A study of Acceptance and Commitment Therapy for older people with chronic worry who have not responded to treatment

Submission date 23/01/2017	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
		[_] Protocol		
Registration date 23/01/2017	Overall study status Completed	[] Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited 23/05/2022	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Generalised anxiety disorder (GAD), characterised by a tendency to worry, is the most common anxiety disorder in older people. It is associated with distress, difficulty in coping, poor quality of life and increased disability. Medication and talking therapy are usually offered to older people experiencing GAD, but for many this treatment is unsuccessful. Guidance as to how best manage this treatment-resistant GAD in older people is lacking. Acceptance and Commitment Therapy (ACT) is a type of taking therapy helps people to learn different ways of coping with distressing thoughts and feelings, and how to take part in more activities that are meaningful to them. It is helpful for reducing distress in other conditions including anxiety, depression, life-limiting illness and long-term pain. The aim of this study is to find out how acceptable and feasible it is to develop and deliver a new treatment program based on ACT to older adults with GAD.

Who can participate?

Older adults aged 65 years and over who have been diagnosed with GAD that has not responded to treatment (either medication and/or conventional talking therapy).

What does the study involve?

In the first part of the study, around 15 older people with GAD take part in an hour and a half long interview about their experiences of treatment. Information collected from these interviews is then discussed with healthcare professionals in order to create a treatment programme using ACT techniques. The participants are then interviewed again for their views on the programme.

In the second part of the study, around 40 older people with GAD receive around 16 face-to-face sessions of ACT over 20 weeks plus usual care. These sessions are delivered within the GP surgery, outpatient clinic or participant's home by therapists attached to talking therapy and specialist mental health services. All therapists will receive training in ACT, as well as regular supervision. The sessions involve working with therapists to learn new skills to help better manage their GAD. At the start of the study and then again after 20 weeks, participants are asked to complete a number of questionnaires to assess levels of anxiety, worry, depression and quality of life, and to see how satisfied they are with the therapy they have received.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The main possible benefits include that participants will be given access to a novel form of talking therapy that is not yet available in the NHS for this condition. They will also be given a more in-depth screening assessment than they might otherwise receive as part of their routine NHS care. The main possible risks include that participants may experience a deterioration in anxiety and/or depression symptoms during the intervention (as it may not be beneficial for them) or distress during the interviews (e.g. when discussing their current difficulties). Participants will remain under the care of their GP or mental health professional during the study, and will be monitored and referred for further support if necessary.

Where is the study run from?

The first part of the study is taking place in multiple sites in:

- 1. Camden and Islington NHS Foundation Trust (lead trust) (UK)
- 2. South London and Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 3. Oxford Health NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 4. Barnet Enfield and Haringey Mental Health Trust (UK)
- 5. Thames Valley CRN (UK)
- 6. North East London NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

The second part of the study is taking place in multiple sites in:

- 1. Camden and Islington NHS Foundation Trust (lead trust) (UK)
- 2. South London and Maudsley NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 3. Oxford Health NHS Foundation Trust (UK)
- 4. Barnet Enfield and Haringey Mental Health Trust (UK)
- 5. Whittington Health NHS Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? May 2017 to September 2019

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research, Health Technology Assessment Programme (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Rebecca Gould r.gould@ucl.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Rebecca Gould

Contact details

Division of Psychiatry University College London Wing A, 6th floor Maple House 149 Tottenham Court Rd London United Kingdom W1T 7NF +44 (0)20 7679 9225 r.gould@ucl.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

3

Study information

Scientific Title

A Feasibility study of Acceptance and Commitment Therapy for Older people with treatmentresistant generalised anxiety Disorder

Acronym

FACTOID

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to investigate the feasibility of conducting a study to examine the clinical and cost effectiveness of Acceptance and Commitment Therapy (ACT) for older people with treatment-resistant generalised anxiety disorder.

