A study for women who have small breast cancers found by screening, comparing removal of the cancer by standard surgery with a smaller procedure, which is more like a biopsy

Submission date 14/10/2019	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered [X] Protocol
Registration date 16/10/2019	Overall study status Ongoing	 Statistical analysis plan Results
Last Edited 24/06/2025	Condition category Cancer	 Individual participant data [X] Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/this-trial-is-looking-at-vacuum-assisted-excision-for-breast-cancers-small

Study website https://www.birmingham.ac.uk/research/crctu/trials/small/small-trial

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Jessica Foster

Contact details

Cancer Research UK Clinical Trials Unit (CRCTU) Institute of Cancer and Genomic Sciences University of Birmingham Edgbaston Birmingham Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2TT +44 (0)121 414 9021 small@trials.bham.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number 254892

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers RG_18-180; CPMS 40111

Study information

Scientific Title

SMALL: A Phase III, randomised, multi-centre trial addressing overtreatment of small screendetected breast cancer by comparing standard surgery versus minimally invasive vacuumassisted excision

Acronym

SMALL

Study objectives

The aim of the main trial is to determine whether the extent of surgical treatment can be reduced in the context of standard adjuvant radiotherapy and endocrine therapy

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 07/08/2019, HSC REC A (Office for Research Ethics Committees Northern Ireland (ORECNI), Customer Care and Performance Directorate, Unit 4, Lissue Industrial Estate West, Rathdown Walk, Moira Road, Lisburn, BT28 2RF, United Kingdom; +44 (0)28 9536 1400; reca@hscni.net), ref: 19/NI/0126

Study design

Randomized controlled study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Breast Cancer

Interventions

STUDY DESIGN & JUSTIFICATION

The SMALL trial is a prospective, randomised, two-arm, multicentre trial. The recruitment target is 800 patients. It is anticipated that 70 U.K. sites will be opened to recruitment. Patients will be randomised in a 1:2 ratio to undergo either standard surgery +/- sentinel lymph node biopsy or vacuum-assisted excision (VAE), and it is expected that this will take place within 31 days of randomisation. All patients will be followed up via the recruiting site for 5 years post-randomisation. Further long-term follow-up data may be collected by the data linkage services.

This study aims to address the issue of possible over-treatment of small screen-detected breast cancers by assessing whether such cancers can be treated with minimally invasive vacuum excision, in the context of a randomised clinical trial. To be practice changing, it will be necessary to demonstrate that not only is there an acceptable local recurrence risk associated with VAE followed by radiotherapy and endocrine therapy, but also that there is not an excess requirement for additional procedures in the VAE arm, in case of radiologically-determined incomplete excision.

The total number of patients to be recruited with the 1:2 allocation ratio in favor of VAE is 800 (267 surgery, 533 VAE). The total number required for the re-excision comparison was 762, and this has been inflated by 5%. This will ensure that we have sufficient patients for the single arm investigation of local recurrence rates with VAE, and allow for possible drop-outs.

No formal interim analysis is planned. The final analysis following the initial procedure will be conducted 3 months following the completion of recruitment. This will ensure that all patients have undergone their randomised procedure and been assessed for re-excision. The analysis of complications arising from surgery or VAE will also be conducted at this point. Analysis of the local recurrence free survival and all remaining secondary outcomes will be conducted 3 months after all patients have completed 3 years of annual mammography following randomisation.

PATIENT PATHWAY

Patients enrolling in the trial will recently have attended their local NHS Breast Screening Unit following recall for assessment of a mammographic abnormality identified on their routine screening mammograms. At this time, where possible, the local screening unit will supply potentially eligible patients with a copy of the brief introductory Patient Information Leaflet (PIL), and this will be given either with the invitation to attend for assessment or at the clinic appointment. This PIL aims to provide information to prepare patients for a possible invitation to participate in a research study at an early stage in their pathway. They will also receive information regarding the Information Study (the optional recruitment intervention) at this stage.

The subsequent patient pathway will be as follows:

- 1. Eligible patients will attend clinic to receive the results of their biopsy
- 2. They will be invited to take part in the optional Information Study
- 3. Patients will complete and sign the optional Information Study Informed Consent Form, if

applicable

4. If the patient consents to participate in the Information Study, the subsequent trial discussion may be audio-recorded

5. Patients agreeing to participate in SMALL will complete and sign the Informed Consent Form for the main trail

6. Patients will complete baseline Quality of Life questionnaires

7. Randomisation by the research team

8. Patient attends for either standard surgery or VAE according to randomised allocation

9. Patients in the VAE arm will have post-procedure mammography on the same day as their procedure

10. After treatment, patient results including histopathology and post-procedure imaging will be discussed in the local MDT

11. Patients will be seen in the clinic to discuss histopathology results, any requirement for an additional procedure and subsequent radiotherapy and endocrine therapy discussed

12. In order to obtain accurate follow-up information, patients will need to attend the hospital every year for mammograms for 5 years. Patients will be informed of the results of these as soon as possible after these have been carried out (usually within 2 weeks)

13. The Trial Office will send Quality of Life questionnaires to complete at 6 months after surgery /VAE, and subsequently annually until year 5

14. The hospital research team provide follow-up information on patients for up to 5 years 15. If there is enough tissue available, the trial will collect tissue samples from the diagnostic biopsy and from any future breast investigations or surgery, for research

Interventions

Surgery arm:

- Standard surgical treatment as deemed appropriate by local MDT, +/- axillary sentinel lymph node biopsy

- Adjuvant radiotherapy/endocrine therapy as per local treatment guidelines VAE arm:

- Image-guided vacuum excision of breast cancer

- No axillary surgery

- Adjuvant radiotherapy to breast

- Adjuvant endocrine therapy

Sites will randomise patients into the trial using a bespoke electronic Remote Data Capture system, or via completion of a Randomisation Form followed by a telephone call the SMALL Trial Office. Patients will be randomised at a ratio of 1:2 in favour of the VAE arm using computerised minimisation technique

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase III

Primary outcome measure

1. Re-excision following initial procedure at 3 months following the end of the recruitment period

2. Local recurrence-free survival time for VAE at 3 months after all patients have completed 3 years of annual mammography following randomisation

Secondary outcome measures

1. Complications arising from surgery or VAE at 3 months following the end of the recruitment period

2. Time to ipsilateral breast cancer recurrence at 3 months after all patients have completed 3 years of annual mammography following randomisation

3. Time to development of contralateral invasive breast cancer at 3 months after all patients have completed 3 years of annual mammography following randomisation

4. Overall survival time at 3 months after all patients have completed 3 years of annual mammography following randomisation

5. Quality-adjusted life year (QALY) at 3 months after all patients have completed 3 years of annual mammography following randomisation

6. Quality of life: will be assessed using the following tools: EORTC QLQ-C30 and BR23, EuroQoL EQ-5D, BREAST-Q (breast conserving therapy module). The Quality of Life questionnaires will be completed by patients prior to randomisation at baseline, all other questionnaires will be distributed directly to the patients' home address by the SMALL Trial office at 6, 12, 24, 36, 48 and 60 months post-randomisation

Overall study start date

01/01/2019

Completion date

30/06/2029

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 24/06/2025:

1. Female aged ≥47 years old with screen-detected breast cancer

2. ≤15 mm maximum tumour diameter on mammogram and ultrasound

3. No associated malignant microcalcification outwith the mass lesion (calcification within the lesion is permitted)

- 4. Unifocal disease
- 5. Grade 1 disease on diagnostic core biopsy

6. ER strongly positive (Allred score of 7 or 8, or equivalent, e.g. at least moderate positivity in >66% of tumour cell nuclei)

7. PR strongly positive (Allred score of 7 or 8, or equivalent, e.g. at least moderate positivity in >66% of tumour cell nuclei)

8. HER2 negative (0 or 1+ by immunohistochemistry, or 2+ and negative by in situ hybridisation techniques (FISH or DISH)

9. Normal axillary ultrasound axillary, or equivocal ultrasound with benign fine needle aspiration cytology (FNAC) or core biopsy (CB)

- 10. Must be a technically appropriate candidate for VAE as determined by local MDT
- 11. Willing to be randomised
- 12. Able to provide written informed consent
- 13. Willing and able to undergo standard surgical treatment
- 14. Willing and able to undergo radiotherapy
- 15. Willing and able to take standard endocrine therapy

16. No previous diagnosis of ipsilateral breast cancer or DCIS (contralateral DCIS or invasive disease permitted if surgically treated ≥ 5 years previously and disease-free)

Previous inclusion criteria as of 02/06/2021:

1. Female aged ≥47 years old with screen-detected breast cancer

2. ≤15 mm maximum tumour diameter on mammogram and ultrasound

3. No associated malignant microcalcification outwith the mass lesion (calcification within the lesion is permitted)

4. Unifocal disease

5. Grade 1 disease on diagnostic core biopsy

6. ER strongly positive (Allred score of 7 or 8, or equivalent, e.g. at least moderate positivity in >66% of tumour cell nuclei)

7. PR strongly positive (Allred score of 7 or 8, or equivalent, e.g. at least moderate positivity in >66% of tumour cell nuclei)

8. HER2 negative (0 or 1+ by immunohistochemistry, or 2+ and negative by in situ hybridisation techniques (FISH or DISH)

9. Normal axillary ultrasound axillary, or equivocal ultrasound with benign fine needle aspiration cytology (FNAC) or core biopsy (CB)

10. Willing to be randomised

11. Able to provide written informed consent

12. Willing and able to undergo standard surgical treatment

13. Willing and able to undergo radiotherapy

14. Willing and able to take standard endocrine therapy

15. No previous diagnosis of ipsilateral breast cancer or DCIS (contralateral DCIS or invasive disease permitted if surgically treated ≥ 5 years previously and disease-free

Previous inclusion criteria:

1. Female aged \geq 47 years old with screen-detected breast cancer

2. ≤15mm maximum tumour diameter on mammogram and ultrasound

3. No associated indeterminate, suspicious or malignant mammographic microcalcification associated with the lesion or extending beyond it

4. Unifocal disease

5. Grade 1 disease on diagnostic core biopsy

6. ER strongly positive (Allred score of 7 or 8, or equivalent, e.g. at least moderate positivity in >66% of tumour cell nuclei)

7. PR strongly positive (Allred score of 7 or 8, or equivalent, e.g. at least moderate positivity in >66% of tumour cell nuclei)

8. HER2 negative (0 or 1+ by immunohistochemistry, or 2+ and negative by in situ hybridisation techniques (FISH or DISH)

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10. Willing to be randomised

11. Able to provide written informed consent

12. Willing and able to undergo standard surgical treatment

13. Willing and able to undergo radiotherapy

14. Willing and able to take standard endocrine therapy

15. No previous diagnosis of ipsilateral breast cancer or DCIS (contralateral DCIS or invasive disease permitted if surgically treated ≥ 5 years previously and disease-free

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

47 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 800; UK Sample Size: 800

Key exclusion criteria

Current exclusion criteria as of 24/06/2025:

1. Associated malignant microcalcification outwith the lesion

- 2. Bilateral breast cancer
- 3. Pure invasive lobular cancer
- 4. Grade 2 or grade 3 on core biopsy assessment

5. Not strongly ER or PR positive (Allred score of <7, or equivalent, e.g. <66% positivity of tumour cell nuclei) or HER2 positive tumour

- 6. Neoadjuvant endocrine therapy (any duration)
- 7. Unable to provide informed consent

8. Any serious and/or unstable pre-existing medical, psychiatric or other condition that would prevent compliance with the trial or consent process

- 9. Unfit or unwilling to undergo standard surgical treatment
- 10. Contra-indications to standard adjuvant therapies (radiotherapy, endocrine therapy)
- 11. Previous ipsilateral invasive breast cancer or DCIS
- 12. Other invasive malignancy unless:
- 12.1. Disease free for 5 years, or
- 12.2. Previous basal cell carcinoma, cervical carcinoma in-situ, superficial bladder tumour

13. High-risk group for developing breast cancer (as defined by NICE guidance, women undergoing screening more frequently than 3 yearly in the population screening programme)

