# Heart muscle changes in facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy type 1 applying cardiac magnetic resonance

Submission date 13/06/2017	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul> <li>Prospectively registered</li> <li>Protocol</li> </ul>
<b>Registration date</b> 25/07/2017	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>[] Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>[X] Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 08/04/2020	<b>Condition category</b> Nervous System Diseases	[_] Individual participant data

#### Plain English summary of protocol

#### Background and study aims

Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) is a genetic disease that causes weakness in the muscles of the limbs, shoulders and face. Patients may suffer from shortness of breath, dizziness and loss of consciousness. In the researchers' patient group heart problems seem to be less common, but problems including sudden death have been reported. It may be that an unknown injury of the heart leads to death or dangerous heart rhythm disturbances. Over the last couple of years cardiac (heart) MRI has become the gold standard method for looking at scars and other changes in the heart muscle (fat, inflammation). The aim of this study is to identify early heart muscle changes in patients with FSHD and their relationship with heart rhythm disturbances.

Who can participate?

Patients age 18 or over with FSHD, and healthy volunteers

What does the study involve?

All participants undergo a full examination by cardiologists including a cardiac MRI scan with both standard and new techniques to look for heart tissue injuries. Heart rhythm disturbances are assessed using an electrocardiogram (ECG).

What are possible benefits or risks of participating?

Participants receive a written report for their records including the basic assessment. The detection of early heart changes with MRI may help to improve treatment in the future. The MRI scan is prolonged by only about ten minutes. From a participant's perspective no other burden is created by this study.

Where is the study run from? Charité University Medicine Berlin (Germany)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2015 to May 2017 Who is funding the study? Bayer Health Medical Care

Who is the main contact? Prof. Jeanette Schulz-Menger

### **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

**Contact name** Prof Jeanette Schulz-Menger

ORCID ID http://orcid.org/0000-0003-3100-1092

**Contact details** Charité University Medicine Berlin Campus Buch Working Group Kardiale MRT Lindenberger Weg 80 Berlin Germany 13125

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS number** 

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** FSHD-CMR (internal study code)

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Cardiac involvement in facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy type 1 patients with preserved ejection fraction – assessment by cardiovascular magnetic resonance

#### **Study objectives**

A prospective diagnostic trial to evaluate the efficacy of gadobutrol-enhanced cardiovascular magnetic resonance (CMR) at identifying myocardial tissue injury in facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy type 1 patients with preserved left ventricular function. This proof of concept trial is intended to extend the indications for CMR.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Ethics board of the Charité University Medicine Berlin Campus Mitte, 03/09/2015, ref: EA1/169 /15

#### Study design

It is a prospective diagnostic trial to evaluate the efficacy of gadobutrol-enhanced CMR to identify myocardial tissue injury in Facioscapulohumeral Muscular Dystrophy Type 1. This proof of concept trial is intended to extend the indications for CMR.

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

**Study setting(s)** Hospital

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy type 1

#### Interventions

After inclusion, the study participants undergo a CMR. Furthermore, an age- and gendermatched healthy control group is identified. They receive the same CMR protocol.

CMR is applied at a 1.5 T Scanner (MAGNETOM AvantoFit®, Siemens Healthcare, Erlangen, Germany) using a 32 channel surface coil. Cine imaging is performed applying state of the art steady state precession sequences to determine the global cardiac performance. For myocardial tissue differentiation, parametric T1 and T2 mapping, fat/water separated imaging and focal fibrosis imaging (Late Gadolinium Enhancement, LGE) are performed.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Myocardial tissue injuries, detected using magnetic resonance imaging visually (qualitative) and quantitative including the presence and extent of lesions like fat and scar, measured at a single timepoint

#### Secondary outcome measures

Heart rhythm disturbances, assessed using ECG and ECG monitoring at a single timepoint

#### Overall study start date

03/09/2015

Completion date 15/12/2018

# Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Genetically confirmed diagnosis of FSHD1

2. Age ≥18 years (no upper limit)

3. Age- and gender-matched healthy control group

**Participant type(s)** Mixed

**Age group** Adult

**Lower age limit** 18 Years

**Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** 52

**Total final enrolment** 52

#### Key exclusion criteria

Known vascular, cardiac diseases (e.g. coronary artery disease, significant valvular disease, myocarditis), malign diseases or known contraindications for CMR or Gadolinium- based contrastmedia

Date of first enrolment 03/09/2015

Date of final enrolment 31/12/2016

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment** Germany

Study participating centre

#### Working Group on Cardiovascular Magnetic Resonance

Experimental and Clinical Research Center, a joint cooperation between the Charité University Medicine Berlin and the Max-Delbrueck Center for Molecular Medicine, and HELIOS Klinikum Berlin Buch, Department of Cardiology and Nephrology Lindenberger Weg 80 Berlin Germany 13125

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** Charité University Medicine Berlin

**Sponsor details** Working Group Kardiale MRT Lindenberger Weg 80 Berlin Germany 13125

**Sponsor type** University/education

Website http://www.cmr-berlin.org

ROR https://ror.org/001w7jn25

### Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

**Funder Name** Bayer Health Medical Care

### **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Results of this study shall be published in a high-ranking peer-reviewed journal.

#### Intention to publish date

31/08/2017

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are not expected to be made available due to data protection laws in Germany. However, upon request methodology and dataset structure can be shared.

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Results article</u>	results	29/04/2019		Yes	No