

Improving children's nutrition: understanding the impact of a food voucher program in Cameroon's far-north region

Submission date 29/11/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 12/12/2023	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 12/12/2023	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

In Cameroon, many programs treat acutely malnourished children, but there are insufficient supplies of ready-to-use foods and fortified blended foods to treat all children in need. This study aimed to evaluate the feasibility and effectiveness of food voucher program in treating children with moderate malnutrition in the Far North region and what factors affected their diet and recovery.

Who can participate?

Children aged 6-53 months confirmed by health workers working at community health centers to have moderate acute malnutrition (middle-upper arm circumference [MUAC] measures between 115 mm – 124 mm and/or weight-for-height z-scores [WHZ] between -2 and -3) and their caregivers residing in the Kaele health district

What does the study involve?

Children and their caregivers were given vouchers to buy a pre-defined basket of nutritious foods every two weeks. The food basket was designed using NutVal software to provide sufficient supplementary calories and micronutrients to the child's usual diet to support recovery to normal MUAC and/or WHZ. Education on appropriate hygiene and nutrition practices was also provided. The study examined how the treatment affected enrolled children's diet and recovery, and what factors influenced these outcomes. Factors evaluated included dietary intake of children and caregivers' socio-demographic characteristics and nutrition knowledge. The researchers also ensured that participants received the nutrition program services and that child diagnosed with severe acute malnutrition were referred to appropriate treatment services.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Benefits of participating: Everyone in the study received the nutrition program services. Children at risk were referred to more intensive care.

Potential risks of participating: Children might feel a slight pressure when their arm is measured.

In some households, the interviews might require 1-1.5 hours of the households' time, but the time spent with any single participant was less. The measurements used in the study were safe and are commonly used worldwide to check the health of children and mothers.

Where is the study run from?

The United States Agency for International Development (USA)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

March 2020 to August 2020

Who is funding the study?

The United States Agency for International Development (USA)

Who is the main contact?

Jennifer Nielsen, PhD, jnielsen@hki.org

Brice Ulrich SAHA FOU DJO, PhD, sahabrice@yahoo.fr

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Brice Ulrich Saha Foudjo

ORCID ID

<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0488-841X>

Contact details

Department of Biochemistry, Faculty of Science, University of Bamenda

Bambilil

Cameroon

-

+237 699262269

sahabrice@yahoo.fr

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

Dr Ismael Teta

ORCID ID

<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-6126-9148>

Contact details

UNICEF Kenya Country Office - P.O. Box 44145 - 00100

Nairobi

Kenya

-
+254 741 158459
ingnieteta@unicef.org

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Dr Jennifer Nielsen

Contact details

One Daghammarskjold Plaza, Floor 2
New York
United States of America
10017
+1 2022946304
jnielsen@hki.org

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

USAID Grant No. AID-OFDA-G-17-00178

Study information

Scientific Title

Factors associated with the dietary and treatment outcomes of children with moderate acute malnutrition treated in a food voucher program in the far-north region of Cameroon

Acronym

FVPFNC

Study objectives

Providing families of children diagnosed with moderate acute malnutrition in Cameroon's Far North Region with a voucher to purchase a basket of nutrient-rich foods designed to supplement the children's normal diet can be as effective as the standard of care in supporting recovery and improving dietary diversity.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 20/02/2020, National Ethics Committee for Research in Health in Cameroon (Yaoundé, Cameroon, Yaoundé, -, Cameroon; (+237) 243 67 43 39 / 690 99 67 81; setcominae@gmail.com), ref: 2020/02/1207/CE/CNERSH/SP

Study design

Observational longitudinal trial

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Longitudinal study

Study setting(s)

Community

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Treatment of children with moderate acute malnutrition

Interventions

A three-month longitudinal study was carried out by an independent team of researchers within the context of a one-year humanitarian project designed to treat children with moderate wasting (middle-upper arm circumference [MUAC] measures 115mm - 125 mm) by providing caretakers with a bi-weekly voucher to purchase a predefined basket of foods together with essential hygiene and nutrition education.

A sample of 474 children were randomly selected from the cohort enrolled in the program for inclusion in the study. Using a pre/post-test design, we evaluate the effect of the receipt of food vouchers on dietary outcomes using as indicators minimum dietary diversity (MDD) for children aged 6-23 months and dietary diversity scores (DDS) for children aged 24-53 months. Mixed logistic and linear regressions were used to identify factors from socio-demographic data and program activities (cooking demonstrations and nutrition education, perception of food safety, food basket sharing, and lasting) associated with these variables. Life table analysis was employed to assess the likelihood of achieving the MDD among children aged 6-23 months.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

Dietary outcomes were measured using minimum dietary diversity (MDD) for children aged 6-23 months and dietary diversity scores (DDS) for children aged 24-53 months

Secondary outcome measures

1. Matrimonial status measured using face-to-face interview at the baseline.
2. Mother's age measured using face-to-face interview at the baseline.
3. Mother's education level measured using face-to-face interview at the baseline.
4. Sex of child measured using face-to-face interview at the baseline.
5. Age of the child measured using face-to-face interview at the baseline.
6. Household Food Insecurity Access Scale (HFIAS) measured using face-to-face interview at the baseline.
7. Number of participations to cooking demonstrations measured using direct interviews every two weeks for three months.
8. Number of participations to nutrition education measured using direct interviews every two weeks for three months.
9. Number of visits every 2 weeks by Community Health Workers measured using direct interviews every two weeks for three months.
10. Perception regarding the safety of food items redeemed measured using direct interviews every two weeks for three months.
11. Consumption status of enriched porridge by family members measured using direct interviews every two weeks for three months.
12. Lasting status of food items before the next distribution measured using direct interviews every two weeks for three months.

Overall study start date

01/03/2020

Completion date

31/08/2020

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Children aged 6-53 months with middle-upper arm circumference measures between 115 mm and 124 mm

Participant type(s)

Patient, Health professional, Carer, Service user

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

6 Months

Upper age limit

53 Months

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

474

Total final enrolment

474

Key exclusion criteria

1. Children outside the age range
2. Children aged 6-53 months with severe acute malnutrition (MUAC <115 mm) and/or edema

Date of first enrolment

01/03/2020

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2020

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Cameroon

Study participating centre

Kaele Health District

P.O. Box 85

Kaele

Cameroon

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Sponsor information**Organisation**

United States Agency for International Development

Sponsor details

1300 Pennsylvania Ave, NW

Washington D.C.

United States of America

20004

+1 (202) 712-4300

bha.cameroon.DC@usaid.gov

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<https://www.usaid.gov/>

ROR

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

United States Agency for International Development

Alternative Name(s)

U.S. Agency for International Development, Agency for International Development, USAID

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United States of America

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

01/05/2023

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analyzed during the current study are available upon request from Jennifer Nielsen, Senior Nutrition Advisor, Helen Keller Intl, email: jnielsen@hki.org

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol file		14/11/2019	11/12/2023	No	No