

# Postprandial cheese matrix study

<b>Submission date</b> 08/02/2018	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 16/02/2018	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 08/08/2019	<b>Condition category</b> Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Recent studies show that foods of the same overall nutrient composition but eaten in different food structures result in different digestive effects, and subsequently different health effects. This is becoming known as the food matrix effect. Dairy foods are a particular example of this effect. A number of studies have shown that dairy fat eaten in the form of cheese has a lower cholesterol-increasing effect compared to the same fat eaten as butter, even when the other nutrients, such as protein and calcium, are controlled for. There are lots of theories about this, and evidence suggests that calcium and the type of protein may have an effect. Many of the studies are 6 weeks in length and look at the change in LDL cholesterol levels over time. However, LDL-cholesterol levels are just one factor for heart disease risk. Another factor is raised levels of circulating fatty acids after eating, known as post-prandial lipaemia. The aim of this study is to look at what happens in the hours after eating dairy fat in three different forms: as cheese, as a reduced fat cheese plus butter, and as butter, protein and calcium. It is thought that the cheese 'matrix' will result in lower circulating fatty acids compared to butter, and that the cheese and butter will give a result somewhere in between.

### Who can participate?

Healthy volunteers

### What does the study involve?

Participants eat three meals in a random order with a 5-7 day break in between meals. Meal 1 is 120g full fat cheddar cheese and a slice of low-fibre white toast. Meal 2 is 120g reduced fat cheddar cheese and a slice of low-fibre white toast. Meal 3 is 30g calcium caseinate powder. Circulating fatty acids and blood glucose are measured from blood samples collected at fasting, and hourly, on the hour, for the 6-hour period after eating.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no known benefits to participating. Potential risks are discomfort or bruising from the blood sampling, and the risk of finding the study food unpleasant.

### Where is the study run from?

University College Dublin (Ireland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
February 2018 to August 2018

Who is funding the study?  
Enterprise Ireland

Who is the main contact?  
Dr Emma Feeney

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

**Contact name**  
Dr Emma Feeney

**Contact details**  
UCD Centre for Molecular Innovation and Drug Discovery  
Science Centre South, Belfield  
Dublin  
Ireland  
D04 V1 W8

## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**  
LS-17-103

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
Post-prandial randomised controlled trial to examine the postprandial effects of dairy fat within different matrices

**Study objectives**  
Dairy fat, when eaten in varying levels of a cheese matrix, will have different outcomes on postprandial lipids.

**Ethics approval required**  
Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**  
Human Research Ethics Committee in University College Dublin, 24/01/2018, ref. LS-17-103

**Study design**

Single-centre randomised cross-over intervention trial

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Secondary study design**

Randomised cross over trial

**Study setting(s)**

Other

**Study type(s)**

Other

**Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Blood lipids

**Interventions**

Subjects will receive three meals which contain dairy fat in varying levels of a cheese matrix, with a slice of toast as a carrier, in a random order with a 5-7 day washout period in between meals. Due to the nature of the meals, the arms cannot be masked.

Arm 1: 120g full fat cheddar cheese and a slice of low-fibre white toast

Arm 2: 120g reduced fat cheddar cheese and a slice of low-fibre white toast

Arm 3: 30g calcium caseinate powder

**Intervention Type**

Other

**Primary outcome measure**

Circulating fatty acids measured with a Randox Daytona from blood samples collected at fasting, and hourly, on the hour, for the 6-hour postprandial period

**Secondary outcome measures**

Blood glucose measured with a Randox Daytona from blood samples collected at fasting, and hourly for the 6-hour post-prandial period

**Overall study start date**

01/02/2018

**Completion date**

31/08/2018

**Eligibility**

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Fasting triglycerides <2.5
2. BMI 18-35

**Participant type(s)**

Healthy volunteer

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 Years

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

8-10

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Familial hypercholesterolemia
2. Fasting triglycerides greater than 2.5
3. Any diagnosed metabolic disorder such as diabetes type 1 or 2

**Date of first enrolment**

01/02/2018

**Date of final enrolment**

31/05/2018

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Ireland

**Study participating centre**

**University College Dublin**

Science Centre South

Belfield

Dublin

Ireland

D04 V1 W8

**Study participating centre**

**Food for Health Ireland**

UCD Centre for Molecular Innovation and Drug Discovery

Science Centre South, Belfield  
Dublin  
Ireland  
D04 V1 W8

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

Food for Health Ireland

### Sponsor details

UCD Centre for Molecular Innovation and Drug Discovery  
Science Centre South, Belfield  
Dublin  
Ireland  
D04 V1 W8  
+ 353 (0)17162391  
fhi@ucd.ie

### Sponsor type

Not defined

### Website

[www.fhi.ie](http://www.fhi.ie)

### ROR

<https://ror.org/01nvbq395>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Government

### Funder Name

Enterprise Ireland

### Alternative Name(s)

The Enterprise Ireland

### Funding Body Type

Government organisation

### Funding Body Subtype

National government

**Location**

Ireland

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan**

The results will be prepared for publication and submitted to relevant journals in the field. Other additional documents will not be made available at this time.

**Intention to publish date**

31/08/2020

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available. The data will be stored on a password-protected computer (encrypted) as per UCD data protection recommendations.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not expected to be made available