Previous exclusion criteria as of 02/06/2021:

- 1. Associated malignant microcalcification outwith the lesion
- 2. Bilateral breast cancer
- 3. Invasive lobular cancer
- 4. Grade 2 or grade 3 on core biopsy assessment

5. Not strongly ER or PR positive (Allred score of <7, or equivalent, e.g. <66% positivity of tumour cell nuclei) or HER2 positive tumour

- 6. Unable to provide informed consent
- 7. Any serious and/or unstable pre-existing medical, psychiatric or other condition that would prevent compliance with the trial or consent process
- 8. Unfit or unwilling to undergo standard surgical treatment
- 9. Contra-indications to standard adjuvant therapies (radiotherapy, endocrine therapy)
- 10. Previous ipsilateral invasive breast cancer or DCIS
- 11. Other invasive malignancy unless:

- Disease free for 5 years, or

-Previous basal cell carcinoma, cervical carcinoma in-situ, superficial bladder tumour

12. High-risk group for developing breast cancer (as defined by NICE guidance)

Previous exclusion criteria:

- 1. Lesions with associated mammographic microcalcification outwith the lesion
- 2. Bilateral breast cancer
- 3. Invasive lobular cancer
- 4. Grade 2 or grade 3 on core biopsy assessment
- 5. ER or PR negative or HER2 positive tumour
- 6. Unable to provide informed consent

7. Any serious and/or unstable pre-existing medical, psychiatric or other condition that would prevent compliance with the trial or consent process

- 8. Unfit or unwilling to undergo standard surgical treatment
- 9. Contra-indications to standard adjuvant therapies (radiotherapy, endocrine therapy)
- 10. Previous ipsilateral invasive breast cancer or DCIS
- 11. Other invasive malignancy treated within the last 5 years
- 12. High-risk group for developing breast cancer (as defined by NICE guidance)

Date of first enrolment

15/11/2019

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

Northern Ireland

Scotland

United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre Belfast City Hospital 51 Lisburn Road Belfast United Kingdom BT8 8BH

Study participating centre Southmead Hospital

Southmead Road Westbury-On-Trym Bristol United Kingdom BS10 5NB

Study participating centre Addenbrookes Hospital Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre

Aberdeen Royal Infirmary Foresterhill Road Aberdeen United Kingdom AB25 2ZN

Study participating centre Altnagelvin Area Hospital Glenshane Road Londonderry United Kingdom BT47 6SB

Study participating centre Edgware Community Hospital Edgware Community Hospital Burnt Oak Broadway

Edgware United Kingdom HA8 0AD

Study participating centre Poole Hospital Longfleet Road Poole United Kingdom BH15 2JB

Study participating centre The Royal Marsden Hospital (surrey) Downs Road Sutton United Kingdom SM2 5PT

Study participating centre The Royal Victoria Infirmary Queen Victoria Road Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE1 4LP

Study participating centre Thomas Linacre Centre Parson's Walk Wigan United Kingdom WN1 1RU

Study participating centre Churchill Hospital Old Road Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7LE

Study participating centre Craigavon Area Hospital

Lurgan Rd Craigavon United Kingdom BT63 5QQ

Study participating centre Doncaster Royal Infirmary

Armthorpe Road Doncaster United Kingdom DN2 5LT

Study participating centre

Ipswich Hospital Heath Road Ipswich United Kingdom IP4 5PD

Study participating centre Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital

Colney Lane Colney Norwich United Kingdom NR4 7UY

Study participating centre

Gateshead - Queen Elizabeth Hospital Queen Elizabeth Hospital Sherriff Hill Gateshead United Kingdom NE9 6SX

Study participating centre

Liverpool University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Royal Liverpool University Hospital Prescot Street Liverpool

United Kingdom L7 8XP

Study participating centre

The Royal Marsden Hospital (london)

Fulham Road London United Kingdom SW3 6JJ

Study participating centre Southend Hospital Prittlewell Chase

Westcliff-on-sea United Kingdom SS0 0RY

Study participating centre Leeds Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust St. James's University Hospital Beckett Street Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

Study participating centre North Tees General Hospital Hardwick Road Stockton-on-tees United Kingdom TS19 8PE

