# Teledermatology in urban and rural general practice

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
23/01/2004		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed Condition category	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited		[] Individual participant data		
17/09/2010	Skin and Connective Tissue Diseases			

### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

### Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

**Prof Richard Wootton** 

#### Contact details

Institute of Telemedicine and Telecare Royals Hospitals Trust Belfast United Kingdom BT12 6BA r.wootton@pobox.com

### Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

PSI03-33

### Study information

### Scientific Title

### **Study objectives**

Comparison of real time teledermatology with outpatient dermatology in terms of clinical outcomes, cost-benefits, and patient reattendance.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Received from local medical ethics committee

### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Other

### Study type(s)

Diagnostic

### Participant information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Skin and connective tissue diseases

#### Interventions

Patients randomised to a teledermatology consultation attended their own health centre and, in the company of a general practitioner, were seen by a hospital dermatologist over the videolink. Patients randomised to a hospital consultation were seen by the dermatologist in the outpatient department as normal. The dermatologist recorded a diagnosis, management plan, clinical outcome of consultation, and length of consultation time. All patients received an accelerated referral and were seen within 10 days.

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Phase**

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Reported clinical outcome of initial consultation
- 2. Primary care and outpatient reattendance data
- 3. Cost-benefit analysis of both methods of delivering care

### Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

### Overall study start date

01/06/1995

### Completion date

01/12/2000

### Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

204 general practice patients requiring referral to dermatology services; 102 were randomised to teledermatology consultation and 102 to traditional outpatient consultation.

### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

### Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

Both

### Target number of participants

204

### Key exclusion criteria

Does not match inclusion criteria

### Date of first enrolment

01/06/1995

### Date of final enrolment

01/12/2000

### Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Northern Ireland

**United Kingdom** 

Study participating centre
Institute of Telemedicine and Telecare
Belfast
United Kingdom
BT12 6BA

### Sponsor information

### Organisation

Record Provided by the NHS R&D 'Time-Limited' National Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

### Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

### Sponsor type

Government

#### Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Government

### **Funder Name**

NHS Primary and Secondary Care Interface National Research and Development Programme (UK)

### **Results and Publications**

### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

**IPD sharing plan summary**Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	preliminary results	01/12/1998		Yes	No
Results article	results	06/05/2000		Yes	No