# How do two types of intense exercise affect a brain neurotrophic factor?

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>
03/07/2025	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	<ul><li>Statistical analysis plan</li></ul>
03/07/2025	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
03/07/2025	Other	[X] Record updated in last year

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Exercise is linked to neuroplasticity, our brain's ability to adapt to different environments and experiences. When we exercise, various brain health protective neurotrophic factors are released that improve brain functioning and health. Therefore, it is important to research the optimal exercise protocols, in terms of intensity, type and goal, to promote this neuroplasticity. This study aimed to test two high-intensity exercise protocols and how they affect a specific neurotrophic factor, brain-derived neurotrophic factor, as well as lactate concentration (an indicator of fatigue and metabolism).

Who can participate?

Young healthy adults aged 20-30 years, with both females and males included

# What does the study involve?

Participants were randomly allocated into three groups. One experimental exercise group completed a 15-minute high-intensity protocol, while another one had a 15-minute maximum intensity protocol. The control group watched a 15-minute educational video. Brain-derived neurotrophic factor was measured in saliva with participants passively drooling into a specific tube. Lactate concentration was measured from capillary blood.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is a possibility that the exercise will be tiring or cause physical or psychological fatigue. The tests can cause psychological fatigue. During the exercise, heart rate will be monitored to control the intensity, and a team of sports scientists will be present to monitor the process and stop the study if necessary. The risk will be reduced by warming up so that the exercise load increases gradually.

Where is the study run from?

Sports Physiology Laboratory, Faculty of Biology, University of Latvia (Latvia)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? November 2023 to February 2025 Who is funding the study? We acknowledge the donation of SIA "Mikrotīkls" (MikroTik) administered by the University of Latvia Foundation, project no. 2322

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# Contact information

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# Additional identifiers

# Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

# ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

### Protocol serial number

Nil known

# Study information

### Scientific Title

Effects of high-intensity training and reduced exertion high-intensity training on brain-derived neurotrophic factor: a block randomized controlled trial

# **Study objectives**

H1: Lactate and brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) will increase after acute exercise, compared to baseline, but will not increase in the control group.

H2: Brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) will increase with increased lactate.

Q1: Will the reduced-exertion high-intensity training (REHIT) load lead to a higher BDNF post-exercise increase than high-intensity training (HIIT)?

# Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

# Ethics approval(s)

approved 12/01/2024, Life science and medicine scientific research ethics committee of the University of Latvia (Raiṇa bulvāris 19, Riga, LV-1586, Latvia; +371 (0)67033881; lu@lu.lv), ref: No. 71-35/2

# Study design

Three-group pre-post block randomized controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Study type(s)

Efficacy

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acute exercise effect on brain-derived neurotrophic factor

### Interventions

Block randomization was used to assign participants to three groups. One experimental exercise group completed a 15-minute HIIT protocol, while another one had a 15-minute REHIT protocol, and the control group watched a 15-minute educational video.

# Intervention Type

Behavioural

# Primary outcome(s)

Brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) measured in saliva using an ELISA kit pre-exercise and directly after the main part of the exercise (before cooldown)

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Lactate measured pre-exercise and directly after the main part of the exercise (before cooldown)
- 2. Glucose measured pre-exercise and directly after the main part of the exercise (before cooldown)

Both measured in capillary blood samples using a Biosen Lactate and Glucose Analyser

# Completion date

12/02/2025

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Young adults, aged 20 30 years, without any medical conditions that would limit their ability to exercise
- 2. No colourblind vision, as some of the cognitive tests (not included in the analysis) were in various colour forms
- 3. Non-smokers
- 4. Exercise up to three times a week.

# Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

# Age group

Adult

# Lower age limit

20 years

# Upper age limit

30 years

### Sex

All

# Total final enrolment

60

# Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Athletes
- 2. People who have health conditions that do not allow them to exercise

# Date of first enrolment

11/03/2024

### Date of final enrolment

# Locations

# Countries of recruitment

Latvia

# Study participating centre Sports Physiology Laboratory, Faculty of Biology, University of Latvia Jelgavas iela 1, Zemgales priekšpilsēta Riga Latvia LV-1004

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

University of Latvia

# **ROR**

https://ror.org/05g3mes96

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

# **Funder Name**

SIA "Mikrotīkls" (MikroTik)

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study will be published as a supplement to the results publication.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

# **Study outputs**

Output type

Details

Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 No

Yes