The Danish Cardiovascular Screening Trial (DANCAVAS)

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registeredProtocol		
11/03/2015				
Registration date	Overall study status	[X] Statistical analysis plan		
21/03/2015	Ongoing	[X] Results		
Last Edited 14/05/2024	Condition category Circulatory System	[] Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The significant increase in the average lifespan has resulted in an increase in medical and community resources needed to manage serious age-related diseases, such as cancer and cardiovascular disease (for example, heart disease and stroke). Routine medical checks by general practitioners are often not sufficient to identify a person developing cardiovascular disease. In this study, we aim to

investigate whether advanced cardiovascular screenings will prevent cardiovascular events (such as a heart attack), and whether the possible health benefits are cost effective.

Who can participate?

Danish men aged between 65-74 years living in the Island of Fyn, and the communities of Vejle and Silkeborg in Denmark

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated into one of two groups. Those in group 1 are invited to attend an advanced cardiovascular screening examination. The screening includes detecting coronary artery disease and aneurysms (via the use of CT scans), blood pressure tests, tests to check heart rhythm and tests to check for high cholesterol levels and diabetes. Biological samples will be performed for biomarker and translational research. Participants in group 2 (control) receive their usual medical care and are not offered an advanced cardiovascular screening examination.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

For participants in group 1 found to be developing cardiovascular disease, preventive actions, including medical treatment and possibly surgery, will be taken.

Where is the study run from?

Four hospital sites in the Island of Fyn, Vejle and Silkeborg (Denmark)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2014 to January 2026

Who is funding the study? Region of Southern Denmark Research Group

Who is the main contact? Professor Jes Lindholt

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Dr Jes Lindholt

Contact details

Department of Cardiothoracic and Vascular Surgery T Odense Denmark 5000

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT03946410

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

The Danish Cardiovascular Screening Trial (DANCAVAS): a large population-based randomized clinical multicenter trial testing combo cardiovascular screening in men aged 65-74 years

Acronym

DANCAVAS

Study objectives

The primary hypothesis is that the offer of an extensive circulatory screening and intervention programme fulfills the WHO criteria for screening especially concerning the significance of the diseases, the treatment benefits, and the cost effectiveness.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Southern Denmark Region Committee on Biomedical Research Ethics (S-20140028) and the Data Protection Agency

Study design

Randomized, clinical controlled, interventional multicentre trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Screening

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular disease

Interventions

Half of the study participants are randomised to the usual care without any screening (control group), while the other half of participants are invited to a screening and intervention programme that measures traditional risk factors, CAC, aneurysms, and PAD (screening group) and offer general cardiovascular prevention in case of positive finding.

Intervention Type

Mixed

Primary outcome measure

All cause mortality

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Costs and cost effectiveness after 3, 5 and 10 years to assess possible health and/or societal benefits of the screening.
- 2. Nationwide registry based information on health care consumption including contacts to GP and use of drugs, as well as hospital submissions.

Overall study start date

01/01/2014

Completion date

01/01/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Danish men aged 65-74 years old living in the Island of Fyn, and the communities of Vejle and Silkeborg in Denmark.

Participant type(s)

All

Age group

Senior

Lower age limit

65 Years

Upper age limit

74 Years

Sex

Male

Target number of participants

45000

Total final enrolment

47322

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Women
- 2. Men younger than 65 years

Date of first enrolment

01/10/2014

Date of final enrolment

01/05/2017

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Denmark

Study participating centre Odense University Hospital

Sdr. Boulevard 29 5000 Odense C Denmark 5000

Vejle Sygehus

Kabbeltoft 25 Vejle Denmark 7100

Study participating centre Regionshospitalet Silkeborg

Falkevej 3 Silkeborg Denmark 8600

Sponsor information

Organisation

The Region of Southern Denmark

Sponsor details

Damhaven 12 Vejle Denmark 7100

Sponsor type

Government

ROR

https://ror.org/0290a6k23

Funder(s)

Funder type

Not defined

Funder Name

Region of Southern Denmark Research Group (Region Syddanmarks Forskningspulje (Denmark))

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The entire study population, the controls as well as the screening group, will be monitored for a period of 10 years. The primary efficiency variable is overall mortality, while hospitalisations and deaths from cardiovascular diseases (cerebrovascular, cardiac, aneurysm, or other vascular) are the secondary variables. These endpoints are compared for the two groups using a Cox proportional hazards-regression analysis. The cost-efficiency calculation will be adjusted for the quality of life.

An independent endpoint committee will review registry data on the causes of death and data from the Danish National Patient Register concerning hospital admissions; supplemental data will be requested from hospitals and the GP if needed. The health economics of the screening program will be evaluated with two types of analyses. A trial-based evaluation will be conducted after 5 and 10 years of follow-up, whereas the lifetime perspective on the health economics of the screening will be evaluated in a separate decision analytic model for the men and women. First major publication date is planned for 1st of July 2018

Intention to publish date

01/07/2018

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	05/12/2015		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/04/2020	06/11/2019	Yes	No
Results article	results	23/01/2020	12/03/2020	Yes	No
Results article	baseline results	27/03/2019	12/08/2021	Yes	No
Results article	results	10/08/2021	12/08/2021	Yes	No
Statistical Analysis Plan	version 6.0	03/01/2022	04/01/2022	No	No
Results article	5-year follow-up	27/08/2022	30/08/2022	Yes	No
Results article	5 year outcomes	13/10/2022	17/01/2023	Yes	No
Statistical Analysis Plan	version 7	17/01/2023	17/01/2023	No	No
Other publications	Post hoc analyses	13/05/2024	14/05/2024	Yes	No