

DIAMONDS-SEARCH study: Designing new tests that can diagnose the causes of fever, including COVID-19

Submission date 29/05/2020	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	☐ Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date 22/06/2020	Overall study status Ongoing	☐ Statistical analysis plan
		☐ Results
Last Edited 16/06/2025	Condition category Infections and Infestations	☐ Individual participant data
		☒ Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

DIAMONDS – Diagnosis and Management of Febrile Illness using RNA Personalised Molecular Signature Diagnosis – is a five-year collaborative, multi-partnered research project that will develop a new molecular diagnostic test to provide rapid diagnosis of common infectious bacterial disease, as well as viral and inflammatory diseases. It involves an international, multi-disciplinary team of researchers and scientists from across 28 institutions and 13 countries with 11 of those countries from Europe.

The DIAMONDS research team is addressing the problem that clinicians have when patients who have common symptoms (such as fever) come to hospital. Common infectious and inflammatory diseases account for up to a third of all unplanned hospital and primary care attendances. Currently, if a patient is admitted to hospital with a fever and non-specific symptoms, they could go through a whole series of investigations, such as blood tests, spinal fluid samples, MRI and CT scans, to help clinicians try to identify the cause of their symptoms. These tests can be uncomfortable, expensive and a patient could be waiting days or even weeks before they receive an accurate diagnosis and appropriate treatment, for example patients are often treated with antibiotics as a precautionary measure against serious bacterial infections, which have no effect if the real diagnosis is a self-resolving viral infection. All this puts a huge strain on the patient and the healthcare system.

When trying to find a solution to this problem, researchers have previously found that common diseases are characterised by unique patterns of gene expression (the process of DNA information being converted into instructions for cells to make proteins and other molecules). When a disease is associated with the switching on and off of genes in a patient's blood, it forms its own 'gene signature'. The gene signature has previously been shown to identify bacterial infections with a 95-100% accuracy.

The DIAMONDS research team will use expertise from previous gene signature research to make diagnosis faster and more accurate. The aim is to shorten the diagnosis time to under two hours, using a patient's first blood sample. This diagnostic test may save a patient from unnecessary and potentially painful tests, as well as revolutionise the way healthcare can be delivered and have a positive impact on the health system and medical practitioners delivering healthcare. The first part of the project is recruitment patients with conditions caused by infection and inflammation into DIAMONDS Search. Samples will be taken during the episodes of acute and

convalescent illness. Selected optimal gene signatures for a wide range of infections and inflammatory conditions will be used to build a data library of the identifiable gene signatures of common inflammatory and infectious diseases. By comparing the pattern of genes in a patient's blood sample to the hundreds of gene signatures in the library, diagnosis can be made rapidly. Gene signatures selected from the data library will be used on both existing devices and new prototypes, such as lab-on-chip technology to create test devices, to enable diagnosis of multiple conditions on the same device - a concept called Personalised Molecular Signature Diagnosis (PMSD). PMSD-based care could transform the management of suspected infectious or inflammatory diseases, by driving more efficient and equitable organisation of the way care is delivered to the large numbers of patients presenting with symptoms of infection or inflammation.

As part of the global response to the coronavirus pandemic, the DIAMONDS consortium has repurposed DIAMONDS Search to tackle the urgent global need for improved diagnostics to guide clinical management of patients with confirmed or suspected SARS-CoV-2. The DIAMONDS consortia is undertaking rapid development of novel host RNA-based diagnostic devices that can diagnose SARS-CoV-2 infection and comparator illnesses simultaneously at the point of testing and also to discriminate pure SARS-CoV-2 infection from that caused by co-infections, for instance with bacteria or other infections. DIAMONDS will also elucidate host gene expression signatures associated with different manifestations of Covid-19, inflammatory disease and uncontrolled viral disease.

DIAMONDS is recruiting patients of all ages with suspected and proven Covid-19, across the full spectrum of disease from mild (not admitted to hospital), moderate (admitted to ward only) and severe (intensive care). Samples and data from these highly characterised patients will be used by DIAMONDS consortium biotechnology partners to develop devices to detect diagnostic RNA signature of SARS-CoV-2 infection and signatures predictive of severe disease.

We will not be analysing the clinical information or samples while the patient is in hospital, but will be storing them to be analysed later, so the results are not likely to help manage the patient's illness and will not affect the patient's clinical care. However, the information gained by the study may help improve the diagnosis and treatment patients in the future. If we find significant results that would influence the patient's future care, the clinical care team will contact the patient. There are no disadvantages to joining the study. The small additional amount of blood and other samples taken should not make a difference to the patient's well-being.

DIAMONDS has research funding, totalling €22.5 million over five years, which is provided by the European Commission under the Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme.

Unfortunately, this study is not recruiting public volunteers at this time. This is because researchers are directly identifying volunteers in certain hospitals. Please do not contact the research team as they will not be able to respond. For more information about COVID-19 research, visit the Be Part of Research homepage.

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Prof Michael Levin

ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2767-6919>

Contact details

Dept of Paediatrics
Medical School Building
Imperial College London
Norfolk Place
Paddington
London
United Kingdom
W2 1PG
+44 (0)207 594 3990
m.levin@imperial.ac.uk

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Dr Federico Martín-Torres

ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9023-581X>

Contact details

Pediatría Clínica
Infectológica y Traslacional
Hospital Clínico Universitario de Santiago de Compostela
A Choupana
15706 Santiago de Compostela
Spain
15706
+34 (0)981 955373
Federico.Martinon.Torres@sergas.es

Additional identifiers**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

278651

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

20SM5903, IRAS 278651, CPMS 45537

Study information

Scientific Title

Diagnosis and management of febrile illness using RNA personalised molecular signature diagnosis

Acronym

DIAMONDS

Study objectives

The aim of DIAMONDS is to design new diagnostic tests that can tell quickly and accurately what illness a patient has when they come to hospital with common symptoms such as fever. This would help the right treatment to be given to the right patient, at the right time ('personalised medicine').

There are two recruitment studies in DIAMONDS; DIAMONDS Search which will recruit patients and controls for the first 3 years of the study and DIAMONDS Pilot Demonstration study which will subsequently recruit patients and controls for one year.

Patients with suspected infectious disease or inflammatory disease will be recruited into DIAMONDS Search. Samples will be taken during the acute illness and convalescence, RNA will be extracted from blood samples and the optimum RNA signatures (gene transcripts) for each infectious and inflammatory condition will be selected.

The selected RNA signatures will be used to develop a European Diagnostic Transcriptomic Library (EDTL) whose molecular taxonomy of infectious and inflammatory disease will be used as the basis for personalised diagnosis ("Personalised Molecular Signature Diagnosis (PMSD)"). RNA signatures from EDTL will be used to develop a diagnostic test device which can be used to diagnose infectious and inflammatory conditions. The performance of PMSD will be evaluated by recruitment of patients with infectious disease or inflammatory disease and controls study into the DIAMONDS Pilot Demonstration study.

The COVID-19 pandemic has presented the opportunity to undertake rapid development of a host blood host RNA test to distinguish SARS-CoV-2 Infection from other viral and bacterial infection.

Hypothesis:

The underlying diagnosis in patients presenting with illness suggestive of infection or inflammation can be accurately discriminated using tests that interrogate the gene expression levels of a modest number of transcripts in whole blood.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 14/04/2020, London - Dulwich Research Ethics Committee (Health Research Authority, Skipton House, 80 London Road, London, SE1 6LH, United Kingdom; +44 (0)207 104 8241; dulwich.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 20/HRA/1714

Study design

Observational case-control laboratory study

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Patients with suspected infection or suspected inflammatory conditions including patients with suspected COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2 infection)

Interventions

The researchers will use case-controlled groups of patients presenting to hospital, recruited across Europe, The Gambia and Asia to discover biomarkers of infectious and inflammatory disease, using multi-omic analysis of blood samples from already-available, and prospectively recruited patient samples, from patients with clearly defined clinical conditions, comprising the discovery group. After establishing the gene expression profiles for different conditions, they will validate these on a second, validation group of patients, including prospectively recruited patients in DIAMONDS Search, and samples from other similar ethically approved studies. They will establish a molecular taxonomy of infectious and inflammatory disease and will develop and configure diagnostic devices to rapidly detect gene transcripts required for Personalised Molecular Signature Diagnosis (PMSD).

Intervention Type

Genetic

Primary outcome(s)

Gene expression measured using RNA sequencing at presentation in children and adults with different infectious and inflammatory conditions

RNA biomarker signature with a sensitivity of 95% and specificity of 95% based on groups of at least 50 patients in each diagnostic category, which would allow capture of the effect sizes between the different comparator groups of as little as 1.5 fold change.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Healthcare resource use of patients presenting with infectious and inflammatory illness measured using qualitative questionnaire during admission and 3-6 months after admission

Completion date

31/03/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. A patient of any age who attends or who is admitted at a participating hospital
2. AND who has one or more of the following;
 - 2.1. Fever ($\geq 38.0^{\circ}\text{C}$) or history of fever in the preceding 24 hours
 - 2.2. Symptoms (including non-specific signs) suggestive of infection
 - 2.3. Symptoms suggestive of inflammation (including exacerbation of pre-existing inflammatory disease), and including non-specific signs/symptoms such as fever, joint pains, muscle pains, headaches, lymphadenopathy/fatigue, abdominal pain, rashes, mucosal inflammation, elevated

inflammatory markers, unexplained cytopenias

3. AND EITHER who gives consent for samples to be taken for research

4. OR who retrospectively gives consent, according to a deferred consent model in which consent is obtained after initial sample collection

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

All

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

14091

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients who do not give consent

2. RNA sample is not taken

Date of first enrolment

27/04/2020

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Austria

France

Gambia

Germany

Greece

Italy

Latvia

Nepal

Netherlands

Slovenia

Spain

Switzerland

Taiwan

Study participating centre

Imperial College London

Dept of Paediatrics

Norfolk Place

Paddington

London

United Kingdom

W2 1PG

Study participating centre

Imperial College NHS Healthcare Trust

St Mary's Hospital, Paddington

London

United Kingdom

W2 1NY

Study participating centre

London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine

Keppel St

Bloomsbury

London

United Kingdom

WC1E 7HT

Study participating centre

University of Oxford

John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way

Headington

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 9DU

Study participating centre

Liverpool University

Alder Hey Children's Hospital
Eaton Road
Liverpool
United Kingdom
L12 2AP

Study participating centre

University of Newcastle

Royal Victoria Infirmary
New Victoria Wing
Queen Victoria Road
Newcastle Upon Tyne
United Kingdom
NE1 4LP

Study participating centre

Aintree University Hospital

Lower Lane
Fazakerley
Liverpool
United Kingdom
L9 7AL

Study participating centre

Evelina London Children's Hospital

Westminster Bridge Rd
London
United Kingdom
SE1 7EH

Study participating centre

Southampton General Hospital

Tremona Road
Southampton
United Kingdom
SO16 6YD

Study participating centre
Royal Alexandra Children's Hospital
North Drive
Brighton
United Kingdom
BN2 5BE

Study participating centre
Academisch Medisch Centrum, Universiteit van Amsterdam
Meibergdreef 9
Amsterdam
Netherlands
1105 AZ

Study participating centre
Erasmus University Medical Center
Doctor Molewaterplein 40
Rotterdam
Netherlands
3015 GD

Study participating centre
Stichting Katholieke Universiteit, Radboud University
Geert Grooteplein Zuid 10
Nijmegen
Netherlands
6525 GA

Study participating centre
UMC Utrecht
Heidelberglaan 100
Utrecht
Netherlands
3584 CX

Study participating centre
Ludwig Maximilians University (LMU)
Div. Paediatric Infectious Diseases
Hauner Children's Hospital
University Hospital, Ludwig Maximilians University (LMU)

Medical Center of the University of Munich
Ziemssenstraße 1
München
Germany
80336

Study participating centre
Assistance Publique - Hopitaux De Paris
3 Avenue Victori
Paris
France
75004

Study participating centre
Universita Degli Studi di Milano
Via Festa del Perdono 7
Milan
Italy
20122

Study participating centre
Bambino Gesù Hospital
Piazza di Sant'Onofrio, 4
Rome
Italy
00165

Study participating centre
Servicio Galego de Saúde
Hospital Clínico Universitario de Santiago de Compostela
A Choupana
Santiago de Compostela
Spain
15706

Study participating centre
Fundacion Para La Investigacion Biomedica Del Hospital Universitario "Doce De Octubre
Plaza de Carlos Trias Bertrán
Madrid
Spain
28020

Study participating centre

National and Kapodistrian University Of Athens

National and Kapodistrian University of Athens (NKUA)

School of Medicine

P. and A. Kyriakou Children's Hospital

Athens

Greece

115 27 Athens

Study participating centre

Rīgas Stradiņa Universitāte

Dzirčiema iela 16

Kurzemes rajons

Riga

Latvia

LV-1007

Study participating centre

Univerzitetni Klinični Center, Ljubljana

University Children's Hospital

University Medical Centre Ljubljana

Bohoričeva 20

Ljubljana

Slovenia

SI-1000 Ljubljana

Study participating centre

Inselspital, Bern University Hospital

Department of Pediatrics

Inselspital, Bern University Hospital

University of Bern

Freiburgstrasse 18

Bern

Switzerland

3010

Study participating centre

National Cheng Kung University Hospital

No. 138, Shengli Road

North District

Tainan City
Taiwan
704

Study participating centre
MRC Unit The Gambia at LSHTM
Atlantic Boulevard
P. O. Box 273
Fajara
Gambia
-

Study participating centre
Patan Academy of Health Sciences Pediatric Research
Kathmandu
Nepal
-

Study participating centre
Medical University Graz
Department of General Paediatrics
Graz
Austria
-

Sponsor information

Organisation
Imperial College London

ROR
<https://ror.org/041kmwe10>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name

European Commission

Alternative Name(s)

European Union, Comisión Europea, Europäische Kommission, EU-Kommissionen, Euroopa Komisjoni, EC, EU

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publically available repository.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes