# The locally recurrent rectal cancer quality of life study

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
18/12/2021		<pre>Protocol</pre>		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
20/12/2021	Completed	Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
15/01/2025	Cancer	[X] Record updated in last year		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Locally recurrent rectal cancer is cancer that returns close to the origin site following surgery. The extent of the burden that locally recurrent rectal cancer has on quality of life is poorly reported. Patients with advanced cancer value both survival and quality of life. Using only traditional clinical endpoints in advanced cancer settings is no longer valid and should be reported alongside patient-reported outcomes such as quality of life, in an attempt to present a more balanced outlook on treatments and management strategies.

There are many questionnaires that currently exist that are used to assess quality of life, however, these tools have not been validated specifically for patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer. Validation means checking that the questionnaire is applicable across relevant patient groups. The LRRC-QoL is a questionnaire that has been designed specifically to assess quality of life in patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer. The LRRC-QoL has been developed and validated in patients from the UK and Australia.

#### The aims of the study are:

- to translate and validate the LRRC-QoL into 13 different languages to aid international research in determining the quality of life outcomes in locally recurrent rectal cancer,
- to understand the impact of locally recurrent rectal cancer and its treatment on quality of life,
- to identify survivorship issues relevant to patients who have undergone treatment for locally recurrent rectal cancer and are disease-free,
- to compare the quality of life outcomes between different groups of patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer.

#### Who can participate?

This study involves participants with locally recurrent rectal cancer.

#### What does the study involve?

There are three different parts of the study. The first part of the study aims to develop an international questionnaire that can be used to assess the quality of life in patients in patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer. This will involve a translation process followed by interviews with patients to ensure that the questionnaire is acceptable and understandable to them.

The second part of the study aims to measure quality of life in patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer. Quality of life will be assessed using the LRRC-QoL questionnaire at the start of the study, then at 3, 6, and 12 months. Participants will also be asked to complete three additional quality of life questionnaires at the start of the study which will be used in the analysis to ensure that the LRRC-QoL questionnaire is a valid measure of quality of life.

The third part of the study aims to identify the issues which are relevant to and impact upon the quality of life of survivors of locally recurrent rectal cancer. Taking part in this part of the study will involve a one-off interview with a researcher to identify the issues which are relevant to this group of patients.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The study will deliver wiser benefits as it will provide information regarding quality of life in patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer in many centres internationally. This information can be used to inform shared decision-making between patients and their medical team regarding their care. The study will also allow the LRRC-QoL to be used in future international research. There are no personal benefits to taking part in the study. The study will not affect or alter the treatment participants receive. Participants may find that completing the questionnaires causes them to experience emotional distress in reflecting upon their experience of locally recurrent rectal cancer.

Where is the study run from?

The study is run from the Clinical Trials Research Unit (CTRU) at the University of Leeds in the United Kingdom.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2020 to December 2024

Who is funding the study?

The study is funded by Bowel Research UK and Pelican Cancer Foundation (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Niamh McKigney, N.McKigney@leeds.ac.uk

#### Study website

https://ctru.leeds.ac.uk/lrrc-qol/

#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

**Public** 

#### Contact name

Miss Niamh McKigney

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Scientific

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#### Type(s)

Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

Miss Deena Harji

#### Contact details

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#### Additional identifiers

#### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

272685

#### ClinicalTrials.gov number

#### Secondary identifying numbers

IRAS 272685, CPMS 46607

#### Study information

#### Scientific Title

Health-related Quality of Life and survivorship in Locally Recurrent Rectal Cancer. The LRRC-QoL study

#### Acronym

LRRC-QoL

#### Study objectives

The clinical and oncological outcomes associated with locally recurrent rectal cancer and its various treatment modalities are well documented, however, there is a lack of high-quality, robust data on patient-reported outcomes of health-related quality of life using validated measures in this cohort of patients. Using traditional clinical endpoints alone in advanced cancer settings is no longer valid and such outcomes should be reported alongside patient-reported outcomes in an attempt to present a more balanced outlook on treatments and management strategies. This becomes more pertinent in this disease group as the treatment boundaries are continually pushed to enable ultra-radical resection to afford cure in a greater proportion of patients.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 08/10/2020, West of Scotland Research Ethics Committee 3 (Research Ethics, Clinical Research and Development, Ward 11, Dykebar Hospital, Grahamston Road, Paisley, PA2 7DE, UK; +44(0)1413140212; WoSREC3@ggc.scot.nhs.uk), ref: 20/WS/0116

#### Study design

International multi-centre longitudinal prospective cohort study

#### Primary study design

Observational

#### Secondary study design

Cohort study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Quality of life

#### Participant information sheet

https://ctru.leeds.ac.uk/lrrc-qol/patient-information/

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Health-related quality of life and survivorship in locally recurrent rectal cancer

#### **Interventions**

The study has been designed as an international, multi-centre, mixed methods study. The study consists of 3 workstreams.

