Reproductive function in teenage and young adult cancer survivors

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
09/01/2023	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
03/03/2023	Ongoing	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
08/05/2025	Cancer	[X] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The treatment of cancer in young people is increasingly turning from focusing purely on survival to recognition of the long-term effects of treatment on subsequent quality of life. These issues are extremely important to patients and all involved in their care. In a recent UK research priority-setting initiative, research into the consequences of cancer was rated as a top priority by patients, their families, and healthcare professionals. That cancer treatment, including cytotoxic therapies, radiotherapy and surgery has adverse effects on fertility has long been recognised. In the ovary, chemotherapeutic agents affect growing follicles resulting in amenorrhea and in the longer-term loss of fertility and premature ovarian insufficiency (POI). For males, sperm counts can be very low after treatment, but in some there can be full or partial recovery.

Who can participate?

Any patient aged 13-25 years old with a new cancer diagnosis or presenting with a recurrence of cancer that requires treatment

What does the study involve?

A single blood sample and data collection are conducted at baseline, and 1-, 2-, 3- and 5-year follow-up. Where possible, the study visits will coincide with a clinical visit.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Patients will not benefit from participating in the study. As this is an observational study, no adverse events are expected. There is a risk of minor bruising after a blood sample is taken.

Where is the study run from? University of Edinburgh (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2021 to January 2027

Who is funding the study? Medical Research Council (UK)

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal investigator

Contact name

Prof Richard A Anderson

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7495-518X

Contact details

Professor of Clinical Reproductive Science Centre for Reproductive Health Institute of Regeneration & Repair University of Edinburgh 4-5 Little France Drive Edinburgh United Kingdom EH16 4UU +44 (0) 131 242 2694 richard.anderson@ed.ac.uk

Type(s)

Public, Scientific

Contact name

Mrs Audrey Kuchnowski

Contact details

Centre for Reproductive Health Institute of Regeneration & Repair University of Edinburgh 4-5 Little France Drive Edinburgh United Kingdom EH16 4UU +44 (0)131 242 2669 audrey.kuchnowski@ed.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

285290

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

CPMS 49696, IRAS 285290

Study information

Scientific Title

Reproductive function in teenage and young adult cancer patients in the UK

Acronym

The PROTECT study

Study objectives

This study will undertake an analysis of the effects of cancer treatments on reproductive function in teenagers and young adults (TYA) to address the hypothesis that cancer diagnosis, cancer treatment and age at treatment affect fertility-related biomarkers and hence long-term fertility/reproductive health in survivors. This is a multi-centre clinical prospective observational cohort study open to clinical centres directly involved in the care of TYA (aged 13-25) with cancer. Previous studies are retrospective thus assessing historical treatments, and mostly rely on questionnaire-based self-reported outcomes, introducing the opportunity for bias and inaccuracy. Additionally, there is a need for data specific to this post-pubertal age group, distinct from children.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 19/07/2021, South West - Frenchay Research Ethics Committee (Ground Floor, Temple Quay House, 2 The Square Bristol, BS1 6PN, UK; +44 (0)207 104 837; frenchay.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 21/SW/0039

Study design

Prospective observational cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer and reproductive health

Interventions

This is a multi-centre clinical prospective observational cohort study open to all clinical centres directly involved in the care of teenage and young adults (aged 13-25 years) with cancer.

Potentially eligible patients will be identified by the research team and/or clinical team looking after them. After an initial assessment, potentially eligible patients will be assessed for study inclusion by the assessing clinician and/or member of the research team. If the patient fulfils the study eligibility criteria and is deemed to be competent and have the capacity to consent, an appropriately delegated member of the study team will take written informed consent. It will be documented in the patient's medical notes that they were deemed eligible and capable of providing written informed consent. There will be the option for parents/guardians to provide consent on behalf of those patients who are eligible and willing to take part in the study but are not capable of providing written informed consent.

The study aims to recruit 1000 participants over a period of 5 years, approx. equally males and females.

Participants' demographics, clinical data including PMH, diagnosis information, treatment information and biological samples will be collected locally at study sites at the following timepoints: baseline, one year after diagnosis and annually thereafter for five years (in the first instance with the intention to extend follow-up). An additional blood sample will be obtained as part of the study to measure anti-Mullerian hormone (AMH) in serum (in females) and Inhibin B in serum (in males). These samples will be transported to the lead site (Edinburgh) for storage and analysis.

This study is proposed in collaboration with the Teenage and Young Adult CSG of the National Cancer Research Institute (NCRI). The NCRI is a UK-wide partnership which promotes collaboration in cancer research. Study documentation will be reviewed by the Teenage and Young Adult group of the National Cancer Research Institute (NCRI).

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome(s)

Prevalence of reproductive failure and of gonadal dysfunction measured using diagnosis /treatment regimen at 2 years after diagnosis

Key secondary outcome(s))

Current secondary outcome measures as of 08/05/2025:

Uptake of fertility preservation services, and long-term reproductive outcomes including ongoing ovulation/spermatogenesis, conception, age at menopause, and the need for hormone replacement. The prevalence of reproductive failure and of gonadal dysfunction by diagnosis /treatment regimen at 1 and 5 years after diagnosis. A blood sample is collected at baseline, and 1-, 2-, 3- and 5-year follow-up. In females, anti-Mullerian hormone (AMH) levels will be measured in serum, data will be analysed in conjunction with follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), luteinizing hormone (LH) and estradiol (E2) levels. For males, Inhibin B will be measured in serum. Inhibin B data will be analysed in conjunction with FSH/LH/testosterone levels.

Previous secondary outcome measures:

Uptake of fertility preservation services, and long-term reproductive outcomes including ongoing ovulation/spermatogenesis, conception, age at menopause, and the need for hormone replacement. The prevalence of reproductive failure and of gonadal dysfunction by diagnosis

/treatment regimen at 1 and 3 years after diagnosis. A blood sample is collected at baseline, and 1-, 2- and 3-year follow-up. In females, anti-Mullerian hormone (AMH) levels will be measured in serum, data will be analysed in conjunction with follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH), luteinizing hormone (LH) and estradiol (E2) levels. For males, Inhibin B will be measured in serum. Inhibin B data will be analysed in conjunction with FSH/LH/testosterone levels.

Completion date

31/03/2030

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 28/01/2025:

- 1. Willing and able to provide written informed consent (including by parent/guardian where appropriate)
- 2. Aged 13-25 years
- 3. First cancer diagnosis or relapse of same diagnosis
- 4. Requires cancer treatment with targeted, immunological and cell-based therapies (surgery, chemotherapy and radiotherapy are permitted if part of this treatment or if the initial treatment plan changes)

Previous inclusion criteria:

- 1. Willing and able to provide written informed consent (including by parent/guardian where appropriate).
- 2. Aged 13-25 years old
- 3. First cancer diagnosis
- 4. Requires cancer treatment (surgery, chemotherapy including targeted therapies, radiotherapy, bone marrow transplant).

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

13 years

Upper age limit

25 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

532

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Inability to provide informed consent
- 2. Does not require cancer treatment
- 3. Where treatment is not given with the intention of cure or long-term survival

Date of first enrolment

28/01/2022

Date of final enrolment

30/12/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre Addenbrookes Hospital

Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre St James's University Hospital

Beckett Street Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

Study participating centre John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU

Study participating centre Gartnavel Royal Hospital

1055 Great Western Road Glasgow United Kingdom G12 0XH

Study participating centre Queens Medical Centre

Derby Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG7 2UH

Study participating centre University College London Hospital

250 Euston Road London United Kingdom NW1 2PG

Study participating centre Cambridge University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Cambridge Biomedical Campus Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre Queen Elizabeth Hospital

Mindelsohn Way Edgbaston Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2GW

Study participating centre Royal Sussex County Hospital

Eastern Road

Brighton United Kingdom BN2 5BE

Study participating centre University Hospitals Bristol and Weston NHS Foundation Trust

Trust Headquarters Marlborough Street Bristol United Kingdom BS1 3NU

Study participating centre Cardiff & Vale University Lhb

Woodland House Maes-y-coed Road Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4HH

Study participating centre Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital

Barrack Road Exeter United Kingdom EX2 5DW

Study participating centre Royal Marsden Hospital

Fulham Road London United Kingdom SW3 6JJ

Study participating centre Sheffield Children's Hospital

Western Bank Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2TH

Study participating centre Northern General Hospital

Herries Road Sheffield United Kingdom S5 7AU

Study participating centre James Cook University Hospital

Marton Road Middlesbrough United Kingdom TS4 3BW

Study participating centre Southampton General Hospital

Tremona Road Southampton United Kingdom SO16 6YD

Study participating centre Bristol Haematology & Oncology Centre

Horfield Road Bristol United Kingdom BS2 8ED

Study participating centre Bristol Royal Hospital for Children

Paul O'Gorman Building St Michaels Hill Bristol United Kingdom BS2 8BJ

Study participating centre Castle Hill Hospital

Castle Road

Cottingham United Kingdom HU16 5JQ

Study participating centre Churchill Hospital

Old Road Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7LE

Study participating centre Derriford Hospital

Derriford Road Plymouth United Kingdom PL6 8DH

Study participating centre Freeman Road Hospital

Freeman Road High Heaton Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE7 7DN

Study participating centre Great North Children's Hospital, (Royal Victoria Infirmary)

Victoria Wing Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE1 4LP

Study participating centre Leeds Children's Hospital

Leeds General Infirmary Clarendon Wing Great George Street Leeds United Kingdom LS1 3EX

Study participating centre Nottingham University Hospitals - City Campus

Nottingham City Hospital Hucknall Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG5 1PB

Study participating centre Royal Hospital for Children and Young People

50 Little France Crescent Edinburgh Lothian United Kingdom EH16 4TJ

Study participating centre St. Bartholomews Hospital

West Smithfield London United Kingdom EC1A 7BE

Study participating centre Beatson West of Scotland Cancer Centre

1053 Great Western Road Glasgow United Kingdom G12 0YN

Study participating centre Christie Hospital

Wilmslow Road Manchester United Kingdom M20 4BX

Study participating centre University Hospital of Wales

Heath Park Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW

Study participating centre Weston Park Hospital

The University of Sheffield Whitham Rd Broomhall Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2SJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Edinburgh and NHS Lothian

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research council

Funder Name

Medical Research Council

Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Professor Anderson, including anonymised IPD, from credentialed academic researchers

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 11/11/2025 No Yes