

Can a protein found in urine, called perilipin-1, be used as a marker to diagnose kidney cancer?

Submission date 22/01/2024	Recruitment status Recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 06/02/2024	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 06/02/2024	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Kidney cancer (KC) is the third most common type of tumor in the urinary system for both men and women and sadly, it's also one of the top causes of cancer-related deaths. Right now, there's no reliable test to catch KC early. This study aims to change that by looking into whether a substance called Perilipin-1 in your urine could be a good sign that you might have KC, no matter what stage the cancer is at. In simpler terms, this study is trying to find a urine test that could help catch KC earlier than it is right now.

Who can participate?

Patients with KC and healthy controls aged 18 years old and over

What does the study involve?

The present study is an analytical, case-control, prospective study that considers two groups: Cases: patients who have been diagnosed with KC at any stage who are going to undergo one of the following:

1. Surgical treatment (partial or radical nephrectomy).
2. Systemic treatment for KC with histological confirmation of renal cancer by percutaneous biopsy

Controls: healthy volunteers who undergo a preventive check-up where an image (ultrasound, CT, or MRI) excludes renal masses (benign or malignant).

Urine creatinine and PLIN-1 will be measured in urine samples at baseline (cases and controls) and six months after surgery (only for cases). The urine sample will be obtained from voided urine, except for the baseline sample of patients undergoing nephrectomy, which will be obtained by bladder catheterization on the day of surgery.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants will not receive any experimental therapy, and there will be no cost to participate in the study. Finding a urinary marker that allows population screening will permit early diagnosis of KC, which will imply a better oncological outcome.

No risks provided at the time of registration.

Where is the study run from?
Clinica Alemana (Santiago, Chile)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
April 2023 to December 2026

Who is funding the study?
Clinica Alemana (Santiago, Chile)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Hugo Otaola, hotaola@alemana.cl

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

ID 1201

Study information

Scientific Title

EvaluaTion Of urinaRy pErilipin-1 As a Diagnostic biOmarker in patients with kidney cancer

Acronym

TOREADOR

Study objectives

Urinary Perilipin-1 is a valid diagnostic biomarker of kidney cancer in all its stages.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 24/04/2023, Comité Etico Científico de la Facultad de Medicina Clínica Alemana de Santiago-Universidad Del Desarrollo (Avda. La Plaza 680, Las Condes, Santiago, 7610658, Chile; None provided; ceccasudd@udd.cl), ref: 2023-25

Study design

Analytical case-control prospective study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Case-control study

Study setting(s)

Hospital, University/medical school/dental school

Study type(s)

Diagnostic, Screening

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Screening in patients with kidney cancer

Interventions

This is an analytical, case-control, prospective study that involves two experimental groups:

- a) Cases: patients diagnosed with kidney cancer who are going to undergo nephrectomy (partial or radical). A urine sample (30 mL) will be obtained from a Folley catheter at the beginning of the kidney surgery. Additionally, a voided urine sample (30 mL) will be collected six months after surgery.
- b) Controls: healthy volunteers. A voided urine sample (30 mL) will be collected at the inclusion in the study.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

1. Creatinine (mg/dL) in urine samples measured with the modified JAFFE method, using the CREATININE DMSO kit (Applied Clinical Chemistry. S.A, Amposta, Spain) at baseline (cases and controls) and at six months after surgery (only for cases)
2. Perilipin-1 (PLIN-1) (ng/dL) in urine samples measured with a Sandwich ELISA assay using Human PLIN1/Perilipin Sandwich ELISA kit at baseline (cases and controls) and at six months after surgery (only for cases)

Secondary outcome measures

There are no secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

01/04/2023

Completion date

31/12/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Cases:

1. Patients ≥ 18 -yr, male or female
2. Diagnosed with kidney cancer at any stage
3. Who are willing to undergo one of the following:
 - 3.1. Surgical treatment (partial or radical nephrectomy).
 - 3.2. Systemic treatment for kidney cancer with histological confirmation of renal cancer by percutaneous biopsy

Controls:

1. Healthy volunteers, ≥ 18 -yr old, male or female
2. Who undergo a preventive check-up where an image (ultrasound, CT or MRI) excludes renal masses (benign or malignant)

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer, Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

150 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

110

Key exclusion criteria

Cases:

1. Personal history of kidney surgery (for benign or malignant disease).
2. Current or recent treatment (<6 months) with chemotherapy, immunotherapy, or immune checkpoint inhibitors.
3. Clinical diagnosis of kidney cancer without histological confirmation

Controls:

1. Study in progress for possible kidney cancer
2. Personal history of kidney surgery, both for benign and malignant pathology
3. Current or recent treatment (<6 months) with chemotherapy, immunotherapy, or immune checkpoint inhibitors

Date of first enrolment

18/05/2023

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2025

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Chile

Study participating centre

Clínica Alemana Santiago

Av Vitacura 5951, Vitacura, Región metropolitana

Santiago

Chile

7650568

Sponsor information

Organisation

Clínica Alemana

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<https://www.clinicaalemana.cl/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/028ynny55>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Clínica Alemana de Santiago

Alternative Name(s)

Clínica Alemana

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

Spain

Results and Publications**Publication and dissemination plan**

Presentation of results at national and international conferences and publication in high-impact peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

01/06/2027

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a non-publicly available repository (www.redcap.alemana.cl)

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in non-publicly available repository