Ethics approval required Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) 1. London – Camberwell St Giles, 09/05/2017, ref: 17/LO/0704 2. HRA, 12/05/2017

Study design Uncontrolled non-randomised feasibility study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Non randomised study

Study setting(s) Community

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Treatment-resistant generalised anxiety disorder in older people

Interventions

Phase 1:

Approximately 15 older people with generalised anxiety disorder (GAD) will be invited to participate in individual qualitative interviews lasting 1.5 hours in order to develop and adapt the intervention for this population. These interviews will explore positive/negative experiences of previous psychotherapy, facilitators/barriers to engagement in therapy, and the perceived suitability and relevance of an intervention based on Acceptance and Commitment Therapy (ACT) for treatment-resistant GAD in older people. Data from these interviews, together with discussions with experts in the field, will inform development of an intervention for this population. This will be based on the acceptance model of generalised anxiety disorder and existing ACT approaches. Once the intervention has been developed, the same set of participants from the initial interviews will be invited to participate in further individual qualitative interviews lasting 1.5 hours. These interviews will explore the acceptability and perceived value of the different components of the intervention, the practicalities of the intervention, and ways of optimising engagement. Modifications will be made to the intervention based on feedback from these interviews.

Phase 2:

Approximately 40 older people with treatment-resistant GAD will receive 16 1-hour face-to-face sessions of ACT over 20 weeks in addition to usual care. The intervention will involve helping participants to increase psychological flexibility through learning new skills, metaphors, experiential exercises and home practice tasks. These will aim to:

1. Reduce avoidance of difficult or uncomfortable experiences where such behaviour might be a barrier to life enriching activity

2. Reduce the amount of time people are "stuck in their head" ruminating about the past or worrying about the future

3. Reduce the degree to which people are caught up in negative or unhelpful thoughts about themselves, their situation or their identity and roles

4. Identify what really matters to them in their lives

5. Commit to doing personally meaningful activities that support what they value.

Sessions will be delivered within the GP surgery, outpatient clinic or participant's home by therapists attached to talking therapy and specialist mental health services. All therapists will receive training in ACT, as well as regular supervision. After 20 weeks, all participants will be followed up to assess how acceptable and feasible the intervention was. In addition, a sample of 15 participants and all therapists will also be invited to complete individual interviews lasting 1.5 hours to further assess acceptability and feasibility. These interviews will explore the perceived benefits and limitations of the intervention, together with any recommendations for revising it.

After 20 weeks, all participants will be followed up by an independent outcome assessor and the acceptability and feasibility of the intervention will be assessed.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Acceptability:

1. Engagement rate is recorded as the number of eligible participants who consent to participate in the study and attend 60% or more of sessions by 20 weeks (session attendance records will be kept by therapists)

2. Satisfaction rate is recorded as the number of eligible participants who consent to participate in the study and give 'satisfactory' ratings of therapy using the Satisfaction with Therapy and Therapist Scale-Revised (Oei et al., 2008) at 20 weeks. There is no set definition of what constitutes "satisfactory" and so this will be defined as a total score of 21 or more on the Satisfaction with Therapy subscale.

Feasibility:

1. Recruitment rate is recorded as the number of eligible participants who consent to participate in the study by 10 months

2. Retention rate is recorded as the number of eligible participants who consent to participate that remain in the study until follow up at 20 weeks

Secondary outcome measures

Acceptability:

1. Failure to recruit rate due to lack of acceptability is recorded as the number of eligible participants who refuse to consent to participate in the study by 10 months due to lack of acceptability of the intervention

2. Attrition rate due to lack of acceptability is recorded as the number of eligible participants who consent to participate in the study that drop out due to lack of acceptability of the intervention by 20 weeks

3. Treatment credibility/expectancy is measured using the Credibility/Expectancy Questionnaire at 1 week

Feasibility:

1. Referral rate is recorded as the number of eligible referrals to the study overall and in each referral subgroup (self-referral, GPs, GP list searches, Improving Access to Psychological Therapies services, and Community Mental Health Teams) by 10 months

2. Failure to recruit rate for reasons other than lack of acceptability is recorded as the number of eligible participants who refuse to consent to participate in the study by 10 months for reasons other than dissatisfaction with therapy

3. Attrition rate for reasons other than lack of acceptability is recorded as the number of eligible participants who consent to participate in the study that drop out for reasons other than dissatisfaction with therapy by 20 weeks

4. Treatment integrity is measured using the ACT Treatment Integrity Coding Manual at 20 weeks

5. Treatment adherence is measured using the Adherence Checklist at 20 weeks

Patient-reported outcome measures:

- 1. Anxiety is measured using the Geriatric Anxiety Inventory at baseline and 20 weeks.
- 2. Worry is measured using the Penn State Worry Questionnaire at baseline and 20 weeks.
- 3. Depression is measured using the Geriatric Depression Scale-15 at baseline and 20 weeks.
- 4. Health-related quality of life is measured using the EQ-5D-5L at baseline and 20 weeks.

5. Service utilization is measured using a short modified version of the Client Service Receipt Inventory at baseline and 20 weeks.

6. Psychological flexibility is measured using the Acceptance and Action Questionnaire-II at baseline and 20 weeks.

Overall study start date 01/05/2017

Completion date

30/09/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Aged 65 years and over

2. Primary diagnosis of GAD, as determined by the Structured Clinical Interview for DSM-IV Axis I and Axis II Disorders, that has failed to respond to treatment (medication or psychotherapy)

3. Living in the community

4. Able to provide informed, written consent

5. Sufficient understanding of English to enable engagement in ACT and completion of patientreported outcome measures

6. Added 31/08/2017: In Phase 2 only: Not previously participated in qualitative interviews in Phase 1 of the project

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Senior

Sex

Both

Target number of participants 40

Total final enrolment

37

Key exclusion criteria

Currently inclusion criteria as of 31/08/2017:

1. Diagnosis of dementia

2. Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination score of <25

3. In Phase 2 only: Currently receiving ongoing psychotherapy or who are unwilling to refrain from engaging in other forms of psychotherapy during the receipt of ACT

4. Experiencing suicidal ideation with active intent for whom an inpatient admission would be more appropriate

5. Other medical or psychosocial factors that could compromise full study participation such as imminently life-limiting illness or severe sensory deficits (e.g. blindness)

6. Intellectual disabilities

Previous exclusion criteria:

- 1. Diagnosis of dementia
- 2. Standardised Mini-Mental State Examination score of <25
- 3. Currently receiving ongoing psychotherapy or who are unwilling to refrain from engaging in

other forms of psychotherapy during the receipt of ACT 4. Experiencing suicidal ideation with active intent for whom an inpatient admission would be more appropriate 5. Other medical or psychosocial factors that could compromise full study participation such as imminently life-limiting illness or severe sensory deficits (e.g. blindness)

Date of first enrolment 23/06/2017

Date of final enrolment 31/10/2018

31/10/2018

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Services for Ageing and Mental Health Camden Community Mental Health Team The Peckwater Centre 1st floor 6 Peckwater Street London United Kingdom NW5 2TX

Study participating centre

Islington Services for Ageing and Mental Health Community Mental Health Team Units 8-10 Blenheim Court 62 Brewery Road London United Kingdom N7 9NY

Study participating centre

Community Mental Health Team for Older Adults (Southwark) Marina House 63-65 Denmark Hill Camberwell London United Kingdom SE5 8RS

Study participating centre

Community Mental Health Team for Older Adults (Lambeth) First Floor Reay House Lambeth Hospital 109 Landor Road London United Kingdom SW9 9NT

Study participating centre Community Mental Health Team for Older Adults (Lewisham) 91 Granville Park Lewisham London United Kingdom SE13 7DW

Study participating centre Community Mental Health Team for Older Adults (Croydon North) Heavers Resource Centre 122 Selhurst Road London United Kingdom SE25 6LL

Study participating centre Community Mental Health Team for Older Adults (Croydon South) Purley Resource Centre 50 Pampisford Road Purley United Kingdom CR8 2NE

Study participating centre Southwark Improving Access to Psychological Therapies Maudsley Psychology Centre Maudsley Hospital Denmark Hill London United Kingdom SE5 8AZ

Study participating centre Croydon Improving Access to Psychological Therapies Wickham Park House Bethlem Royal Hospital Monks Orchard Road Beckenham United Kingdom BR3 3BX

Study participating centre

Lambeth Talking Therapies Service (IAPT) Adamson Centre South Wing St Thomas' Hospital Westminster Bridge Road London United Kingdom SE1 7EH

Study participating centre

Improving Access to Psychological Therapies Lewisham Primary Care Psychological Therapies Service PO Box 61678 London United Kingdom SE12 2AN

Study participating centre

Community Mental Health Team (Older Adult) - Central Oxfordshire Manzil Resource Centre Manzil Way Oxford United Kingdom OX4 1XE

Study participating centre Community Mental Health Team (Older Adult) - South Oxfordshire Abingdon Hospital Marcham Road Abingdon

Abingdon United Kingdom OX14 1AG

Study participating centre Community Mental Health Team (Older Adult) - North Oxfordshire The Elms Centre Oxford Road Banbury United Kingdom OX16 9AL

Study participating centre Warneford Hospital Warneford Lane Headington

Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7JX

Study participating centre The Whiteleaf Centre Bierton Road Aylesbury United Kingdom HP20 1EG

Study participating centre TalkingSpace Plus Oxbridge Court Osney Mead Oxford United Kingdom

OX2 0ES

Study participating centre

Healthy Minds Bucks

Floor 2 Prospect House Crendon Street High Wycombe United Kingdom HP13 6LA

Study participating centre

Enfield Older People Community Mental Health Team Cumbria Villa Chase Farm Hospital The Ridgeway Enfield United Kingdom EN2 8JL

Study participating centre

Haringey Mental Health Services for Older People Community Mental Health Team Victoria Unit St Ann's Hospital St Ann's Road London United Kingdom N15 3TH

Study participating centre

Springwell Centre Barnet Hospital Mental Health Services Wellhouse Lane Herts United Kingdom EN5 3DJ

Study participating centre

Camden iCope (IAPT) Psychological Therapies & Wellbeing Service 3rd floor South Wing St Pancras Hospital 4 St Pancras Way London United Kingdom NW1 0PE

Study participating centre

Islington iCope (IAPT) Psychological Therapies & Wellbeing Service Finsbury Health Centre 17 Pine St London United Kingdom EC1R 0LP

Study participating centre Older People Community Services Refuge House 9-10 River Front Enfield United Kingdom EN1 3SZ

Study participating centre IAPT, St Ann's General Hospital (Beh-Mht services) St Ann's Road London United Kingdom N15 3TH

Study participating centre Older Adults Mental Health Team Broad St Health Centre Morland Road Dagenham United Kingdom RM10 9HU

Study participating centre Havering Older Adults Mental Health Team Yew Tree Resource Centre 20 Yew Tree Gardens Romford United Kingdom RM7 9AA Study participating centre Older Adults Mental Health Team Red Oak Lodge 17 Thorne Close Langthorne Road Leytonstone United Kingdom E11 4HU

Study participating centre IAPT Goodmayes Hospital Barley Lane Goodmayes Essex Ilford United Kingdom IG3 8XJ

Sponsor information

Organisation UCLH/UCL

Sponsor details

Joint Research Office 1st floor Maple House 149 Tottenham Court Rd London England United Kingdom W1T 7NF

Sponsor type

University/education

ROR https://ror.org/042fqyp44

Funder(s)

Funder type Government

Funder Name Health Technology Assessment Programme

Alternative Name(s) NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme, HTA

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype National government

Location United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned dissemination to the mental health and primary care academic and clinical community, service users and the broader public through:

1. Peer-reviewed, international academic journals such as the Journal of the American Geriatrics Society, the International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry, and the Journal of Consulting and Clinical Psychology. Findings will be reported in accordance with reporting guidelines for quantitative cohort studies (STROBE) and qualitative research (COREQ), as well as guidelines relevant to non-pharmacological treatment interventions (e.g. CONSORT for nonpharmacological treatment interventions).

2. National and international academic conferences (e.g. British Association for Behavioural & Cognitive Psychotherapies, World Congress of Behavioural and Cognitive Therapies)

3. Local clinical conferences and meetings

4. Talks to local Service User groups, Primary Care Research Network, MIND and other organisations following guidance from our Project Service User Advisory Group, and including an interested service user from this group

5. University media releases, twitter feeds and the University website

Intention to publish date

30/09/2020

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	feasibility results	13/04/2021	26/04/2021	Yes	No
Results article	qualitative results	01/09/2019	26/04/2021	Yes	No
Results article	HTA report	01/09/2021	21/09/2021	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No