The first workstream will adapt the LRRC-QoL into a number of languages and for use in English-speaking countries outside of the UK and validate the measure in each participating country. This will involve a translation process followed by interviews with patients to ensure that the questionnaire is acceptable and understandable to them.

Workstream II is designed as a longitudinal, prospective observational cohort study and will consist of two parts. The first part will establish the reliability and validity of the LRRC-QoL in a large sample size within an international setting. The second part of the study will measure longitudinal outcomes in patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer over a 12-month period. Quality of life will be assessed using the LRRC-QoL questionnaire at the start of the study, then at 3, 6, and 12 months. Participants will also be asked to complete three additional quality of life questionnaires at the start of the study which will be used in the analysis to ensure that the LRRC-QoL questionnaire is a valid measure of quality of life.

Workstream III will identify survivorship issues in patients with locally recurrent rectal cancer. This part of the study will involve a one-off interview with a researcher to identify the issues which are relevant to this group of patients.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Health-related quality of life assessed using the LRRC-QoL questionnaire at baseline, 10 - 14 days, 3, 6 and 12 months.

#### Secondary outcome measures

The survivorship issues relevant to patients who have undergone treatment for locally recurrent rectal cancer, these will be established through using qualitative interviews at a single time point.

#### Overall study start date

05/10/2020

#### Completion date

02/12/2024

#### **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Workstream I:

- 1.1 Aged over or equal to 18 years
- 1.2 Radiological and/or histological diagnosis of locally recurrent rectal cancer
- 1.3 Undergone treatment for locally recurrent rectal cancer within the last 2 years

- 1.4 Able to provide informed written consent to participate
- 1.5 Able to read and write in the target language.

#### Workstream II:

- 2.1 Aged over or equal to 18 years
- 2.2 New radiological and/or histological diagnosis of locally recurrent rectal cancer
- 2.3 Able to provide informed written consent to participate
- 2.4 Able to read and write in the target language.

#### Workstream III:

- 3.1 Aged over or equal to 18 years
- 3.2 Treated for locally recurrent rectal cancer and are disease-free for more than 3 years
- 3.3 Able to provide informed written consent to participate
- 3.4 Able to read and write in the target language

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

320

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with cognitive impairment
- 2. Patients who are in remission from treatment of primary rectal cancer with no evidence of local recurrence
- 3. Patients who are receiving treatment for distant metastatic disease following previous treatment of rectal cancer with no evidence of local recurrence

#### Date of first enrolment

05/11/2020

#### Date of final enrolment

04/12/2023

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Australia

Brazil

Canada
Denmark
England
France
India
Ireland
Italy
Netherlands
New Zealand
Pakistan
Russian Federation
Scotland
Singapore
Spain
Sweden
United Kingdom
United States of America
Wales

Study participating centre
Manchester Royal Royal Infirmary
Cobbett House
Oxford Road
Manchester
United Kingdom
M13 9WL

Study participating centre
St Marks Hospital
St Marks Hospital
Watford Road

Harrow United Kingdom HA1 3UJ

#### Study participating centre St James's University Hospital

St. James's University Hospital Beckett Street Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

#### Study participating centre Morriston Hospital

Heol Maes Eglwys Cwmrhydyceirw Swansea United Kingdom SA6 6NL

### Study participating centre Addenbrookes

Addenbrookes Hospital Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0QQ

#### Study participating centre Royal Devon and Exeter Hospital

Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital Barrack Road Exeter United Kingdom EX2 5DW

## Study participating centre Glasgow Royal Infirmary

84 Castle Street

Glasgow United Kingdom G4 0SF

#### Study participating centre Leicester Royal Infirmary

Leicester Royal Infirmary Infirmary Square Leicester United Kingdom LE1 5WW

#### Study participating centre

Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust - Queen's Medical Centre Campus

Nottingham University Hospital Derby Road Nottingham United Kingdom NG7 2UH

#### Study participating centre Heartlands Hospital

Bordesley Green East Bordesley Green Birmingham United Kingdom B9 5ST

#### Study participating centre

The Christie
550 Wilmslow Road
Withington
Manchester
United Kingdom
M20 4BX

#### Study participating centre Oxford Radcliffe Hospital NHS Trust

The John Radcliffe Headley Way Headington

Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU

#### Study participating centre Southampton

Southampton General Hospital Tremona Road Southampton **United Kingdom** SO16 6YD

