

Antibiotic prophylaxis in varicose vein surgery

Submission date 30/09/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 30/09/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 05/01/2010	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0084125086

Study information

Scientific Title

A double blinded randomised controlled trial of antibiotic prophylaxis in varicose vein surgery

Study objectives

To compare antibiotic prophylaxis with no antibiotic, with primary endpoint being the rate of wound infection.

Please note that as of 13/02/2009 this record was extensively updated. All amendments can be found in the relevant field under the above update date.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Added 13/02/2009: Hull and East Riding Local Research Ethics Committee gave approval on the 23rd September 2002 (ref: LREC/08/02/135)

Study design

Double blinded randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: Varicose vein

Interventions

1. Antibiotics (Augmentin 1.2 g)
2. No antibiotics

The treatment was a one-off treatment (varicose vein surgery), which lasted a range of 44 - 65 minutes. Patients were seen once at 14 days post-operation.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Added 13/02/2009:

The degree of wound complications, determined by an adapted version of the ASEPSIS wound scoring system.

Secondary outcome measures

Added 13/02/2009:

1. Visit to the General Practitioner for a wound-related problem
2. The requirement of antibiotics in the post-operative period for a perceived wound infection

Overall study start date

09/04/2003

Completion date

01/06/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Added 13/02/2009:

1. Aged 18 years or older, either sex
2. Undergoing groin surgery for varicose veins. All patients with varicosities of the greater saphenous vein (GSV) listed for saphenofemoral ligation, stripping of the GSV and phlebectomies were eligible to enter the trial.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

572

Key exclusion criteria

Added 13/02/2009:

1. Patients whose surgery did not include a groin incision
2. Patients below the age of 18 years
3. Pregnancy or lactation
4. Penicillin allergy
5. Receiving antibiotics for other indications

Date of first enrolment

09/04/2003

Date of final enrolment

01/06/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Dept of Vascular Surgery

Hull

United Kingdom

HU3 2JZ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

Richmond House

79 Whitehall

London

United Kingdom

SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

The North and South Bank Research and Development Consortium (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan
Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2010		Yes	No