An international study looking at the treatment of cancer of the penis that has spread to inguinal or pelvic lymph nodes

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
05/06/2017		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
13/09/2017	Ongoing Condition category	Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
13/05/2025	Cancer	[X] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-looking-at-treatment-of-cancer-of-the-penis-that-has-spread-to-the-lymph-nodes-inpact

Study website

http://www.icr.ac.uk/our-research/our-research-centres/clinical-trials-and-statistics-unit/clinical-trials/inpact

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2015-001199-23

IRAS number

168344

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT02305654

Secondary identifying numbers

CPMS 32594

Study information

Scientific Title

InPACT - International Penile Advanced Cancer Trial (International Rare Cancer Initiative)

Acronym

InPACT

Study objectives

The aim of the study is to examine the combination and sequence of four treatments for men with locally advanced penis cancer. The study will assess whether ILND surgery after neoadjuvant chemotherapy or chemoradiotherapy is better than surgery alone, and whether there is any added benefit from removing the pelvic lymph nodes or not.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

London Riverside ethics committee, 17/10/2016, ref: 16/LO/1355

Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Treatment, Drug, Radiotherapy, Surgery

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Penis cancer

Interventions

Patients will receive up to 4 treatments in different sequences. Randomisation process: Sequential randomisation by minimisation.

Treatment 1: Inquinal lymph node dissection (ILND)

Methodology: Standard of care surgery performed utilizing open approach

Total duration of treatment: 1 day

Treatment 2: Chemotherapy

Methodology: neoadjuvant chemotherapy before surgery (ILND)

Generic drug name: Paclitaxel, Ifosfamide, Cisplatin (TIP)

The dosage given: Paclitaxel 175 mg/m 2 /cycle, Ifosfamide 3600 mg/m 2 /cycle, Cisplatin 75 mg/m 2

/cycle

Method of administration: Intravenous infusion

Frequency of administration: The inpatient regimen of TIP is administered over 3 days repeated in 21-day cycles. The outpatient regimen is administered over 5 days repeated in 21-day cycles

Total duration of treatment: 12 weeks (4 21-day cycles)

Treatment 3: Chemoradiotherapy

Methodology: neoadjuvant chemoradiotherapy before surgery (ILND) OR adjuvant

chemoradiotherapy after pelvic lymph node dissection

Generic drug name: Cisplatin

The dosage given: Concurrent cisplatin at 40 mg/m² weekly

Radiotherapy in the neoadjuvant setting: the radiotherapy dose is 45Gy in 25 fractions over 5 weeks using 6-10 MV photons to all regions.

Radiotherapy in the adjuvant setting:

Groin: One or both groins may be boosted up to 54Gy in 25 fractions. An IMRT boost of up to 57 Gy can be given to recurrent or residual macroscopic tumour

Pelvis: An IMRT boost of up to 54Gy in 25 fractions is applied to:

- 1. Any macroscopic tumour or pathological lymph nodes
- 2. Electively to external iliac nodes in patient with high disease burden

Method of administration: Concurrent cisplatin is given via intravenous infusion. Radiotherapy is to be delivered with either a forward planned IMRT technique or inverse planned IMRT, performed using the local treatment planning system. Rotational arc therapies are permitted (Rapid Arc $^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}$, VMAT $^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}$ and Tomotherapy $^{\text{\tiny{TM}}}$).

Frequency of administration: Concurrent cisplatin is given once a week, radiotherapy is given 5 days a week

Total duration of treatment: 5 weeks

Treatment 4: Pelvic lymph node dissection

Methodology: prophylactic pelvic lymph node dissection perforemed utilizing open, laparoscopic or robot-assisted laparoscopic approaches

Total duration of treatment: 1 day

Follow-up: All patients will undergo clinical review in accordance with the guidelines of the European Association of Urology (EAU), namely every 3 months for years 1 and 2, then every 6 months for years 3, 4 and 5, from the start of their treatment

Intervention Type

Mixed

Primary outcome measure

Survival time, defined in whole days as the time from the date of randomisation to the date of death from any cause; for those who have not been reported as dead at the time of analysis, the survival time will be censored at the date of last follow-up.

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary outcome measures for all patients:

