

Effects of nutrition counselling and unconditional cash transfer on child growth and family food security in internally displaced person camps in Somalia

Submission date 09/02/2022	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 25/03/2022	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 25/03/2022	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

In Somalia child malnutrition is common. Malnutrition is a lack of proper nutrition, caused by not having enough to eat, not eating enough of the right things, or being unable to use the food that one does eat.

Caregivers have little knowledge and practices on infant and child nutrition. Humanitarian and government institutions are trying interventions to reduce child malnutrition. This study aims to improve child malnutrition through providing nutrition counselling and cash to caregivers of young children.

Who can participate?

Caregivers with children aged six months up to five years who had mild or moderate malnutrition.

What does the study involve?

Participants were randomly allocated to receive nutrition counselling (NC) alone or in combination with unconditional cash transfer UCT (NC+UCT). These were compared with a control group that have not received neither of the interventions.

Participants received NC during one-to-two hour weekly NC sessions for 12 weeks. Each counselling session was attended by 20-22 caregivers. Eight trained community nutrition volunteers (CNVs) provided all of the sessions.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits including improvement of child malnutrition and families food security. There are no known risks.

Where is the study run from?

Save the Children International, Somalia Country Office

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
November 2016 to February 2019

Who is funding the study?
Global Affairs Canada
Federal Foreign Office (FFO) – Berlin (Germany)

Who is the main contact?
Mohamed Khalid Ali, mki@du.se

Contact information

Type(s)
Principal Investigator

Contact name
Mr Mohamed Kalid Ali

ORCID ID
<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0119-5394>

Contact details
Shariqa Road
Garowe
Somalia
-
+252 907791671
mki@du.se

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number
Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number
Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers
Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title
Effects of nutrition counselling and unconditional cash transfer on child growth and family food security in internally displaced person camps in Somalia – A quasi-experimental study

Acronym

Nil known

Study objectives

Unconditional cash transfer coupled with nutrition counselling improves nutrition in children under-five

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 27/01/2018, Research and Ethics Review Committee of the Federal Ministry of Health (Ministry of Health, Somalia; +252 612375800; hash4@hotmail.com), ref: MoH & HS/DGO/0129

Study design

Interventional randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Community

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Child malnutrition

Interventions

The intervention consisted of nutrition counselling (NC) alone or in combination with unconditional cash transfer UCT (NC+UCT) on caregivers with under-five children. These were compared with a control group that have not received neither of the interventions. The NC sessions were based on the UNICEF/WHO IYCF guidelines. Participants received NC during one-to-two hour weekly NC sessions for 12 weeks. Each counselling session was attended by 20-22 caregivers. Eight trained community nutrition volunteers (CNVs) provided all of the sessions. The CNVs had undergone training provided by Save the Children and had previously conducted counselling sessions and nutrition assessments.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

Wasting measured using WHZ at baseline and follow up (19 months)

Secondary outcome measures

1. WAZ (underweight) measured at baseline and follow up (19 months)
2. HAZ (stunting) measured at baseline and follow up (19 months)
3. Household food security indicators such as the household and child dietary diversity scores, household food consumption score, household hunger scale, minimum child dietary diversity score and household expenses measured at baseline and follow up (19 months)

Overall study start date

19/11/2016

Completion date

28/02/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Caregivers with children aged six months to five years who had mild or moderate malnutrition.

Participant type(s)

Mixed

Age group

Mixed

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

523 Caregivers and 818 Children

Total final enrolment

255

Key exclusion criteria

Caregivers having children with severe acute malnutrition ($WHZ < -3$) and apparent health problems were excluded and referred to the nearest health facility for further screening and treatment.

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2017

Date of final enrolment

30/07/2017

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Somalia

Study participating centre
Save the Children International, Somalia Country Office
Airport Road
Mogadishu
Somalia
-

Sponsor information

Organisation
Save the Children International

Sponsor details
Airport Road
Mogadishu
Somalia
KM4
+252 617700084
mohamud.mohamedhassan@savethechildren.org

Sponsor type
Charity

Website
<https://somalia.savethechildren.net>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
Global Affairs Canada

Alternative Name(s)
Affaires mondiales Canada, GAC, AMC

Funding Body Type
Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype
National government

Location

Canada

Funder Name

Federal Foreign Office (FFO) – Berlin

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

09/02/2022

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from the corresponding author Mr. Mohamed Kalid, mki@du.se. Consent was obtained from the patient, data will be anonymized

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request