# A randomised controlled study of contact slips versus urine testing for partner notification of patients with genital chlamydial infection

Submission date Recruitment status [ ] Prospectively registered 29/09/2006 No longer recruiting [ ] Protocol [ ] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 29/09/2006 Completed [X] Results [ ] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category Infections and Infestations 11/01/2010

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Ade Apoola

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number N0077174487

# Study information

Scientific Title

## **Study objectives**

To find if giving female index patients diagnosed with chlamydia a home sampling kit for sexual contacts leads to more partners being identified and treated than giving out traditional contacts slips.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chlamydia

#### **Interventions**

200 female patients attending the Genito-Urinary clinic at the Derby Royal Infirmary with a diagnosis of genital chlamydia infection will be invited to participate in the study. Following informed consent, participants will be randomised to either the conventional partner notification arm using contact slips or the home sampling kit for partner notification arm. Patients in the conventional arm of the study will be seen by a health advisor and details of contacts recorded. Contact slips will be given to the index patient to give to sexual contacts who then bring this into the clinic for testing using a traditional urethral swab and receive appropriate treatment. Sexual contacts will be invited to see the health advisor and have screening tests for other sexually transmitted infections when they come into the clinic.

# Intervention Type

Other

#### **Phase**

Not Specified

## Primary outcome(s)

The number of partners treated per index case

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Not provided at time of registration

#### Completion date

31/03/2007

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

200 female patients attending the Genito-Urinary clinic at the Derby Royal Infirmary during the study period with a diagnosis of genital chlamydia infection.

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Female

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients whose sexual contacts are not in Derbyshire or are untraceable
- 2. Sexual contacts under the age of 16

#### Date of first enrolment

28/02/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

31/03/2007

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

# Study participating centre Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Derby United Kingdom DE1 2QY

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Record Provided by the NHSTCT Register - 2006 Update - Department of Health

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

# **Funder Name**

Derby Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (UK) - NHS R&D Support Funding

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/11/2009		Yes	No