# Development of novel magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) techniques for neurological applications

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
21/05/2010	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
21/05/2010	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
08/08/2016	Nervous System Diseases	Record updated in last year

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Ms Claudia Wheeler-Kingshott

#### Contact details

The Institute of Neurology Queen Square London United Kingdom WC1N 3BG

c.wheeler-kingshott@ion.ucl.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number 5580

# Study information

Scientific Title

Development of novel magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) techniques for neurological applications

#### Study objectives

Quantitative magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) techniques may provide additional information in the understanding of several neurological and psychiatric disorders. The development of some of these techniques is still incomplete and the interpretation of results in pathology is thus limited. Scanning healthy subjects and analysing their data will help in making the scanning techniques suitable for clinical applications. This is an ongoing process of continual testing and optimisation.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

MREC, ref: 05/Q0502/101

#### Study design

Single-centre non-randomised observational diagnosis and screening study

#### Primary study design

Observational

#### Study type(s)

Screening

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Neurological; Subtopic: Neurological (all Subtopics); Disease: Nervous system disorders

#### Interventions

Routine MRI examinations only provide qualitative images of the brain. Quantitative MRI techniques, such as MR spectroscopy (MRS), magnetisation transfer imaging (MTI), diffusion imaging (DI), perfusion imaging (PI) and relaxometry can be particularly useful in the investigation of the pathological substrate of several diseases. Their usefulness is well documented in the literature; however, their application is somehow limited by technical problems.

## Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome(s)

- 1. Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)
- 2. MR spectroscopy (MRS)
- 3. Magnetisation transfer imaging (MTI)
- 4. Diffusion imaging (DI)
- 5. Perfusion imaging (PI)

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Not provided at time of registration

#### Completion date

31/07/2009

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

#### Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

#### Date of first enrolment

01/01/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

31/07/2009

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

## Study participating centre The Institute of Neurology

London United Kingdom WC1N 3BG

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University College London (UCL) (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02jx3x895

# Funder(s)

### Funder type

Charity

#### Funder Name

Multiple Sclerosis Society (UK)

#### Alternative Name(s)

mssocietyuk, MS Society UK, Multiple Sclerosis Society UK, Multiple Sclerosis Society of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, The MS Society, MS Society

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Associations and societies (private and public)

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### **Study outputs**

Output type **Details** Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 11/11/2025 No Participant information sheet

Yes