#### Study participating centre

St. Vincent's University Hospital

St. Vincent's University Hospital Elm Park Merrion Road Dublin Ireland Dublin 4

#### Study participating centre **Aarhus University Hospital**

Aarhus University Hospital Nørrebrogade 44 Aarhus Denmark 8000 Aarhus C

#### Study participating centre Centre Hospitalier Universitaire (CHU) de Bordeaux

CHU de Bordeaux Place Amélie Raba Léon Bordeaux France 33000 Bordeaux

#### Study participating centre Vall d'Hebron University Hospital Vall d'Hebron University Hospital Passeig de la Vall d'Hebron 119-129

Barcelona Spain 08035 Barcelona

#### Study participating centre Catharina Hospital Eindhoven

Catharina Hospital Eindhoven PO Box 1350 5602ZA Eindhoven Netherlands PO Box 1350 5602ZA

### Study participating centre Erasmus MC Cancer Institute

Erasmus MC Cancer Institute Doctor Molewaterplein 40 PO Box 2040 3000 CA Rotterdam Netherlands PO Box 2040 3000 CA

#### Study participating centre Sahlgrenska University Hospital

Sahlgrenska University Hospital Blå stråket 5 413 45 Göteborg Göteborg Sweden 413 45 Göteborg

### Study participating centre Cleveland Clinic

Cleveland Clinic 9500 Euclid Avenue Cleveland United States of America OH 44195

# Study participating centre MD Anderson Cancer Center MD Anderson Cancer Center

1515 Holcombe Boulevard Houston United States of America Texas 77030

### Study participating centre UC Davis Health

UC Davis Health 2335 Stockton Boulevard Sacramento United States of America CA 95817

### Study participating centre UNC Health Care

UNC Health Care 101 Manning Drive Chapel Hill United States of America NC 27514

#### Study participating centre Christchurch Hospital

Christchurch Hospital 2 Riccarton Avenue Christchurch Central Christchurch New Zealand Christchurch 8011

#### Study participating centre Sengkang General Hospital

Sengkang General Hospital 110 Sengkang East Way Sengkang Singapore Singapore 544886

# Study participating centre Sher-i-Kashmir Institute of Medical Sciences Sher-i-Kashmir Institute of Medical Sciences

SKIMs Main Road Soura Srinagar Jammu and Kashmir Srinagar India 190011

#### Study participating centre Tata Memorial Hospital

Tata Memorial Hospital
Dr Ernest Borges Road
Parel East
Parel
Mumbai
Maharashtra
Mumbai
India
400012

#### Study participating centre

#### Basavatarakam Indo American Cancer Hospital and Research Institute

Basavatarakam Indo American Cancer Hospital and Research Institute

Road No. 10
Banjara Hills
Hyderabad
Telangana
Hyderabad

India

500034

### Study participating centre Saint Petersburg State University Hospital

University Embankment 7/9 St Petersburg Saint Petersburg Russian Federation 199034

#### Study participating centre Moscow State University Hospital

Ulitsa Kolmogorova 1 Moscow Moscow Russian Federation 119991

#### Study participating centre National Cancer Institute of Milan

National Cancer Institute of Milan Via Venezian 1 Milano Milan Italy 20133

#### Study participating centre

#### Patel Hospital

Patel Hospital
Street 18
Block 4 Gulshan-e-Iqbal
Karachi
Sindh
Karachi
Pakistan
Sindh 75300

#### Study participating centre

Cancer Institute of São Paulo University Medical School

Cancer Institute of São Paulo University Medical School Av. Dr. Arnaldo, 455 - Cerqueira César São Paulo Brazil SP 01246-903

#### Study participating centre

St. Paul's Hospital, Providence Health

St. Paul's Hospital, Providence Health 1081 Burrard Street Vancouver Canada BC V6Z 1Y6

#### Sponsor information

#### Organisation

University of Leeds

#### Sponsor details

Faculty of Medicine and Health Research Office Room 9.29 Worsley Building Clarendon Way Leeds England United Kingdom LS2 9NL +44 1133434897 governance-ethics@leeds.ac.uk

#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.leeds.ac.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/024mrxd33

### Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

Bowel Research UK

#### Alternative Name(s)

Bowel Research United Kingdom, BRUK

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

#### Location

United Kingdom

#### **Funder Name**

Pelican Cancer Foundation

#### Alternative Name(s)

#### Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

#### **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

#### Intention to publish date

30/06/2025

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Niamh McKigney (N.McKigney1@leeds.ac.uk) the potential sharing of anonymised quality of life data for future health research purposes was included in the informed consent process.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No