Study participating centre York Hospital Wigginton Road York

United Kingdom YO31 8HE

Study participating centre Alexandra Hospital

Woodrow Drive Redditch United Kingdom B98 7UB **Study participating centre Royal Bournemouth General Hospital** Castle Lane East Bournemouth United Kingdom BH7 7DW

Study participating centre Royal Cornwall Hospital (treliske) Treliske Truro United Kingdom TR1 3LJ

Study participating centre Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital Barrack Road Exeter United Kingdom EX2 5DW

Study participating centre Southampton General Hospital Tremona Road Southampton United Kingdom SO16 6YD

Study participating centre Wycombe General Hospital Queen Alexandra Road High Wycombe United Kingdom HP11 2TT

Study participating centre Wythenshawe Hospital Southmoor Road Wythenshawe Manchester United Kingdom M23 9LT

Study participating centre Castle Hill Hospital Castle Road Cottingham United Kingdom HU16 5JQ

Study participating centre Cheltenham General Hospital Sandford Road Cheltenham United Kingdom GL53 7AN

Study participating centre Clatterbridge Hospital Clatterbridge Rd Bebington Wirral United Kingdom CH63 4JY

Study participating centre Cumberland Infirmary - Carlisle Cumberland Infirmary Newtown Road Carlisle United Kingdom CA2 7HY

Study participating centre Kingston Hospital Galsworthy Road Kingston upon Thames United Kingdom

KT2 7QB

Study participating centre Luton and Dunstable University Hospital Lewsey Road Luton United Kingdom LU4 0DZ

Study participating centre Queen Elizabeth Hospital Edgbaston Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2TH

Study participating centre Bolton Royal Hospital Minerva Road Farnworth Bolton United Kingdom BL4 0JR

Study participating centre Worcestershire Royal Hospital Charles Hastings Way Worcester United Kingdom WR5 1DD

Study participating centre Macclesfield District General Hospital Macclesfield District Hospital Victoria Road Macclesfield United Kingdom SK10 3BL

Study participating centre

Gartnavel General Hospital

1053 Great Western Road Glasgow United Kingdom G12 0YN

Study participating centre Leighton Hospital Leighton Crewe United Kingdom CW1 4QJ

Study participating centre Forth Valley Royal Hospital Stirling Road Larbert United Kingdom FK5 4WR

Study participating centre Kings College Hospital

Mapother House De Crespigny Park Denmark Hill London United Kingdom SE5 8AB

Study participating centre Royal United Hospital Combe Park Bath United Kingdom BA1 3NG

Study participating centre Milton Keynes University Hospital Standing Way Eaglestone Milton Keynes

United Kingdom MK6 5LD

Study participating centre

University College London Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust 250 Euston Road London United Kingdom NW1 2PG

Study participating centre Western General Hospital

Crewe Road South Edinburgh Lothian United Kingdom EH4 2XU

Study participating centre Broomfield Hospital Court Road Broomfield Chelmsford United Kingdom CM1 7ET

Sponsor information

Organisation University of Birmingham

Sponsor details

Cancer Research UK Clinical Trials Unit Institute for Cancer Studies Edgbaston Birmingham England United Kingdom B15 2TT +44 (0)1214146754 a@b.c **Sponsor type** University/education

ROR https://ror.org/03angcq70

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name

NIHR Evaluation, Trials and Studies Co-ordinating Centre (NETSCC); Grant Codes: 17/42/32

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The results of the trial will be submitted for publication in a peer reviewed journal in 2029. The manuscript will be prepared by the Trial Management Group (TMG) and authorship will be determined by mutual agreement. Any secondary publications and presentations prepared by Investigators must be reviewed by the TMG. Manuscripts must be submitted to the TMG in a timely fashion and in advance of being submitted for publication, to allow time for review and resolution of any outstanding issues. Authors must acknowledge that the trial was performed with the support of the University of Birmingham. Intellectual property rights will be addressed in the Clinical Study Site Agreement between Sponsor and site.

Intention to publish date

01/07/2029

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			26/07/2023	No	No
Protocol article		08/04/2025	23/04/2025	Yes	No