

Accelerating delivery of psychological therapies after stroke

Submission date 03/02/2016	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 04/02/2016	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 14/04/2025	Condition category Nervous System Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

A stroke is a serious condition where the blood supply to a part of the brain is cut off, usually by a blood clot blocking an artery (ischaemic stroke) or a bleed (haemorrhagic stroke). A large proportion of stroke victims suffer from long-term complications depending on the area of the brain that is affected, which can affect their ability to move, speak or even their cognitive function (memory loss, difficulty reasoning and confusion). Psychological problems, such as depression, are common after stroke and can have negative effects on stroke survivors and their carers. Although general psychological services exist (e.g. Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) services), there is a lack of psychological support available for stroke survivors. This may be because of the range of difficulties that stroke survivors might have, such as communication problems, which make it more challenging for services to provide effective support. This study aims to find out whether existing IAPT services can be adapted so that they are useful for stroke survivors.

Who can participate?

Adults who have suffered from a stroke and their carers, as well as staff working in the hospital and community settings at each of the sites.

What does the study involve?

At the start of the study, interviews will be held with stroke survivors to find out about their experience and views of psychological services. Staff of stroke services and psychological services staff are also interviewed in order to assess the current psychological care offered. Following this, notes of patients who have previously been admitted to hospital are reviewed in order to find out whether the initial stages of the study (i.e. the process mapping and the development of the implementation package) even before the main part of the study has started, has an effect on the psychological support patients receive, for example by raising staff awareness of unmet needs. The main trial involves stroke services being randomly allocated to one of two dates to begin the implementation package, spaced three months apart. The implementation package is adopted into normal care and involves training the staff of stroke teams and IAPT teams in order to provide psychological help to stroke survivors when needed. After 6 weeks and 6 months, patients are asked to complete a number of questionnaires in order to find out if the package has had any effect on their mood and general wellbeing. At the end of

the study, patients, carers and staff are interviewed in order to give their opinions about their experiences.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from?

Four stroke services in NHS trusts based in the North-West of England

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

November 2015 to December 2016

Who is funding the study?

1. National Institute for Health Research (UK)

2. MQ: Transforming Mental health (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Elizabeth Lightbody

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Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Dr Elizabeth Lightbody

Contact details

University of Central Lancashire

Clinical Practice Research Unit (CPRU)

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Preston

United Kingdom

PR1 2HE

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

20096

Study information

Scientific Title

Accelerating Delivery Of Psychological Therapies after Stroke (ADOPTS)

Acronym

ADOPTS

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to explore the feasibility and acceptability of providing psychological support to stroke survivors in the NHS through exploring the operationalisation of an Implementation Package using a stepped-wedge trial design.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

NRES Committee Yorkshire and The Humber - Leeds East, 20/08/2015, ref: 15/YH/0343

Study design

A feasibility stepped-wedge cluster randomised trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Stroke; Subtopic: Rehabilitation; Disease: Therapy type

Interventions

At the start of the study, stroke survivors are interviewed in order to find out about their experience and views of psychological services. In addition, staff at stroke services and psychological services staff are interviewed in order to inform the design of the implementation package (developed in earlier phases of the project).

The Implementation Package itself will establish a care pathway for patients with psychological needs after stroke, based on a stepped care model. The pathway will focus on the collaborative work between the stroke teams and IAPT teams, allowing psychological needs after stroke to be identified, treated and where necessary, for more complex cases, referred on to appropriate services. The Implementation Package will be individualised for each site, taking into consideration the staff and service user views, current practices and pathways, and available resources at each site.

While delivery will vary slightly across sites, the core aspects of the implementation strategies will be consistent across all sites and will include the care pathway, training, a manual and a model of supervision. The research team is experienced in developing intervention implementation packages and will use a co-design approach where stroke patients and carers are involved in its conception and design. The rationale for such a partnership is to maximise the "potential fit" of the intervention with the local context in which the intervention will be implemented thus maximising buy-in from clinical staff.

The trial will include exploring the usual practice before the study begins, delivery plan for the main intervention, and capturing the experiences of participants after the study has finished. The trial comprises of the following three elements: casenote review, main trial and process evaluation.

Casenote Review

Retrospective review of patient hospital casenotes to explore feasibility of stepped-wedge design. It is important to know whether the initial stages of the study (i.e. the process mapping and the development of the Implementation Package), even before the main intervention has started, has impacted on the psychological support patients receive, for example by raising staff awareness of unmet needs. This will inform the feasibility and suitability of the stepped wedge design for a future trial.

Main Trial

A stepped-wedge cluster randomised trial in 4 stroke services (clusters) which will be randomised to one of two dates to begin the roll-out period (3 months apart). Randomisation will be performed by an independent statistician in the Lancashire CTU using computer-generated pseudo-random numbers. All clusters start in a usual care phase (no intervention delivered at any site), then sequentially crossover to the roll-out phase, until all sites are receiving the intervention. The Implementation Package will be rolled out over a 3 month period to embed the pathway in the services prior to the start of formal data collection for the intervention phase.

The Implementation Package consists of providing a care pathway for psychological support after stroke. This pathway will be adopted as part of usual care, patients consent to data collection and follow up only. While delivery will vary slightly across sites, the core aspects of the implementation strategies will be consistent across all sites.

All recruited patients will receive a postal questionnaire at 6-weeks and 6-months post-stroke to collect outcome data

Process Evaluation

In order to understand the experiences of those involved in the study, process evaluation interviews will be held with both patients and staff. The interviews will establish what participants thought worked well, as well as areas they felt could be improved.

Through semi-structured interviews, patients and their carers will be asked to describe their experience of psychological support since their stroke, including whether they found their experience acceptable and suitable. Participants will be asked to comment on a proposed service model for future psychological support services for patients after stroke.

Following roll-out of the implementation package, staff will be interviewed about their experiences. The interview will aim to understand staff feelings towards implementing the intervention package, including the training and supervision they received, what they felt worked well, and what they felt could be improved. This will provide ideas for refinement of trial procedures and protocol should a large scale trial be conducted in future.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

Patient Health Questionnaire 9 item (PHQ-9) at baseline, 6 weeks and 6 months.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Behavioural Outcomes of Anxiety Scale (BOA) at baseline, 6 weeks and 6 months
2. Generalised Anxiety Disorder 7 item (GAD-7) at baseline, 6 weeks and 6 months
3. Impact of Events Scale 6-items at 6 weeks and 6 months
4. Stroke Aphasia Depression Questionnaire 10 item (SADQ-10) at baseline, 6 weeks and 6 months
5. Work and Social Adjustment Scale 5-items at 6 weeks and 6 months

Completion date

30/11/2017

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria**Case note review**

All stroke patients on the acute stroke unit will be identified over one week during the usual care period (prior to process mapping and development of the implementation package), and one week during the period of rolling out the implementation package.

Main Trial

Consecutive stroke patients admitted to the acute stroke units will be identified who:

1. Survive to day 3 post-stroke or being discharged prior to day 3
2. Lives within catchment area of trust
3. Aged 18 or over

Process Evaluation**Stroke patients and carers**

Stroke patients and carers will be purposely selected (12 per site) to recruit a balance in sex, age (younger and older), stroke severity (mild, moderate and severe), communication abilities and time since stroke.

Staff

Staff working within the stroke hospital settings within each of the sites. This may include nurses, doctors, OTs, physiotherapists, allied health professionals, reflecting the range of staff involved in the care pathway at each site.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

The participant exclusion criteria is the same for all three elements (casenote review, main trial and process evaluation) and are as follows:

1. Living outside area catchment area of trust
2. Aged under 18
3. Lacks capacity AND has no friend/relative/carer

Date of first enrolment

04/11/2015

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2017

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre**Lancashire Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust**

Sharoe Green Lane

Fulwood

Preston

United Kingdom

PR2 9HT

Study participating centre**Wirral University Teaching Hospital NHS Foundation Trust**

Arrowe Park Road

Upton, Wirral

Merseyside

United Kingdom

CH49 5PE

Study participating centre**East Lancashire Hospitals NHS Trust**

Royal Blackburn Hospital

Haslingden Road

Blackburn

United Kingdom

BB2 3HH

Study participating centre**Countess of Chester Hospital NHS Foundation Trust**

The Countess of Chester Health Park

Liverpool Road

Chester
United Kingdom
CH2 1UL

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Central Lancashire

ROR

<https://ror.org/010jbqd54>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		04/04/2025	14/04/2025	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No