

# A randomised double-blind placebo-controlled trial of Fosphenytoin for prevention of seizures in children with acute non-traumatic encephalopathies

<b>Submission date</b> 11/01/2005	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 22/07/2005	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 06/02/2015	<b>Condition category</b> Signs and Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Dr Charles Newton

### Contact details

Neurosciences Unit  
Mecklenburgh Square  
University College London  
London  
United Kingdom  
WC1N 2AP  
+44 (0)20 7837 7618  
[cnewton@ich.ucl.ac.uk](mailto:cnewton@ich.ucl.ac.uk)

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

## Secondary identifying numbers

SSC 819

# Study information

## Scientific Title

A randomised double-blind placebo-controlled trial of Fosphenytoin for prevention of seizures in children with acute non-traumatic encephalopathies

## Acronym

FOSCOM - FOSphenytoin in non-traumatic COMa

## Study objectives

Seizures in acute encephalopathies are associated with neuro-cognitive impairment following recovery. Prevention of the seizures (which may manifest as convulsions, abnormal motor posturing or electrographic seizures) during the acute illness may improve the neuro-cognitive outcome.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

Prevention

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acute non-traumatic encephalopathies

## Interventions

This is a double blind randomised controlled trial to evaluate the safety and efficacy of a single intramuscular (im) injection of Fosphenytoin, 20 mg Phenytoin equivalents/kg in children with acute non-traumatic encephalopathies, given at admission to prevent seizures and abnormal motor posturing during stay in hospital and neuro-cognitive deficits assessed at three and 24 months. The control intervention is a placebo of normal saline.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Fosphenytoin

**Primary outcome measure**

1. The proportion of patients with clinical or electrographic seizures after intervention
2. The proportion of patients with abnormal motor posturing after intervention
3. The proportion of patients with neuro-cognitive deficits three months after discharge

**Secondary outcome measures**

1. Mortality in either group
2. Proportion of children who develop status epilepticus after intervention
3. Frequency and types of adverse events
4. Mean duration of seizures that occur after the intervention
5. Changes in cerebral blood flow velocity in the middle cerebral artery during seizure episodes
6. Time to regain full consciousness
7. Duration of hospitalisation
8. Neurocognitive deficits at 24 months

The sample of 500 (i.e. 250 in each arm) has a 90% power at 5% level of significance to detect the following changes after allowing for a 20% loss to follow up and death:

- a. A 50% reduction (from 27 to 13.5%) in patients with at least one seizure lasting more than five minutes or more than three seizures of any duration
- b. A 50% reduction (from 34 to 17%) in patients who will develop abnormal motor posturing
- c. A 50% reduction in cognitive impairment from 24 to 12% as measured by Evoked Response Potentials (ERP).

An interim analysis is planned after 200 children have been recruited into the trial.

**Overall study start date**

28/12/2004

**Completion date**

31/12/2009

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Children who are unable to localise a painful stimulus 30 minutes after a seizure or correction of hypoglycaemia
2. Written informed consent from the parents or guardian
3. Age 9 months to 13 years

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Child

**Lower age limit**

9 Months

**Upper age limit**

13 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

500

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Children with a history of epilepsy, significant developmental delay, cerebral palsy, or sickle cell disease
2. Children who would have received phenytoin for treatment of seizures before recruitment
3. Evidence of head trauma

**Date of first enrolment**

28/12/2004

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2007

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

England

Kenya

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

University College London

London

United Kingdom

WC1N 2AP

**Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

University College London (UK)

**Sponsor details**

Institute of Child Health  
30 Guilford Street  
London  
England  
United Kingdom  
WC1N1EH

**Sponsor type**

University/education

**Website**

<http://www.ich.ucl.ac.uk>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/02jx3x895>

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

Charity

**Funder Name**

Wellcome Trust

**Alternative Name(s)****Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

International organizations

**Location**

United Kingdom

**Results and Publications****Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

## **Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

### **IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration