# Improving school feeding programming in Yemen

Submission date Recruitment status [X] Prospectively registered

27/10/2023 No longer recruiting [X] Protocol

Registration date Overall study status [X] Statistical analysis plan

01/11/2023 Completed [X] Results

Last Edited Condition category [ Individual participant data

07/07/2025 Other

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Even before the onset of the current civil war, Yemen was one of the poorest countries in the world ranking 183 out of 191 countries and territories on the UN Human Development Index. The World Food Programme (WFP) estimates that currently 17 million Yemeni (half the population) are food insecure and 2.2 million preschool children are acutely malnourished (World Food Programme, 2023a). In 2022, 17% of school children in Yemen received school meals (WFP, 2022) and in 2023, the humanitarian response will cover only 8% of the needs of education sector, leaving it with the second highest unmet need (OCHA, 2023). WFP provides nutritious snacks (imported or locally procured), either fortified date bars or fortified high energy biscuits, to 1.55 million school children. There is an urgent need to understand how to improve access to nutritious school meals to support students and schools throughout the country. The aim of this study is to evaulate the effectiveness and cost-efficacy of adding a daily drink of milk to an ongoing school feeding program to improve children's diet.

#### Who can participate?

Children 6-8 years of age attending one of the schools included in the study

## What does the study involve?

Schools will be randomly allocated to one of two groups to receive:

- 1. Standard of care: the standard WFP school feeding program involving daily distribtuion of high energy biscuits
- 2. The standard of care intervention with addition of a daily drink of milk The intervention lasts approximately one school year (~7 months).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The intervention is expected to improve children's diets, cognition, learning scores, and nutritional status by providing additional protein and micronutritients through the milk distribution in addition to the high energy buscuits. The intervention is also expect to improve children's attendance and caregivers perceptions and willingness to pay for school meals. There are no known risks related to the intervention involved.

Where is the study run from? International Food Policy Research Institute (USA, Egypt)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2023 to July 2024

Who is funding the study?

- 1. CGIAR Initiative on Fragility, Conflict, and Migration (USA)
- 2. HSA Group (USA)

Who is the main contact? Dr Aulo Gelli, A.Gelli@cgiar.org

# Contact information

#### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

#### Contact name

Dr Aullo Gelli

#### Contact details

1201 Eye Street NW Washington United States of America 20005 +1 202-862-5600 a.gelli@cgiar.org

# Additional identifiers

## Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

# ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

#### Protocol serial number

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Impact evaluation of an added milk intervention to a micronutrient fortified school feeding program: An effectiveness pilot trial in Yemen

## **Study objectives**

The study will evaluate the cost, cost-efficiency and impact of adding a daily drink of milk to an ongoing school feeding program. The hypothesis is that the addition of milk will improve schoolaged children's diet, nutrition, health, and education outcomes.

#### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

#### Ethics approval(s)

approved 28/09/2023, International Food Policy Research Institute (1201 Eye Street NW, Washington, 20005, United States of America; +1 (202) 862-5600; IFPRI-IRB@cgiar.org), ref: NDH-23-0942

#### Study design

Longitudinal cluster-randomized controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Other

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Improvement of dietary diversity in primary school-aged children

#### Interventions

- 1. Control standard of care school feeding program which involves the distribution of highenergy biscuits
- 2. Intervention standard of care school feeding program consisting of the distribution of highenergy biscuits plus distribution of 100 ml cartons of ultra high temperature (UHT) milk

The total duration of the intervention will be ~7 months from November 2023 to May 2024. Both study arms will be followed-up for ~7 months and interviewed at baseline and follow-up.

Schools were randomly assigned to intervention and control in Stata 18, stratifying by school size.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome(s)

Diet diversity score in children 6-8 years of age, measured using the Minimum dietary diversity for women (MDD-W) guidelines at baseline and endline

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Cognition in children 6-8 years of age, measured using the forward and backward digit span and the standard progressive matrices at baseline and endline
- 2. Learning in children 6-8 years of age, measured using literacy and numeracy scores at baseline and endline
- 3. Nutritional status, measuring using body mass index and height-for-age Z-score at baseline and endline
- 4. School attendance, measured using school observations at baseline and endline
- 5. Perceptions of school feading program, measured using caregiver self-report at baseline and

#### endline

6. Child health, measured using caregiver report of child morbidity symptoms at baseline and endline

#### Completion date

31/07/2024

# Eligibility

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Children aged 6-8 years at baseline enrolled in schools involved in the study
- 2. Adult caregivers (≥18 years of age) of children aged 6-8 included in the study

# Participant type(s)

Learner/student

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Mixed

#### Lower age limit

6 years

## Upper age limit

100 years

#### Sex

Αll

# Total final enrolment

1299

#### Key exclusion criteria

Household head, child, parent or guardian unwilling to participate in the study

#### Date of first enrolment

04/11/2023

#### Date of final enrolment

30/11/2023

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United States of America

Yemen

# Study participating centre International Food Policy Research Institute

1201 Eye Street NW Washington United States of America 20005

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

International Food Policy Research Institute

#### ROR

https://ror.org/03pxz9p87

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

International Food Policy Research Institute

#### **Funder Name**

**HSA Group** 

# **Results and Publications**

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be available upon request from a.gelli@cgiar.org

# IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### Study outputs

Output type Results article **Details** 

Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing? 01/07/2025 07/07/2025 Yes

No

Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025 No	Yes
Protocol file Statistical Analysis Plan		27/08/2024	22/05/2024 No 27/08/2024 No	No No