# Repletion of vitamin D levels using an oral spray vs capsule supplement among individuals who are deficient

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul><li>[X] Prospectively registered</li><li>Protocol</li></ul>		
15/11/2024	No longer recruiting			
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
06/12/2024	Completed	Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
15/04/2025	Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	[X] Record updated in last year		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Vitamin D is an important nutrient for bone health, helping the body to absorb calcium, magnesium, and phosphate. Vitamin D is activated in the liver and kidneys, with 25-hydroxyvitamin D (25(OH)D) being the key form used to assess vitamin D levels in the blood. The risk of vitamin D deficiency (low vitamin D levels) is higher among certain groups of individuals. For example, as people age, their bodies produce and process vitamin D differently. Older adults can often spend more time indoors, which reduces their sun exposure. This makes it harder for them to get the amount of vitamin D they need. Also, those with darker skin naturally produce less vitamin D from sunlight, especially in regions with high latitudes, such as the North East of England. Therefore, supplementation may be required to ensure these individuals have sufficient vitamin D to maintain good health. This study will compare the effectiveness of two vitamin D supplements—one in spray form and one in capsule form—among older people (study 1) and people with darker skin complexion (study 2) who have low vitamin D levels. This research aims to determine how quickly each supplement raises vitamin D levels and how well participants adhere to taking them.

#### Who can participate?

Otherwise healthy older adults aged 65 years and over (Study 1) and those aged 18 years and over with darker skin complexion (Study 2). Participants must either have sub-optimal (<50 nmol/l) or deficient (<30 nmol/l) vitamin D levels to be eligible and this will be determined via a screening appointment with a researcher.

#### What does the study involve?

If eligible, participants will be randomly allocated into one of three groups:

Group 1: Participants will be required to take a Vitamin D capsule (one capsule per day) and a placebo spray (one spray per day, orally) for 6 weeks (the placebo spray will have no active properties and is water based).

Group 2: Participants will be required to take a Vitamin D spray (one spray per day, orally) and a placebo capsule (one capsule per day) for 6 weeks (the placebo capsule will have no active properties and is water based).

Group 3: Participants will be required to take a placebo capsule (one capsule per day) and placebo spray (one spray per day, orally) for 6 weeks (the placebo capsule and spray will have no active properties and are water based).

On three occasions (at the beginning of the study, at 2 weeks and at the end of the study period at 6 weeks) participants will attend an appointment with a researcher at the Nutrition Research Facility at Newcastle University, a community-based location or online via MS Teams/Zoom. Vitamin D levels will be measured using a self-administered finger-prick blood spot kit at the baseline appointment – 0 hours (Day 1), and then at 4 and 8 hours (Day 1) followed by alternate days between Day 2 and Day 14. After Day 14, the self-administered finger prick sample will be taken weekly (days 21, 28, 35 and 42) until study completion.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

To express our thanks for the participants' time and effort in taking part in the study, they will receive up to £100 shopping vouchers upon successful completion of the study. It is not intended that participation in this research study will cause any discomfort or harm. Part of this study involves providing a small blood draw via finger-prick sampling on 14 separate occasions across 6 weeks. There is a small risk of developing bruising, fainting or excessive bleeding after the blood sampling. A fully trained researcher will demonstrate how to take the blood samples safely to ensure that any discomfort or risk is minimal.

Where is the study run from? Newcastle University (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2024 to July 2025

Who is funding the study? BetterYou Ltd (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Andrea Fairley, andrea.fairley@newcastle.ac.uk

#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific, Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

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Public

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#### Additional identifiers

#### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### IRAS number

#### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

#### Secondary identifying numbers

NU021205

## Study information

#### Scientific Title

Repletion rate of circulating 25-hydroxyvitamin D following sublingual and capsular vitamin D supplementation among individuals with sub-optimal vitamin D status

#### Study objectives

The hypothesis is that a 3000 IU vitamin D supplement delivered sublingually will achieve time-to-repletion rates identical to a matched enteric capsule preparation.

#### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 05/12/2024, Newcastle University FMS Ethics Committee (Newcastle University, Newcastle Upon Tyne, NE2 4HH, United Kingdom; +44 (0)191 208 6000; fmsethics@newcastle.ac. uk), ref: 2922/50103

#### Study design

Double-blind placebo-controlled three-arm parallel-design study in two subgroups

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Community

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

See study outputs table

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Vitamin D deficiency or insufficiency

#### Interventions

This study will involve two, double-blind, placebo-controlled trials (6-week duration), each with a three-arm parallel design. Study 1 will target older adults (65 years and above) (n = 75); Study 2 will target adults with darker skin complexion (18 years and above) (n = 75). Each study will follow the same design and will be operationalised concurrently.

Participants will be randomised into one of three groups:

#### Study 1: Older adults

- 1. Active vitamin D capsule (3000 IU, 1 x capsule/day) and 1 x placebo spray (1 x spray orally/day) for 6 weeks (n = 25)
- 2. Active vitamin D spray (3000 IU, 1 x spray orally/day) and placebo capsule (1 x capsule/day) for 6 weeks (n = 25)
- 3. Double placebo (1 x spray orally/day & 1 x capsule/day) for 6 weeks (n = 25)

#### Study 2: Adults with darker skin complexion

- 1. Active vitamin D capsule (3000 IU, 1 x capsule/day) and 1 x placebo spray (1 x spray orally/day) for 6 weeks (n = 25)
- 2. Active vitamin D spray (3000 IU, 1x spray orally/day) and placebo capsule (1 x capsule/day) for 6 weeks (n = 25)
- 3. Double placebo (1 x spray orally/day & 1 x capsule/day) for 6 weeks (n = 25)

A double-blinded method will be applied for both subjects and investigators. The identity of the groups will be disclosed upon completion of the data analysis.

#### Intervention Type

Supplement

#### Primary outcome measure

Time from initiation of supplementation to participants meeting the definition of adequate circulating levels of vitamin D [25(OH)D] analysed by liquid chromatography tandem mass spectrometry measured by a self-administered finger prick blood spot at baseline – 0 h (day 1), and then at 4 h and 8 h (day 1), day 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 21, 28, 35 and 42.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Compliance measured by weighing/counting the spray bottle and capsules at 2 weeks and 6 weeks.
- 2. Acceptability measured using a questionnaire at 6 weeks

#### Overall study start date

06/10/2024

#### Completion date

31/07/2025

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Older adults aged 65 years and over (Study 1)
- 2. Adults aged 18 years and over with darker skin complexion. This is classified using the Fitzpatrick Classification of Skin Phototype (Phototype IV, V, VI) (Fitzpatrick, 1988) (Study 2)
- 3. Participants to be screened for sub-optimal 25(OH)D status (<50 nmol/L) or deficient (<30 nmol/L) 25(OH)D status at baseline (both Study 1 and 2)
- 4. Willing and able to give written informed consent
- 5. Can understand and speak the English language

#### Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

#### Age group

Mixed

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

150

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Individuals who report any food supplement use
- 2. Individuals with a Vitamin D status of ≥50 nmol/L
- 3. Recent or planned overseas vacation / sunny holiday
- 4. Pregnant or lactating women
- 5. History of gastrointestinal disease, liver disease, or renal disease
- 6. History of bleeding disorders, and/or taking blood thinning medications
- 7. Skin disorders that would impede finger prick sampling
- 8. Those living with diabetes
- 9. Any disability or mental impairment that precludes safe and adequate participation in the study and inability to provide consent
- 10. Inability to understand written and verbal instructions in English

#### Date of first enrolment

11/12/2024

#### Date of final enrolment

20/06/2025

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

# Study participating centre University of Newcastle Upon Tyne

Claremont Road Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE1 7RU

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

**Newcastle University** 

#### Sponsor details

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#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

https://www.ncl.ac.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01kj2bm70

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Industry

#### Funder Name

BetterYou Ltd

### **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Data arising from the study will be considered for dissemination at scientific conferences with a plan for publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

#### Intention to publish date

31/10/2025

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data-sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	version 2	06/11/2024	06/12/2024	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	version 3	06/03/2025	10/03/2025	No	Yes