- 1. Disease-specific survival time, defined in whole days as the time from the date of randomisation to the date of death specifically from penis cancer; for those who have not been reported as dead at the time of analysis, the survival time will be censored at the date of last follow-up and for those whose death is reported as non-disease specific then the survival time will be censored at date of death
- 2. Disease-free survival time (DFS), defined in whole days as the time from date of randomisation to the date of either locoregional recurrence, distant metastasis or death from penis cancer, whichever occurs first; for those who have not been reported as experiencing any of these events, the DFS time will be censored at the date last known to be alive and free of disease or date of non-disease-specific death. A supplementary exploratory outcome measure will also be calculated taking date of penectomy as the origin rather than date of randomisation. A subsidiary outcome measure will be locoregional recurrence free survival time (LRFST) which is defined in whole days as the time from date of randomisation to the date of locoregional recurrence; for those who have not been reported with this event, the LRFST will be censored at the date last known to be alive and free of disease
- 3. A subsidiary outcome measure will be distant metastases free survival time (DMFST), defined in whole days as the time from date of randomisation to the date of distant metastasis or death from disease, whichever occurs first; for those who have not been reported as experiencing either of these events, the DMFST will be censored at the date last known to be alive and free of distant metastasis or date of non-disease-specific death. A supplementary exploratory outcome measure will also be calculated taking date of penectomy as the origin for all these outcome measures rather than date of randomisation
- 4. Toxicity; all events experienced by patients are recorded and graded using CTCAE Version 4 criteria and specifically the occurrence of at least one grade 3 or 4 event
- 5. Occurrence of surgical complications, recorded as whether or not a surgical complication was experienced according to the Modifed Clavien-Dindo Classification criteria
- 6. Feasibility of pathological nodal assessment after chemotherapy, recorded as whether or not it was possible to achieve a pathological nodal assessment after chemotherapy
- 7. Quality of life (in participating patients), measured using the EORTC-QLQC30 and Lymphodema-QL on 8 occasions: prior to randomisation, 3-monthly during year 1, 6-monthly during year 2, and at the end of year 3

Secondary outcome measures measured for all trial patients in InPACT-neoadjuvant:

- 1. Occurrence of pathological complete remission, defined as an absolute absence of disease on histological examination in accordance with the Royal College of Pathologists' guidelines
- 2. Operability, recorded as whether or not the planned inguinal node dissection was undertaken and the reasons if it did not occur
- 3. Feasibility of on-schedule delivery of neoadjuvant therapy

Secondary outcome measures for all trial patients in InPACT-pelvis:

1. Occurrence of lower limb/scrotal oedema, recorded as whether or not the patient experiences a lower limb or scrotal oedema according to CTCAE Version 4 criteria

Overall study start date

01/02/2011

Completion date

30/11/2027

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Male, aged 18 years or older
- 2. Histologically-proven squamous cell carcinoma of the penis
- 3. Stage
- 3.1. Any T, N1 (i.e. a palpable mobile unilateral inguinal lymph node), M0 or
- 3.2. Any T, N2 (i.e. palpable mobile multiple or bilateral inguinal lymph nodes), M0 or
- 3.3. Any T, N3 (i.e. fixed inguinal nodal mass or any pelvic lymphadenopathy), M0
- 4. Measurable disease as determined by RECIST (version 1.1) criteria
- 5. Performance Status ECOG 0, 1 or 2
- 6. Patient is fit to receive the randomisation options for which he is being considered
- 7. Haematology/biochemistry (as dictated by local hospital practice) should indicate fitness for randomisation options and parameters should be in line with considerations specified in the summary of product characteristics. Haematological parameters should not be supported by transfusion to enable entry into the trial. Liver function and renal function tests must form part of the pre-treatment assessment for patients who may be randomised to receive TIP chemotherapy e.g. patients with impaired renal function may not be considered for arms B and C of InPACT-neoadjuvant but may be considered for arm A
- 8. Willing and able to comply with follow-up schedule
- 9. Written informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Male

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 200; UK Sample Size: 49

Key exclusion criteria

Patients who have any of the following are not eligible:

- 1. Pure verrucous carcinoma of the penis
- 2. Non-squamous malignancy of the penis
- 3. Squamous carcinoma of the urethra
- 4. Stage M1
- 5. Previous chemotherapy or chemoradiotherapy outside of the InPACT trial

- 6. Concurrent malignancy (other than SCC or Basal Cell Carcinoma of non-penile skin) that has required surgical or non-surgical treatment in the last 3 years
- 7. Patients who are sexually active and unwilling to use effective contraception (if they are not already surgically sterile)

Date of first enrolment 15/05/2017

Date of final enrolment 31/05/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Wales

Study participating centre St George's Hospital Blackshaw Road London United Kingdom SW17 0QT

Study participating centre
The Royal Marsden Hospital
Downs Road
Sutton
United Kingdom
SM2 5PT

Study participating centre Leicester General Hospital Gwendolen Road Leicester United Kingdom LE5 4PW

Study participating centre

Norfolk and Norwich University Hospital

Colney Lane Colney Norwich United Kingdom NR4 7UY

Study participating centre Velindre Hospital

Velindre Road Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 2TL

Study participating centre Morriston Hospital

Heol Maes Eglwys Cwmrhydyceirw Swansea United Kingdom SA6 6NL

Sponsor information

Organisation

Institute of Cancer Research

Sponsor details

The Institute of Cancer Research Clinical Trials & Statistics Unit (ICR-CTSU) London United Kingdom SM2 5NG

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

https://www.icr.ac.uk/our-research/centres-and-collaborations/centres-at-the-icr/clinical-trials-and-statistics-unit/clinical-trials/inpact

ROR

https://ror.org/043jzw605

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK

Alternative Name(s)

CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, CRUK

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

The main trial results will be published in peer reviewed scientific journals on behalf of all collaborators.

Intention to publish date

31/12/2028

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from inpact-icrctsu@icr.ac.uk.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Other publications		01/06/2019	10/05/2022	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Other publications		01/04/2025	13/05/2025	Yes	No