

A multicenter randomized clinical study of using a three-dimensional printed patient personalized titanium plate in jaw surgery

Submission date 21/05/2022	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 06/06/2022	Overall study status Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 26/06/2024	Condition category Surgery	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Jaw surgeries commonly use a titanium alloy for bone fixation for many characteristics such as its light weight, high strength, corrosion resistance and good biocompatibility. The most commonly used plates for bone fixation are commercially available and are produced and casted according to the fixed shape of the mold, but the irregular shapes of jaw bone surfaces make these commercially available plates unable to completely fit to the contour of different bone surfaces and need bending to get an appropriate approximation between the bone parts. Plate bending wastes operation time, increases the operation risk and sheds off the protective surface of the titanium plate. Therefore, the construction of 3D-printed patient personalized titanium plates will overcome such problems in bone fixation. The aim of this study is to assess using a 3D-printed patient personalized titanium plate in jaw surgery.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18-45 years with dentofacial (teeth/face) deformities requiring jaw surgery

What does the study involve?

The patients are randomly divided into the 3D printed personalized titanium plate group and the commercial titanium plate group. The follow-up for the treatment is 6 months after the jaw correction surgery and at the end of the sixth month the patients will be admitted for the removal of the titanium plates.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is evidence that 3D-printed personalized titanium plates can improve the accuracy of jaw surgery, reduces the operation time and minimizes risks during the operation. The participants' condition may or may not improve moreover or there may be the following risks and discomfort. Although the titanium alloy material in this study has been tested in animals to ensure the safety of the product before its use in a clinical trial, uncertainty still exists regarding its clinical effects. Risks associated with the surgery include swelling, general rejection, local infection and inflammation, and wound dehiscence (separation of the edges of a surgical wound).

Where is the study run from?

West China Hospital of Stomatology, Sichuan University (China)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

January 2020 to June 2024

Who is funding the study?

West China Hospital of Stomatology, Sichuan University (China)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Wael Telha

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Contact information

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

LCYJ2020-YF-1, ChiCTR2200060289

Study information

Scientific Title

A prospective, multicenter, randomized, clinical controlled trial of using a three-dimensional printed patient personalized titanium plate in orthognathic surgery

Study objectives

This study is designed to compare the effect of using a 3D printed personalized titanium plate and commercially available titanium plates in orthognathic surgery on the operation time and the accuracy of post-operative bone positioning.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 24/06/2020, Medical Ethics Committee, West China Hospital of stomatology, Sichuan University (Hospital Management Office, West China Medical Center, Building 1, West China East Campus, no. 28 South Telecom Street, Wuhou District, Chengdu, China; +86 (0)28-85503401; yxglc@scu.edu.cn), ref: not provided

Study design

Prospective randomized multi-center interventional clinical trial study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

<https://www.mediafire.com/file/xyg8murfzhhbjhr2/Participant+Information+Booklet+V03+English+Version.pdf/file>

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Management of dentofacial deformities through an orthognathic surgical intervention

Interventions

A prospective, randomized multi-center clinical trial study planned to compare the accuracy of bone positioning following orthognathic surgery between 3D printed personalized titanium plates patient group and traditionally available titanium plates. The patients are randomly divided into the 3D printed personalized titanium plate group and the commercial titanium plate group. This study could not be blinded to surgeons, but the participants and evaluators are blinded. The follow-up for the treatment is 6 months after the jaw correction surgery and at the end of the sixth month the patients will be admitted for the removal of the titanium plates.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Phase I

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

3D-printed personalized titanium plates

Primary outcome measure

The accuracy of using 3D printed titanium plates through evaluation of the post-operative CT scan with the pre-operative 3D planning using a 3D Slicer software program

Secondary outcome measures

Current secondary outcome measures as of 05/06/2024:

Long-term stability of the 3d printed personalized plates used in orthognathic surgery Any abnormalities related to the use of 3D plating were assessed using a blood sample before and after the surgery

Previous secondary outcome measures:

Any abnormalities related to the use of 3D plating assessed using a blood sample before and after the surgery

Overall study start date

01/01/2020

Completion date

30/06/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients with dentofacial malformations requiring orthognathic surgery
2. Aged 18-45 years
3. Willing to participate in the clinical study and sign informed consent of meeting the above-mentioned criteria

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

45 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patient with maxillofacial deformities secondary to cleft lip and palate, tumor, trauma and other congenital factors
2. Patients with syndromes such as hemifacial microsomia, first and second arch syndrome, etc
3. Patients who had undergone previous jaw surgery

Date of first enrolment

20/07/2022

Date of final enrolment

20/01/2024

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

China

Study participating centre

West China Hospital of Stomatology, Sichuan University

No. 14, Section 3

Ren Min Nan Road

Chengdu

China

610041

Study participating centre

Hospital of Stomatology, Jilin University

1500 Qinghua Road

Chaoyang District

Changchun

China

130021

Study participating centre

Shenzhen University Affiliated Shenzhen Stomatological Hospital

No. 1098, Xueyuan Avenue, Xili University Town

Shenzhen

China

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Sponsor information

Organisation

West China Hospital of Stomatology, Sichuan University

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<https://hxxkq.org/Html/News/Main/220.html>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

West China Hospital of Stomatology, Sichuan University

Results and Publications**Publication and dissemination plan**

The team of this project is planning to publish the results in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

Intention to publish date

01/02/2020

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published as a supplement to the results publication

IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
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Participant information sheet	version 3	31/05/2022	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	version 3	31/05/2022	No	Yes
Protocol file		31/05/2022	No	No
Statistical Analysis Plan		06/06/2024	No	No
Basic results	Primary outcome measure	26/06/2024	No	No
Dataset	Primary outcome measure	26/06/2024	No	No