# Effect of L-alanyl L-glutamine dipeptide on diarrhea, treatment response, and patients' survival in colon cancer patients receiving chemotherapy

| Submission date   | <b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting | [X] Prospectively registered |  |  |
|-------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| 03/03/2022        |  | Protocol                     |  |  |
| Registration date | Overall study status                           | Statistical analysis plan    |  |  |
| 04/03/2022        | Completed                                      | [X] Results                  |  |  |
| Last Edited       | Condition category                             | Individual participant data  |  |  |
| 08/04/2024        | Signs and Symptoms                             |                              |  |  |

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Diarrhea caused by chemotherapy (chemotherapy-induced diarrhea) may represent a life-threatening side effect in cancer patients receiving chemotherapy. FOLFOX, an effective treatment for colon cancer, has been associated with diarrhea with high severity. Management of diarrhea is crucial to increase the survival of cancer patients and to improve the quality of life. Glutamine is an abundant protein-peptide found in blood and may improve diarrhea symptoms. This study aimed to provide evidence that L-alanyl L-glutamine dipeptide may have a positive influence on the incidence of diarrhea, treatment response, and the overall survival in colon cancer patients treated with modified FOLFOX-6 (mFOLFOX-6).

#### Who can participate?

Patients of both genders, aged ≥18 years with histologically confirmed colon adenocarcinoma; stages II, and III can participate in this study.

#### What does the study involve?

Patients who are treated with the standard mFOLFOX-6 therapy will be randomly allocated to receive glutamine dipeptide or not receive glutamine dipeptide.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The expected benefits include a decrease in the incidence of diarrhea together with improvement of the treatment response and the patients' survival compared to the placebo. There are no known risks of participation in this study.

Where is the study run from? Tanta University (Egypt)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? March 2019 to April 2023

Who is funding the study? Taif University (Saudi Arabia)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Ahmed M. Kabel, ahmed.kabal@med.tanta.edu.eg

# **Contact information**

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Ahmed Kabel

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

# **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### IRAS number

# ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

34918/3

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The ameliorative potential of L-alanyl L-glutamine dipeptide in colon cancer patients receiving modified FOLFOX-6 regarding the incidence of diarrhea, the treatment response, and patients' survival: a randomized controlled trial

#### Study objectives

Administration of L-alanyl L-glutamine dipeptide to colon cancer patients receiving modified FOLFOX-6 therapy can efficiently decrease the Incidence of diarrhea and improve the response to treatment and the patients' survival

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 08/03/2019, Research Ethics Committee of Faculty of Medicine (Tanta University, El-Geish street, Tanta, Egypt, 31527; +201102344533; researchethicscommitteefomtu@gmail.com), ref: 34918/3

## Study design

Interventional randomized controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet.

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Incidence of diarrhea in colon cancer patients receiving mFOLFOX-6 therapy

#### **Interventions**

Treatment Plan (Chemotherapy)

All patients will be treated with the standard mFOLFOX-6 consisting of 2-hour intravenous (IV) infusion of oxaliplatin (85 mg/m²) on day 1, and 2-hour IV drip infusion of calcium folinate (400 mg/m²) on day 1, followed by IV injection of 5-FU (400 mg/m²) and continuous infusion of 5-FU (1200 mg/m²) on days 1-2 (Total 2400 mg/m² over 46-48 hours). The intravenous infusion will be continued every 2 weeks.

Patients will be randomized to receive glutamine dipeptide or not receive glutamine dipeptide (control group). In the glutamine dipeptide group, (N(2)-L-Alanyl-L-Glutamine Dipeptide, (Dipeptiven), by Fresenius Laboratories, Germany) will be given IV in a dose of 20 gm/100ml on the day 1-2 regimen every 2 weeks.

#### Follow up

The included patients enrolled in both groups will be evaluated at the baseline (prior to chemotherapy) and after two, four, and six cycles of treatment. Treatment response to chemotherapy will be assessed every two cycles according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors (RECIST). Treatment-related toxicities will be estimated according to standard

World Health Organization (WHO) criteria. Diarrhea will be graded according to the National cancer institute. In case of diarrhea grades I and II, only supportive therapy will be considered. Grade III diarrhea will be managed with supportive therapy, IV fluids and hospitalization. Chemotherapy will be postponed till complete recovery and the dose of chemotherapy will be reduced. Regarding patients with grade IV diarrhea, they will be admitted to the ICU and given IV fluids, supportive care, monitoring of electrolytes and chemotherapy will be stopped until complete recovery with dose reduction in case of reinfusion.

The randomization process will be carried out by flipping a coin. One side of the coin will denote the glutamate group and the other side will denote the placebo group.

#### Intervention Type

Supplement

#### Primary outcome measure

At baseline (prior to chemotherapy) and after two, four, and six cycles of treatment:

- 1. Treatment response to chemotherapy will be assessed according to the Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors (RECIST)
- 2. Diarrhea will be graded according to the National cancer institute.

#### Secondary outcome measures

Treatment-related toxicities will be estimated according to standard World Health Organization (WHO) criteria at the baseline and after two, four, and six cycles of treatment

#### Overall study start date

01/03/2019

## Completion date

01/04/2023

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients of both genders
- 2. Aged ≥18 years
- 3. Have histologically confirmed colon adenocarcinoma stage II, and III according to American Joint Committee on Cancer and the Union for International Cancer Control (AJCC-UICC); 7th Edition
- 4. Have adequate hematological parameters (evidenced by white blood cell count  $\geq$  4000/µl and platelet count  $\geq$  100,000/µl).
- 5. Have adequate renal (creatinine < 1.5 mg/dl) and hepatic functions (serum total bilirubin < 1.5 mg/dl).

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

# Lower age limit

#### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

100

#### Total final enrolment

44

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with stage IV colon cancer.
- 2. Patients with second primary colon cancer.
- 3. Patients with colon cancer with any other co-morbidity.

#### Date of first enrolment

01/04/2022

# Date of final enrolment

01/08/2022

# Locations

# Countries of recruitment

Egypt

# Study participating centre

**Tanta University** 

El-Geish street
Faculty of Medicine
Clinical Oncology Department
Tanta
Egypt
31527

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Taif University

# Sponsor details

Al-Haweiah P.O. Box 888 Taif Saudi Arabia 21974 +966 12 727 2020 dar@tu.edu.sa

## Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.tu.edu.sa/en/Pages/default.aspx

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/014g1a453

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

University/education

#### Funder Name

Taif University

# Alternative Name(s)

TU

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Local government

#### Location

Saudi Arabia

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

We planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

# Intention to publish date

01/05/2024

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Data used and/or analyzed during this study will not be available for public access because of patients' privacy but will be available from the corresponding author upon reasonable request (ahmed.kabal@med.tanta.edu.eg)

# IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

# **Study outputs**

| Output type     | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|-----------------|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article |         | 07/03/2022   | 08/04/2024 | Yes            | No              |