

# Investigating hormones triggering the onset of sustained lactation

<b>Submission date</b> 28/06/2021	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 07/07/2021	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 02/10/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Breastfeeding is controlled by hormones that trigger the start of milk secretion (known as secretory activation) within the first few days after giving birth. Delayed secretory activation is a major cause of breastfeeding failure. However, the hormone levels required for secretory activation and successful breastfeeding are unknown. The INSIGHT pilot study will assess the feasibility of collecting maternal blood samples for hormone measurements within the first days after giving birth and the main INSIGHT study will establish the reference intervals for hormone levels in the blood during the first 4 days after giving birth.

### Who can participate?

Pregnant women aged 18 and over who are intending to breastfeed

### What does the study involve?

The researchers will take a blood sample during the third trimester, and then collect blood samples before and after a breastfeed on each of the first 4 days after giving birth. They would also like to obtain a urine and breast milk sample on day 4 after giving birth. Each participant will be asked to keep a diary of when her milk comes in.

### Where is the study run from?

The Women's Centre at the John Radcliffe Hospital (UK)

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

March 2020 to July 2024

### Who is funding the study?

The Family Larsson-Rosenquist Foundation (Switzerland)

### Who is the main contact?

Prof. Fadil Hannan  
fadil.hannan@wrh.ox.ac.uk

## Study website

<https://www.ocehl.ox.ac.uk/>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Prof Fadil Hannan

### ORCID ID

<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-2975-5170>

### Contact details

Nuffield Department of Women's and Reproductive Health  
University of Oxford  
Level 4, Women's Centre  
John Radcliffe Hospital  
Headley Way  
Headington  
Oxford  
United Kingdom  
OX3 9DU  
+44 (0)1865 222937  
[fadil.hannan@wrh.ox.ac.uk](mailto:fadil.hannan@wrh.ox.ac.uk)

## Additional identifiers

### EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

### IRAS number

278264

### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

### Secondary identifying numbers

IRAS 278264, PID 14930

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Investigating hormones triggering the onset of sustained lactation

### Acronym

INSIGHT

### Study objectives

Current study hypothesis as of 11/08/2022:

Breastfeeding is a hormonally controlled process that is important for promoting infant growth and development and reducing the maternal risk of diseases such as diabetes and breast cancer. However, the hormone concentrations required to initiate lactation in the early postpartum period are unknown. The INSIGHT study involves an initial pilot phase to evaluate the feasibility of sample collection in the early postpartum period. The main study phase will characterise lactation hormone concentrations at the onset of copious milk secretion during the first 4 days post-partum. The INSIGHT study aims to establish reference intervals for hormones initiating lactation in the early postpartum period.

Previous study hypothesis:

Breastfeeding is a hormonally controlled process that is important for promoting infant growth and development and reducing the risk of diseases such as diabetes and breast cancer in the mother. This pilot observational study will evaluate the feasibility of sample collection in the early postpartum period for defining lactation hormone concentrations at the onset of copious milk secretion.

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

Approved 11/09/2020, East of England - Cambridgeshire and Hertfordshire Research Ethics Committee (The Old Chapel, Royal Standard Place, Nottingham, NG1 6FS, UK; +44 (0)207 104 8096, +44 (0)207 104 8106, +44 (0)207 104 8265; cambsandherts.rec@hra.nhs.uk), REC ref: 20/EE/0172

### **Study design**

Observational study with an internal pilot feasibility study

### **Primary study design**

Observational

### **Secondary study design**

Cohort study

### **Study setting(s)**

Hospital

### **Study type(s)**

Other

### **Participant information sheet**

See study output table

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Breastfeeding

### **Interventions**

Current intervention as of 10/08/2022:

The INSIGHT study involves the following study procedures:

Baseline (pregnancy):

Blood sample collection on a single occasion during late pregnancy

Postpartum:

1. Self-recording of breast fullness during postpartum days 1-4
2. Blood sample collection before and after a breastfeed on postpartum days 1-4
3. Spot urine sample collection on postpartum day 4
4. Breast milk collection on postpartum day 4

Previous intervention:

The INSIGHT pilot study involves the following study procedures:

Baseline (pregnancy):

Blood sample collection on a single occasion during late pregnancy

Postpartum:

1. Self-recording of breast fullness during postpartum days 1-4
2. Blood sample collection before and after a breastfeed on postpartum day 4
3. Spot urine sample collection on postpartum day 4
4. Breast milk collection on postpartum day 4

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Primary outcome measure**

Current primary outcome measure as of 10/08/2022:

INSIGHT study:

Serum hormone reference intervals established by parametric or non-parametric analysis during the first 4 days post-partum

INSIGHT pilot study:

Feasibility of postpartum sample collection: assessed using the proportion of participants willing to be recruited and provide samples on the 4th day postpartum

Previous primary outcome measure:

Feasibility of postpartum sample collection: assessed using the proportion of participants willing to be recruited and provide samples on the 4th day postpartum

## **Secondary outcome measures**

Current secondary outcome measures as of 10/08/2022:

INSIGHT study:

The following outcomes will be measured using biochemical analysis during the first 4 days post-partum:

1. Longitudinal changes in serum lactation hormones
2. Associations between serum lactation hormones and maternal co-morbidities, medications, mode of delivery, or pregnancy complications
3. Serum lactation hormone concentrations correlated with timing of onset of milk production
4. Breast milk hormone composition
5. Serum lactation hormones correlated with breast milk volume.

INSIGHT pilot study:

1. Lactation hormones measured by immunoassay in blood and urine samples on the 4th day

postpartum

2. Breast milk hormones and bioactive molecules measured by immunoassay in breast milk samples on the 4th day postpartum

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Lactation hormones measured by immunoassay in blood and urine samples on the 4th day postpartum

2. Breast milk hormones and bioactive molecules measured by immunoassay in breast milk samples on the 4th day postpartum

**Overall study start date**

01/03/2020

**Completion date**

31/12/2024

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Pregnant women, aged  $\geq 18$  years
2. Term singleton pregnancy ( $\geq 37$  weeks gestation)
3. Intention to fully or partially breastfeed
4. Willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Female

**Target number of participants**

1068

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Severe maternal illness including diagnosis of postpartum depression or psychosis
2. Severe infant illness including major congenital abnormalities and infants who are only expected to live for a short period of time
3. Prolonged separation of infant from mother e.g. due to admission to the neonatal unit
4. Major COVID-19 symptoms e.g. pyrexia and continuous cough
5. Mother or infant infected with blood-borne viruses such as HIV
6. Resides outside of Oxfordshire
7. Safeguarding issues that may impede the safety of research staff carrying out home visits
8. Current participation in another research study that involves investigational medicinal products

**Date of first enrolment**

01/09/2021

**Date of final enrolment**

01/07/2024

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust**

Headley Way

Headington

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 9DU

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

University of Oxford

**Sponsor details**

Joint Research Office

Clinical Trials and Research Governance (CTRG)

1st floor, Boundary Brook House

Churchill Drive

Headington

Oxford

England

United Kingdom

OX3 7GB

+44 (0)1865 289885

ctrng@admin.ox.ac.uk

**Sponsor type**

University/education

**Website**

<https://researchsupport.admin.ox.ac.uk/ctrng#/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/052gg0110>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Charity

### Funder Name

Family LarssonRosenquist Foundation

### Alternative Name(s)

Familie Larsson-Rosenquist Stiftung, LarssonRosenquist Foundation, The Family Larsson-Rosenquist Foundation, Family Larsson Rosenquist Foundation, FLRF, FLRS

### Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

### Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

### Location

Switzerland

## Results and Publications

### Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication at a high-impact peer-reviewed journal. The researchers are also planning to publish the study protocol.

### Intention to publish date

01/09/2026

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available. The main aim of this pilot study is to assess the feasibility of participant recruitment and sample collection. Therefore, there may be little or no participant-level data. In addition, the consent form does not specify sharing of any participant-level data.

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	version V1.0	28/04/2021	08/07/2021	No	Yes

<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	30/08/2022	31/08/2022	Yes	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>		28/06/2023	No	No