

# Developing a new vital sign monitor for newborn babies

<b>Submission date</b>	<b>Recruitment status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
16/12/2024	No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b>	<b>Overall study status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
14/04/2025	Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b>	<b>Condition category</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
14/04/2025	Neonatal Diseases	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Approximately 10% of newborns require help with adapting to life outside the womb at birth. Providing this assistance using international guidelines based on the latest medical evidence has been shown to improve survival and reduce disability. Delivering the best possible care in the first 5 to 10 minutes of life requires a complex approach involving rapid, accurate and reliable monitoring of heart rate, blood oxygen levels and temperature. Applying each piece of monitoring equipment separately and waiting for the devices to provide an accurate reading takes time, delaying crucial information. This equipment is also typically wired and thus can cause physical disruption during the process of monitoring.

This research study will test a new wireless monitoring device (VS Patch) which can measure heart rate, blood oxygen levels and temperature in newborn babies at delivery. All of the sensors which are required for these measurements are present on this single device which can be placed directly on to the babies' chest. Information from the device is sent wirelessly to a monitor through an electronic module, avoiding cables trailing from the baby to the monitor.

### Who can participate?

Newborn babies on the labour ward and neonatal unit above 24 weeks gestation can participate in the study.

### What does the study involve?

The VS Patch device will be attached to babies alongside currently used monitoring devices, leaving these in place for up to one hour. Once the monitoring is complete, all of the trial equipment will be removed from the baby.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is no intended benefit for participating babies, but we hope babies born in the future will benefit from this research by helping help doctors, nurses and midwives look after newborn babies better.

The device shines a light on to the babies' skin to measure their blood oxygen levels and heart rate. It is possible that heat from the light could cause redness to babies' skin. This is very

unlikely to happen because the light source will not come into contact with the skin, its use will be for a short time and closely monitored. Current oxygen monitoring devices use a similar light with no problems when used like this. If there is any redness the device will be removed. As with all devices for patient care, these have been tested for safety by the hospital engineers. If during any part of the study, the clinical or research team feel that the study is impacting on the care of the baby or mother, then the research team will end the observation and remove the study monitoring equipment.

**Where is the study run from?**

The study is run from the Centre for Perinatal Research (CePR) within the University of Nottingham (UK).

**When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?**

June 2024 to January 2026

**Who is funding the study?**

The study is being funded by the National Institute for Health and Care Research in the UK.

**Who is the main contact?**

Professor Don Sharkey, Chief Investigator, [don.sharkey@nottingham.ac.uk](mailto:don.sharkey@nottingham.ac.uk)

Dr Syed Taha, Clinical Research Fellow, [syed.taha@nottingham.ac.uk](mailto:syed.taha@nottingham.ac.uk)

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Prof Don Sharkey

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## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

### Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

331800

### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

## Protocol serial number

CPMS 63789, NIHR204171

# Study information

## Scientific Title

VS Patch: A wireless, multiparameter newborn monitoring system for resuscitation at birth

## Study objectives

This research study will test a new wireless monitoring device (VS Patch) which can measure heart rate, blood oxygen levels and temperature in newborn babies at delivery.

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

approved 25/08/2024, North of Scotland Research Ethics Committee (Summerfield House, 2 Eday Road, Aberdeen, AB15 6RE, United Kingdom; +44 1224558458; gram.nosres@nhs.scot), ref: 24/NS/0085

## Study design

Interventional non-randomised

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Diagnostic

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Measure heart rate, blood oxygen levels and temperature in newborn babies

## Interventions

This is an observational study. We will evaluate the VS Patch device on 50 newborn babies; this number has been selected to satisfy requirements stipulated by regulatory bodies. These babies will be recruited from two labour suites and two neonatal units. We will recruit babies ranging from 24 weeks gestation upwards. We will aim to include at least 15 dark-skinned participants to ensure good representation. Consent will be obtained from all of the babies' parents before entry into the study.

Within the labour suites, 20 babies will be recruited. The obstetric or midwifery teams will inform the research team of any imminent deliveries where consent has been taken. The research team will attend the delivery and attach the VS Patch device to the baby at birth alongside currently used monitoring devices, leaving these in place for one hour if possible. Once the monitoring is complete, all of the trial equipment will be removed from the baby. If required, a neonatal team will be in attendance to provide assistance to the baby. If during any

part of the study, the neonatal, research or obstetric team feel that it is impacting on the care of the participant or the mother, then the research team will end the observation and remove the monitoring equipment.

Within the neonatal units, 30 babies will be recruited. The research team will liaise with the neonatal team to identify babies who are medically stable. The research team will attach the VS Patch device to the baby alongside currently used monitoring devices, leaving these in place for one hour if possible. Once the monitoring is complete, all of the trial equipment will be removed from the baby. If during any part of the study, the neonatal or research team feel that it is impacting on the care of the participant, then the research team will end the observation and remove the monitoring equipment.

### **Intervention Type**

Device

### **Phase**

Not Applicable

### **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

VS Patch

### **Primary outcome(s)**

Measurement of heart rate and oxygen saturations by the VS patch compared with predicate devices in clinical use (ECG and pulse oximeter) during neonatal care

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Signal acquisition time (seconds) of VS Patch device for a) ECG and b) photoplethysmogram of optical signal from time of placement on baby
2. Comparison of surface temperature measurement of VS Patch (oC) compared to standard clinical measures taken by attending clinical team during first hour of patch in place

### **Completion date**

30/01/2026

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Infants of 24 weeks gestation and above within the labour suite and anticipated to need vital sign monitoring
2. Infants of 24 weeks gestation and above within the neonatal unit deemed stable by the clinical team and undergoing vital sign monitoring
3. All infants must have verbal or written informed consent from the parent/carer
4. All infants must have a realistic prospect of survival as determined by the attending clinical team

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Neonate

**Lower age limit**

0 days

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Infants that are not for active resuscitation
2. Infants that are receiving therapeutic hypothermia
3. Infants that are undergoing end-of-life care
4. Infants that have had surgery involving the chest/upper abdominal area
5. If multiple births, then only the first baby born shall be recruited (due to resource limitations with equipment and researchers attending the birth)

**Date of first enrolment**

01/11/2024

**Date of final enrolment**

30/08/2025

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

**Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust**

Trust Headquarters

Queens Medical Centre

Derby Road

Nottingham

United Kingdom

NG7 2UH

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

University of Nottingham

ROR

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Government

### Funder Name

NIHR Central Commissioning Facility (CCF)

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication

### IPD sharing plan summary

Published as a supplement to the results publication

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes