

# Randomised controlled trial to assess an all-polyethylene tibia medial rotation knee implant compared to a metal-backed tibia implant

<b>Submission date</b> 17/12/2014	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 15/04/2015	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 18/12/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Total knee replacement has been performed for over 40 years as last resort treatment of arthritis and damaged knee joints. A knee replacement aims to reduce pain, stiffness and immobility. The most common measures of success in joint replacement surgery to date has been the rate at which a revision is required (further surgery to replace worn out components etc). The success of an implant can also be determined using validated patient reported outcome measures (PROMs) which are defined as validated measures to assess any aspect of health which come from the patient themselves.

The Medial Rotation Knee (MRK) from MatOrtho Limited is a total knee replacement system that was CE marked in 1994. It has proven to be a very successful design of knee replacement and shows the best revision rates at only 1.83% in 7 years from the UK. This study will compare two types of knee replacement implants (all-polyethylene tibia medial rotation knee implant vs metal-backed tibial medial rotation knee).

### Who can participate?

Adult patients undergoing total knee arthroplasty for any indication.

### What does the study involve?

Participants will be allocated to one of the two groups: 75 will receive metal-backed MRK implants and 75 will receive all-polyethylene tibia MRK implants. They will then be followed up over a 2 year period, during which they will be asked to complete various PROMs questionnaires, before and after the operation.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Taking part in the study will not impose any further risks on to the patient. The patients will be asked to attend an extra follow up appointment 2 years post-operatively and travel expenses will be offered to the patients to minimise any inconvenience. The potential risks of the surgery will remain the same regardless of whether the patient takes part or not, this will be fully explained to the patient during the consent process.

Where is the study run from?

The study is run by the Robert Jones & Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Foundation Trust and the patients will be recruited from 3 NHS sites across the UK.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

July 2014 to December 2018 (updated 03/07/2019, previously: July 2018)

Who is funding the study?

MatOrtho Ltd.

Who is the main contact?

Dr Catherine Whittall

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## Contact information

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## Additional identifiers

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

164614

**Protocol serial number**

MOP0001, IRAS 164614

## **Study information**

**Scientific Title**

Medial Rotation Knee Randomised Controlled Trial Allpolyethylene versus Metal backed tibia

**Acronym**

MRK Poly Vs Metal

**Study objectives**

There is no difference in range of motion between the all-polyethylene tibia and metal-backed tibial medial rotation knee implants.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

NRES Committee North West - Greater Manchester South, 26/02/2015, ref: 15/NW/0005

**Study design**

Multi-centre randomised controlled interventional study

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Patients undergoing total knee arthroplasty for any indication.

**Interventions**

Participants in the study will all be undergoing total knee arthroplasty, group A will receive the all-polyethylene tibia medial rotation knee implant whereas group B will receive the metal-backed tibial medial rotation knee.

**Intervention Type**

Device

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Medial Rotation Total Knee Replacement

**Primary outcome(s)**

Compare the mean range of motion (ROM) of the all-polyethylene tibia MRK to the metal-backed tibia MRK. A difference of means in ROM of 5 degrees or more will be used to determine if there is a difference in the clinical outcome of the all-polyethylene tibia and the metal-backed tibia.

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

Patient reported outcome measures will be compared for the two treatment arms, including the Oxford Knee Score, the EQ-5D, Modified Forgotten Joint Score, and the UCLA Activity score.

### **Completion date**

31/12/2021

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Primary total knee arthroplasty (for any indication)
2. Informed consent to participate in the study provided by the patient
3. Patients aged over 18 years
4. Able to understand and respond to Patient-reported outcome measures (PROMs) for the duration of the study period

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Lower age limit**

18 years

### **Sex**

All

### **Total final enrolment**

162

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Severe muscular, neurological or vascular deficiencies which compromise the affected extremity
2. Bone deficiency or deficient bone quality likely to compromise the implant (as determined by surgical team on pre-operative radiographs)
3. Severe ligament instability
4. Hypersensitivity to the materials used
5. Alcoholism or other addictive disorders
6. Sepsis
7. Osteomyelitis

- 8. Osteomalacia
- 9. Severe osteoporosis – clinical judgement
- 10. Metabolic disorders which may impair bone formation
- 11. Patients lacking capacity to provide consent
- 12. Those whose prospects for a recovery to independent mobility would be compromised by known pre-existing medical conditions
- 13. Patients who have their contralateral knee already in the study

**Date of first enrolment**

09/04/2015

**Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2018

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

**Robert Jones & Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital NHS Foundation Trust**

Oswestry

Shropshire

United Kingdom

SY10 7AG

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

MatOrtho Limited

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Industry

**Funder Name**

MatOrtho Limited

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Current individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan as of 24/08/2023:  
The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available

Previous individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan:  
The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication

**IPD sharing plan summary**  
Not expected to be made available

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes