dorking Road Epsom United Kingdom KT18 7EG

Study participating centre Glasgow Royal Infirmary

84 Castle Street Glasgow United Kingdom G4 0SF

Study participating centre New Victoria Hospital, Glasgow

52 Grange Road Glasgow United Kingdom G42 9LF

Study participating centre Gloucestershire Royal Hospital

Great Western Road Gloucestershire Gloucester United Kingdom GL1 3NN

Study participating centre Guy's and St Thomas' Hospital

Westminster Bridge Road Lambeth London United Kingdom SE1 7EH

Study participating centre Hull Royal Infirmary

Hull and East Yorkshire Hospitals NHS Trust Anlaby Road Hull United Kingdom HU3 2JZ

Study participating centre James Paget Hospital, Great Yarmouth

Lowestoft Road Gorleston-on-Sea Great Yarmouth United Kingdom NR31 6LA

Study participating centre John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU

Study participating centre Lincoln County Hospital

Greetwell Road Lincoln United Kingdom LN2 5QY

Study participating centre Luton & Dunstable University Hospital

Lewsey Road Luton United Kingdom LU4 0DZ

Study participating centre Musgrove Park Hospital, Taunton

Parkfield Drive Taunton United Kingdom TA1 5DA

Study participating centre New Queen Elizabeth Hospital Birmingham

Mindelsohn Way Edgbaston Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2GW

Study participating centre Ninewells Hospital Dundee

United Kingdom DD1 9SY

Study participating centre Norfolk and Norwich Hospital

Colney Lane Norwich United Kingdom NR4 7UY

Study participating centre Nottingham City Hospital

Hucknall Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG5 1PB

Study participating centre Royal Blackburn Hospital

Haslingden Road Blackburn United Kingdom BB2 3HH

Study participating centre Royal Bournemouth Hospital

Castle Lane E Bournemouth United Kingdom BH7 7DW

Study participating centre Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital, Wonford

Barrack Road Exeter United Kingdom EX2 5DW

Study participating centre

Royal Hampshire County Hospital

Romsey Road Winchester United Kingdom SO22 5DG

Study participating centre Royal Liverpool Hospital

Prescot Street Liverpool United Kingdom L7 8XP

Study participating centre Royal Sussex County Hospital

Barry Building Eastern Road Brighton United Kingdom BN2 5BE

Study participating centre Royal Victoria Infirmary, Newcastle

Queen Victoria Road Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE1 4LP

Study participating centre Royal Wolverhampton NHS Trust

West Midlands United Kingdom WV10 0QP

Study participating centre Russells Hall Hospital

Pesnett Road Dudley United Kingdom DY1 2HQ

Study participating centre Southampton General Hospital

Tremona Road Southampton United Kingdom SO16 6YD

Study participating centre St George's Hospital

Blackshaw Road London United Kingdom SW17 0QT

Study participating centre St Mark's Hospital

Watford Road Middlesex Harrow United Kingdom HA1 3UJ

Study participating centre St Mary's Hospital, London

Praed Street London United Kingdom W2 1NY

Study participating centre The Cumberland Infirmary

Newtown Road Carlisle United Kingdom CA2 7HY

Study participating centre Torbay Hospital

Newton Road

Torquay United Kingdom TQ2 7AA

Study participating centre University College Hospital

235 Euston Road Bloomsbury London United Kingdom NW1 2BU

Study participating centre University Hospital of Wales, Cardiff

Heath Park Way Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW

Study participating centre Watford General Hospital

Vicarage Road Watford United Kingdom WD18 0HB

Study participating centre Western General Hospital

Crewe Rd S Edinburgh United Kingdom EH4 2XU

Study participating centre Wythenshawe Hospital

Southmoor Road Wythenshawe Manchester United Kingdom M23 9LT

Sponsor information

Organisation

Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

ROR

https://ror.org/04v54gj93

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Wellcome Trust

Alternative Name(s)

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

International organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the trial are currently unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		21/02/2024	26/02/2024	Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	05/12/2018	04/11/2019	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No

Participant information sheet	version V2	20/10/2017	03/11/2017 No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes
Statistical Analysis Plan	version 3	17/08/2023	14/03/2024 No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes