# Perspective of different forms of essential amino acid supplements and effects on appetite in older men and women

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
23/06/2016		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
01/07/2016	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
17/12/2019	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine			

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The purpose of the study is to understand the preferences of elderly people when taking nutritional supplements rich in essential amino acids in different forms, and to see how these supplements affect their appetite. Through finding this out the researchers hope to ensure beneficial supplements can be designed in a form people will like. The study involves two experiments to investigate the effects of these supplements on appetite measures in the form of a nutritional Bar and Gel.

## Who can participate?

Healthy volunteers aged between 60-80 years old.

## What does the study involve?

There are two arms to the study. Each participant can choose whether to take part in both arms or just one. If they choose to take part in one arm, they can also decide which arm they wish to take part in. For arm 1, each participant attends the trial participating centre on three separate days. On each day, they take one of three tests. They do all three tests, on separate days, in a random order. The first test involves eating a nutritional bar rich in essential amino acids and then resting an hour before eating a breakfast of porridge. The second test involves eating a nutritional gel rich in essential amino acids and testing an hour before eating a breakfast of porridge. The third test involves not taking any nutritional supplements and just eating the porridge. All participants give blood samples throughout the tests and are asked to fill in questionnaires in the hour between eating the supplements and having breakfast. For arm 2, the participants again attend three sessions in a random order and eat nutritional supplements and /or breakfast as before. However, this time, those participants taking the supplements eat the breakfast at the same time, rather than waiting an hour and no blood samples are taken.

## What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

It is unlikely that participants will experience any long-term physiological benefits from taking part in this study. Blood samples will be taken by trained researchers using aseptic techniques and in accordance with local and national guidelines to minimise any risks.. Blood sample

preparation will be separated from the testing area and participants to prevent cross-contamination and reduce the potential of any accidents. Deterioration of kidney function as result of eating a lot of protein can happen over a number of years, however only if the person already has kidney problems.. Due to the acute nature of the supplementation in this study even if a person is suffering from kidney problems the risk of making it worse by taking part in this study is very small.

Where is the study run from?

Leeds Beckett University (Carnegie Research Institute) and Higher Education Innovation Funding (HEIF) has been secured for this study.

When is study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2015 to March 2016

Who is funding the study?

- 1. Leeds Beckett University
- 2. Higher Education Innovation Funding (HEIF)

Who is the main contact? Dr Theocharis Ispoglou T.Ispoglou@leedsbeckett.ac.uk

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

1

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The impact of essential amino acid supplements enriched with L-leucine on appetite and energy intake in elderly: a randomised, crossover trial

## **Study objectives**

It is expected that essential amino acid based nutritional supplements enriched with L-leucine will not compromise appetite and energy intake in healthy elderly people.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Leeds Beckett Local Research Ethics Committee, 18/02/2015

## Study design

Randomised, crossover trial design

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

**Nutritional supplements** 

#### Interventions

There are two arms to the study. Each participant can choose whether to take part in both arms or just one. If they choose to take part in one arm, they can also decide which arm they wish to take part in.

#### Arm 1:

Each participant attends the trial participating centre on three separate days. on each day, they take one of three tests. They do all three tests, on separate days, in a random order. These tests are:

- 1. Consuming an essential amino acids based nutritional bar enriched with L-leucine: oral administration of a 37.5 g nutrition bar (134.5 kcal) containing 7.5 g of essential amino acids (40% L-Leucine)
- 2. Consuming an essential amino acids based nutritional gel enriched with L-leucine: oral administration of a 50 ml nutrition gel (113.9 kcal) containing 7.5 g of essential amino acids (40% L-Leucine)
- 3. No consumption of an essential amino acids based supplement

All participants then wait for an hour before consuming an ad-lib breakfast (standardised breakfast of porridge). During this hour, they are asked to complete questionnaires on hunger and opinion of the supplement consumed (if any).

At the start of each of the three sessions, a phlebotomist inserts a cannulla into a vein of each participant. Blood samples are taken at a number of occasions throughout the testing session for later hormonal response analysis.

#### Arm 2:

This arm of the study is very similar to arm 1. There are again three tests that all participants take part in over three days in a random order. These tests are almost identical to those of arm

1. However, this time the ad lib breakfast is eaten at the same time as the amino acid supplements are consumed (if any). Participants are also not required to give any blood samples.

## **Intervention Type**

Supplement

## Primary outcome(s)

Arm 1:

- 1. Composite appetite ratings using visual analogue scales, taken at baseline immediately post-consumption and every 15 min until post consumption of the ad lib breakfast
- 2. Energy intake, measured via the quantity of breakfast consumed

#### Arm 2:

Composite appetite ratings using visual analogue scales before and after the ad lib breakfast

## Key secondary outcome(s))

Arm 1:

- 1. Gut hormone concentrations from blood samples, via plate reader and ELISA. Measurements to be taken at baseline immediately post-consumption and every 30 min until the ad lib breakfast
- 2. Plasma concentration of essential amino acids from blood samples, via gas chromatography mass spectrometry. Measurements to be taken at baseline immediately post-consumption and every 30 min until the ad lib breakfast
- 3. Palatability, measured using visual analogue scales. Measurements to be taken at baseline immediately post-consumption and every 15 min until post consumption of the ad lib breakfast

### Arm 2:

Palatability, measured using visual analogue scales before and after the ad lib breakfast

## Completion date

01/03/2016

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Male and female adults aged between 60 and 80
- 2. Free from vascular and metabolic disease

## Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Senior

#### Sex

All

### Total final enrolment

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Smoking
- 2. Use of oestrogens within the previous three months
- 3. Lactose intolerant

## Date of first enrolment

01/07/2015

## Date of final enrolment

01/10/2015

## **Locations**

## Countries of recruitment

**United Kingdom** 

England

## Study participating centre

Carnegie Faculty, Leeds Beckett University

Room 211 Fairfax Hall Headingley Campus Leeds United Kingdom LS6 3QS

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Leeds Beckett University

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02xsh5r57

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Research council

## **Funder Name**

## Higher Education Innovation Funding (HEIF)

## Funder Name

Leeds Beckett University

## Alternative Name(s)

Leeds Beckett

## **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

## Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

## Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	28/11/2017	17/12/2019	Yes	No
Participant information sheet		30/06/2016	13/07/2016	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes