# The ACCEPT study

| Submission date 13/02/2017          | <b>Recruitment status</b><br>No longer recruiting | [X] Prospectively registered<br>[X] Protocol  |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Registration date</b> 07/03/2017 | <b>Overall study status</b><br>Completed          | <ul> <li>Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>Results</li> </ul>                        |
| Last Edited<br>22/10/2024           | <b>Condition category</b><br>Cancer               | <ul><li>Individual participant data</li><li>[X] Record updated in last year</li></ul> |

## Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-of-acalabrutinib-with-r-chop-for-people-with-diffuse-large-b-cell-lymphoma-accept

## **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Public

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## Type(s)

Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number** 2015-003213-18

**IRAS number** 

**ClinicalTrials.gov number** Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers CPMS 33203

## Study information

### Scientific Title

A Phase Ib/II combination trial of acalabrutinib with rituximab, cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, vincristine and prednisolone (R-CHOP) for patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL)

#### Acronym

ACCEPT

#### **Study objectives**

The aim of this study is to determine a suitable tolerated dose and efficacy of acalabrutinib in combination with standard R-CHOP immunochemotherapy to treat patients with diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLCBL).

**Ethics approval required** Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)** South Central - Berkshire Research Ethics Committee, 26/01/2017, ref :16/SC/0657

#### Study design

Non-randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment, Screening, Diagnosis, Drug

**Primary study design** Interventional

## Secondary study design

Non randomised study

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s)

#### Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma

### Interventions

A multicentre open-label non-randomised phase Ib/II clinical trial conducted in two stages recruiting approximately 40 patients.

### Phase I Dose Escalation Cohort 1

The first 6 patients registered (cohort 1) will receive a first cycle of R-CHOP. Acalabrutinib, at a starting dose of 100 mg od, will be added from cycle 2 to 6. This will be followed by cycles 7 and 8 of acalabrutinib only 100mg od for 28 days for each cycle. Dose escalation to 200 mg daily (100 mg bd) of acalabrutinib will be decided by the Safety Review Committee based on safety data and patients' compliance assessment

### Phase I Dose Escalation Cohort 2

The first 6 patients of cohort 2 will start acalabrutinib + R-CHOP at the daily dose of 200mg administered as 100mg bd from cycle 2 after the Safety Review Committee has approved dose escalation based on all the safety data from cohort 1. the Safety Review Committee will assess the safety of 200mg. If one or two instances of DLT is observed among the initial six patients of cohort 2, the cohort will be expanded to a further six patients. Depending on tolerability as set out, cohort 2 patients should receive cycle 1 of R-CHOP, cycles 2-6 R-CHOP plus acalabrutinib and then cycles 7 and 8 of acalabrutinib only at 200mg administered as 100mg bd. If a DLT attributable to acalabrutinib occurs, acalabrutinib will be withheld for that patient and reintroduced at 100 mg od when toxicity has resolved to < grade 1, all other patients will continue at acalabrutinib will be withheld from the patient(s) who have suffered the DLT and reintroduced at 100 mg od after toxicity has resolved to < grade 1 and all other patients dosage will be decreased to 100 mg od.

When all patients have completed all 6 cycles of therapy, the Safety Review Committee will review patients' compliance assessment, PK/PD measurements if available and safety data, including the identified MTD and MAD, to determine the recommended dose for Phase II (RP2D) which will be a dose where ≤ 33% of patients had a DLT.

## Phase II

Fifteen patients will be recruited for stage 2 of the study. Following informed consent, they will receive 6 cycles of conventionally dosed R-CHOP with the addition of acalabrutinib at the RP2D on cycle 2 onwards.

#### Intervention Type Drug

Phase I/II

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

## Acalabrutinib

## Primary outcome measure

Phase I

1. Dose limiting toxicity of acalabrutinib combined to R-CHOP is measured using a physical examination, vital signs, laboratory tests FBC, renal and liver function, ECOG, at baseline and for all cycles and repeated for specific cycles day 8 and day 15 for cycle 2 and day 8 at cycle 4.\*

Phase II

1. Overall response rate of the combination acalabrutinib and R-CHOP is measured using PET/CT at baseline, cycle 7, month 12, month 24 End of treatment using the Lugano classification for NHL

2. Safety of the combination acalabrutinib and R-CHOP is measured using a physical examination, vital signs, laboratory tests FBC, renal and liver function, ECOG at baseline and for all cycles and repeated for specific cycles day 8 and day 15 for cycle 2 and day 8 at cycle 4.\*

\*There will be 8 cycles if chemotheraphy administered. Cycle 1-6 will be 21 days and Cycle 7 and 8 will be 28 days Aclabrutinib will be administered from cycle 2 and will be taken from cycle 2 to cycle 7.

## Secondary outcome measures

1. Pharmacokinetic of acalabrutinib, AUC, Cmax, Tmax, half-life T1/2 and other PK parameter is measured using serum concentration taken at cycle 2, Day 1, day 8 and day 15 half hour before the administration of acalabrutinib. Once acalabrutinib is administered serum concentration will be taken 45 mins, 1 hour, 2 hours and 8 hours and once again before acalabrutinib is administered at cycle 3

2. Overall response rate of the combination acalabrutinib and R-CHOP according to cell of origin is measured using of BCR DNA extracted from tumour material will be used to perform mutation detection on BCR pathway (eg Btk, PI3K, CD79b). Genetic abnormalities of BCR pathway will be correlated with clinical outcomes and the expression pathway target genes at baseline

3. Two years progression-free survival rate is measured using CT at 24 months

4. Two years overall survival rate is measured using CT at 24 months

## Overall study start date

01/08/2015

Completion date

30/06/2022

## Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

1. Histologically confirmed DLBCL, expressing CD20. Sufficient diagnostic material should be available to forward to a central laboratory for gene expression profiling and pathology review

2. Measurable disease of at least 15mm

3. Not previously treated for lymphoma and fit enough to receive combination chemoimmunotherapy with curative intent

4. Stage IAX (bulk defined as lymph node diameter >10cm) to stage IV disease and deemed to require a full course of chemotherapy. Patients with non-bulky IE disease are not eligible

- 5. ECOG performance status 0-2 or 3 if this is directly attributable to lymphoma
- 6. Adequate bone marrow function with platelets > 100x109/L; neutrophils > 1.0x109/L at study

entry, unless lower figures are attributable to lymphoma

7. Measured or calculated creatinine clearance > 30mls/min, (calculated using the formula of Cockcroft and Gault [(140-Age) x Mass (kg)x(1.04 (for women)or 1.23 (for men))/Serum Creatinine (umolL)]

8. Serum bilirubin < 35µmol/L and transaminases < 2.5x upper limit of normal at time of study entry

9. Cardiac function sufficient to tolerate 300mg/m2 of doxorubicin. A pre-treatment echocardiogram or MUGA is required to establish baseline LVEF equal to or greater than 55% 10. No concurrent uncontrolled medical condition

11. Life expectancy > 3 months

12. Aged 16 years or above

13. Willing and able to participate in all required evaluations and procedures in this study protocol including swallowing capsules without difficulty

14. Ability to understand the purpose and risks of the study and provide signed and dated informed consent

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

16 Years

**Sex** Both

## Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 40; UK Sample Size: 40

## Total final enrolment

38

## Key exclusion criteria

1. Previous history of treated or untreated indolent lymphoma. However newly diagnosed patients with DLBCL who are found to also have small cell infiltration of the bone marrow or other diagnostic material (discordant lymphoma) will be eligible

2. Diagnosis of primary mediastinal lymphoma

3. Diagnosis of primary Central Nervous System lymphoma.

4. History of stroke or intracranial haemorrhage in preceding 6 months

5. History of bleeding diathesis (eg. haemophilia, von Willebrand disease)

6. Requires or receiving anticoagulation with warfarin or equivalent antagonists (eg.

phenprocoumon) within 7 days of first dose of acalabrutinib. However patients using therapeutic low molecule weight heparin or low dose aspirin will be eligible

7. Prior exposure to a BCR inhibitor(eg. BtK inhibitors, phosphoinositide-3 kinase (PI3K), or SyK inhibitors) or BCL-2 inhibitor (eg. ABT-199)

8. Requires treatment with a strong cytochrome P450 3A4 (CYP3A4) inhibitor/inducer

9. Requires treatment with proton pump inhibitors (eg, omeprazole, esomeprazole,

lansoprazole, dexlansoprazole, rabeprazole, or pantoprazole). Patients receiving proton pump inhibitors who switch to short-acting H2-receptor antagonists or antacids are eligible for enrolment into this study.

10. Uncontrolled systemic infection

11. Major surgery in the preceding 4 weeks of first dose of study drug. If a subject had major surgery, they must have recovered adequately from any toxicity and/or complications from the intervention before the first dose of study drug

12. Significant cardiovascular disease such as uncontrolled or symptomatic arrhythmias, congestive heart failure, or myocardial infarction within 6 months of screening, or any Class 3 or 4 cardiac disease as defined by the New York Heart Association Functional Classification, or corrected QT interval (QTc) > 480 msec at screening.

13. Serological positivity for Hepatitis B, C, or known HIV infection. As per standard of care, prior to initiation of immunochemotherapy, the results of hepatitis serology should be known prior to commencement of therapy. - Positive test results for chronic HBV infection (defined as positive HBsAg serology) will not be eligible. Patients with occult or prior HBV infection (defined as negative HBsAg and positive total HBcAb) will not be eligible. Patients who have protective titres of hepatitis B surface antibody (HBsAb) after vaccination will be eligible. - Positive test results for hepatitis C virus (HCV) antibody serology will not be eligible.

14. Women who are sexually active and can bear children must agree to use highly effective forms of contraception during the study and for 90 days after the last dose of acalabrutinib. Highly effective forms of contraception are defined in Section 4.7 14. Breastfeeding or pregnant 15. Men who are sexually active and can potentially father children must agree to use highly effective forms of contraception during the study and for 90 days after the last dose of acalabrutinib. Highly effective forms of contraception are defined in Section 4.7

16. Men must agree to refrain from sperm donation during the study and for 90 days after the last dose of study drug.

17. Serious medical or psychiatric illness likely to affect participation or that may compromise the ability to give informed consent

18. Prior malignancy (other than DLBCL), except for adequately treated basal cell or squamous cell skin cancer, in situ cervical cancer, or other cancer from which the subject has been disease free for ≥ 2 years or which will not limit survival to < 2 years. Note: these cases must be discussed with SCTU

19. Malabsorption syndrome, disease significantly affecting gastrointestinal function, resection of the stomach or small bowel, gastric bypass, symptomatic inflammatory bowel disease, or partial or complete bowel obstruction or gastric restrictions and bariatric surgery, such as gastric bypass

20. Any immunotherapy within 4 weeks of 1st dose of the study

21. Concurrent participation in another therapeutic clinical trial

## Date of first enrolment

01/04/2017

Date of final enrolment 02/01/2020

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment** England

United Kingdom

#### **Study participating centre Southampton General Hospital** Tremona Road Southampton United Kingdom

SO16 6YD

## Study participating centre Queen's Medical Centre

Derby Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG7 2UH

#### **Study participating centre Churchill Hospital** Old Road Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7LE

#### **Study participating centre University College London Hospital** 253 Euston Road London United Kingdom NW1 2PG

#### Study participating centre Christie Hospital

550 Wilmslow Road, Withington Manchester United Kingdom MX20 4BX

#### **Study participating centre St. James's University Hospital** Beckett Street

Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

**Study participating centre Derriford Hospital** Derriford Road Plymouth United Kingdom PL6 8DH

## Sponsor information

Organisation

University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust

#### **Sponsor details**

Mailpoint 18 Southampton General Hospital Tremona Road Southampton England United Kingdom SO16 6YD

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### ROR

https://ror.org/0485axj58

## Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

**Funder Name** Acerta Pharma

## **Results and Publications**

### Publication and dissemination plan

The result will be presented and published. Participating clinicians will be supplied with a lay summary of the results once the definitive analysis is presented publicly, in order to make this available to patients that they entered into the trial. The summary will also be submitted to the Lymphoma Association Newsletter and uploaded to the NCRN and cancer help website. No identifiable personal data will be captured on the study database. The study team will present results at national and international conferences and publish in a peer-reviewed journal. Results will be published on clinicaltrials.gov and we will send a lay summary of results to participants.

#### Intention to publish date

31/12/2024

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

| Study outputs        |          |              |            |                |                 |
|----------------------|----------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Output type          | Details  | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
| Protocol article     | protocol | 07/08/2020   | 26/10/2020 | Yes            | No              |
| HRA research summary |          |              | 28/06/2023 | Νο             | No              |