

Music interventions in hyperacute and acute stroke patients

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| Submission date 04/11/2024 | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | <input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol |
| Registration date 12/11/2024 | Overall study status Completed | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results |
| Last Edited 12/11/2024 | Condition category Signs and Symptoms | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year |

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Music and sounds have been shown to have beneficial effects on pain, anxiety and blood pressure in various settings. However, music and sound have not been studied specifically in patients with acute stroke. It is possible music or pleasant sounds may help control pain, anxiety or blood pressure abnormalities which may occur immediately following a stroke. This may supplement or negate the need for pharmacological medications which are commonly used but have known side effects.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 to 100 years old who are hospitalized within 24 hours from the onset of a suspected stroke

What does the study involve?

This study involves participants being randomly allocated, like a coin flip, to listen to music or pleasant sounds for up to 12 hours following the onset of a stroke or to standard stroke care alone (without listening to music).

What are the possible benefits and risks?

There may be less pain or anxiety in those listening to music as compared to no music. Additionally, there may be less variability in blood pressure which is possibly harmful to stroke patients. Risks may include a patient not liking the use of music resulting in agitation or confusion.

Where is the study run from?

The University of Michigan Health-West, USA

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

January 2019 to September 2024

Who is funding the study?

The University of Michigan Health-West, USA

Who is the main contact?

Dr Jeffrey Fletcher, Jeffrey.fletcher@umhwest.org, jflet10121@aol.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

Contact name

Dr Jeffrey Fletcher

Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Do music interventions, as compared to no music, reduce systolic blood pressure variability, pain and anxiety in hyperacute stroke

Acronym

MIHAS

Study objectives

Patients or their legally authorized representatives will be highly supportive of music interventions in hyperacute stroke. Music interventions will reduce pain, anxiety and systolic blood pressure variability in hyperacute stroke patients.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 30/01/2020, University of Michigan Health-West Institutional Review Board
(University of Michigan Health-West Professional Building, 2122 Health Dr. SW, Suite 233,
Wyoming, MI 49519, United States of America; +1 616 252 5026; irb@umhwest.org), ref: 2020-010

Study design

Randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital, Medical and other records

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Treatment of pain, anxiety and systolic blood pressure variability in patients hospitalized with acute stroke

Interventions

Eligible patients (or their legally authorized representative) were approached in the emergency department or obtained on admission to the inpatient ward and electronic consent. Staff not involved in the study implementation used a computer random number generator to generate a randomization sequence and allocation concealment was obtained by sealed opaque envelopes. Excluding the randomization process and use of the music or sound intervention (in the intervention group), all medical care of participants followed usual, disease-specific, care plans. Participants randomized to the intervention arm had 19 relaxation or pleasant sound stations to ambiently listen to on their in-room televisions. They also had options to listen to various music genres. Participants were asked to listen ambiently to music or sounds for the first hour of the trial and encouraged to listen to it frequently for the duration of the trial period however, there was not a specific time requirement. The trial period was a minimum of 6 hours with trial termination when the patient was discharged from the stroke unit, or neurological ICU, or after a maximum of 12 hours of data collection.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome measure

1. The percentage of eligible patients approached for consent who were recruited into the trial measured using data collected in study records at one timepoint
2. The percentage of enrolled patients who completed the 6-hour trial data collection measured using data collected in study records at one timepoint

Secondary outcome measures

1. The systolic blood pressure variability (SBPV) in the first 6 hours of the trial period, defined by the standard deviation of the SBP in the treatment arms, measured using cuff blood pressure measurements hourly
2. Secondary exploratory outcomes included the effect of treatment arm assignment (intention to treat) on the visual analog pain scale (0-10) and anxiety (visual analog scale 0-100) burden at 6 hours from enrollment

Overall study start date

03/01/2019

Completion date

15/09/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with acute stroke of any subtype admitted to the hospital within 24 hours of ictus

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

100 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

50

Total final enrolment

30

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients who refused consent
2. Patients at the end of life
3. Patients expected to have an operation or procedure

Date of first enrolment

15/06/2024

Date of final enrolment

15/09/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United States of America

Study participating centre

University of Michigan Health-West

5900 Byron Center Ave

Wyoming

United States of America

49519

Sponsor information

Organisation

Michigan Medicine

Sponsor details

University of Michigan Health-West, 5900 Byron Center Ave

Wyoming

United States of America

49519

+1-616-252-5020

Research@umhwest.org

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<https://uofmhealthwest.org/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/01zcpa714>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Michigan Medicine, University of Michigan

Alternative Name(s)

MEDICINE AT MICHIGAN, Michigan Medicine, MM

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

Location

United States of America

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

01/12/2024

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The dataset generated during the study will be available upon request from Dr Jeffrey Fletcher, Jeffrey.fletcher@umhwest.org, jflet10121@aol.com. Data will be stored for 7 years from publication date. The type of data that will be shared is anonymized individualized-level patient data.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request