# Long-term bovine colostrum supplementation in football players

Submission date 18/10/2023	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul> <li>Prospectively registered</li> <li>Protocol</li> </ul>
<b>Registration date</b> 07/11/2023	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<ul> <li>Statistical analysis plan</li> <li>[X] Results</li> </ul>
Last Edited 21/01/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Other	Individual participant data

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Physical exercise, especially of high intensity, is a significant burden to the athlete's body. It should be emphasized that achieving high results in competitive sports requires the use of significant, sometimes extreme, exercise loads during training, which may result in homeostasis disorders, adversely affecting the fitness of athletes. The supplementation of bovine colostrum (BC) has a documented immunomodulatory effect on the players' diet and may be one of the elements of a safe and gentle intervention that restores homeostasis e.g., the balance of the immune system. There is also increasing evidence that BC may be a valuable supplement for athletes to aid exercise performance and recovery

Thus the study aims to investigate the effects of 6 months of bovine colostrum supplementation on indicators of immune system functioning, selected parameters related to iron management, pro-anti inflammatory and anabolic/catabolic balance in young football players.

#### Who can participate?

The research participants were men, football players who met the following criteria: the inclusion criteria included: 1) competitive football training for at least 3 years; 2) male; 3) not taking any medications throughout the study and 4) providing voluntary consent for participation in the study. The exclusion criteria included: 1) any health problems.

#### What does the study involve?

The study is a randomized clinical trial designed to compare the effects of 6 months of bovine colostrum supplementation on the functioning of the immune system of soccer players. A standardized stress test will be performed at the beginning of the trial and after 3 and 6 months of supplementation. Blood samples were taken before and after the stress test and after 3 hours of rest. Blood will be taken from each athlete from the ulnar vein in the amount of 2x4ml (clot test tube and EDTAK2 tube): on an empty stomach, immediately after exercise and 3 hours after exercise The level of: IGF-1, testosterone, cortisol, IL-10, IL-6, TNF-a, IgG, lactoferrin, iron, hepcidin, TIBC, UIBC will be determined. A significant increase in IgG levels was seen, accompanied by a decrease in inflammatory markers (TNF-a).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The main benefits of taking the supplement are shortening the time and improving post-

exercise regeneration processes in athletes, improving the functioning of the immune system, strengthening immunity, and regulating hormonal balance, which in intensively training athletes are disturbed by physical exercise. Previously conducted studies indicate that the dose administered in our studies is safe for humans and does not cause side effects.

Where is the study run from?

Department of Human Physiology, Nicolaus Copernicus University Ludwik Rydygier Collegium Medicum in Bydgoszcz (Poland)

Department of Biological Sciences, Faculty of Physical Culture in Gorzow Wielkopolski, Poznan University of Physical Education (Poland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? February 2017 to November 2018

Who is funding the study? Regional Operational Program—Lubuskie 2020 (Poland)

Who is the main contact? Dr Joanna Ostapiuk-Karolczuk, j.ostapiuk@awf-gorzow.edu.pl

# **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number** Nil known

**IRAS number** 

**ClinicalTrials.gov number** Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

## Scientific Title

The influence of the supply of polyphenol compounds on the parameters of the pro-oxidant and pro-oxidant balance and inflammation indicators in physically active people

## Acronym

LTBCSFP

## **Study objectives**

H1. Bovine colostrum supplementation will improve iron metabolism in training soccer players in response to intense physical exercise.

H2. Bovine colostrum supplementation will improve the functioning of the immune system in training soccer players in response to intense physical exercise.

H3. Bovine colostrum supplementation will have a positive effect on the pro-anti-inflammatory balance in training football players in response to intense physical exercise.

H4. Bovine colostrum supplementation will influence the hormonal balance in training football players in response to intense physical exercise.

## Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 13/06/2017, Bioethics Committee of the Nico-laus Copernicus University in Toruń at the Collegium Medicum Ludwik Rydygier (M.Skłodowskiej-Curie 9, Bydgoszcz, 85-094, Poland; +48 52 585 25 63; komisja.bioetyczna@cm.umk.pl), ref: KB 382/2017

#### Study design

Interventional randomized control trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)** Fitness/sport facility, Laboratory

**Study type(s)** Prevention

**Participant information sheet** See outputs table

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prevention of iron, inflammatory, and hormonal disturbances in trained athletes after intense exercise.

## Interventions

Before the supplementation, the players were randomly divided into two groups. The supplemented group (n=19) received four gastro-resistant capsules of BC (produced by AGRAPAK, Poland) every morning and evening. One gel capsule contained 0.4 g of colostrum. The composition of the supplement per day dose of 3.2 g of colostrum (four capsules in the morning and four in the evening): total protein - 2.620 g, lactose - 0.16 g, fat - 0.05 g, active protein substances (lactoferrin - 30 mg, PRP (platelet-rich plasma) - 0.16 g, IgG - 1050 mg, IGF - 16 µg, LZM - 21.2 mg, and αLA - 30 mg). The PRP content was estimated by measuring the content and ratio of amino acids (Pro and Val) based on the conducted research and analysis of bibliographic data. The placebo group (n=9) received powdered milk in the same dose, form, and date as the competitors. The composition of the placebo was calculated for a single dose of 3.2 g: lactose 1.6 g, protein 1.08 g, fat 0.04 g, and ash 0.25. The supplementation period lasted for 24 weeks in total.

The supplement study was performed using two types of preparations: a supplement and a placebo. Identical-looking capsules were prepared for both preparations. The contents (supplement and placebo) were very similar to each other (white powder) with virtually identical taste and smell consistency. Both preparations were packed in identical packages, marked with numbers that corresponded to the numbers assigned to the athletes during randomization. Only the study leader knew the details of the coding and he supervised the distribution of preparations for athletes. Neither the participants nor the people conducting the experiment had access to key information that could influence its course. This information is available only to the main coordinator of the experiment - the study leader, who does not participate in the experiment himself, but analyzes its results after other people have completed collecting all the data.

## Intervention Type

Supplement

## Primary outcome measure

Immune system activity and inflammatory response were measured using IgG level, IL-6, TNF-α, IL-10, at baseline, immediately after exercise, and 3h at each performed exercise test.

## Secondary outcome measures

1. Speed of exercise measured during the Beep Test at baseline (before supplementation) and after 3 and 6 months of supplementation

2 Number of sections run in the Beep Test t baseline (before supplementation) and after 3 and 6 months of supplementation

Overall study start date 01/02/2017

Completion date 15/11/2018

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

1. Competitive football training for at least 3 years

2. Male

3. Not taking any medications throughout the study

4. Provide voluntary consent for participation in the study

**Participant type(s)** Healthy volunteer

**Age group** Adult

**Lower age limit** 18 Days

**Upper age limit** 30 Days

**Sex** Male

#### Target number of participants

Participants were assessed and randomly allocated to one of two groups: supplemented (n=19) and placebo (n=9).

**Total final enrolment** 28

**Key exclusion criteria** Any health problems.

Date of first enrolment 07/05/2018

**Date of final enrolment** 10/05/2018

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment** Poland

Study participating centre Department of Human Physiology, Nicolaus Copernicus University Ludwik Rydygier Collegium Medicum Karłowicza 24 Bydgoszcz Poland 85-092

#### **Study participating centre Department of Physical Education; Kazimierz Wielki University** Jana Karola Chodkiewicza 30 Bydgoszcz Poland 58-064

#### Study participating centre Department of Biological Sciences, Faculty of Physical Culture in Gorzow Wielkopolski, Poznan University of Physical Education Estkowskiego 13 Gorzow Wielkopolski Poland 66-400

# Sponsor information

**Organisation** Regional Operational Program—Lubuskie 2020

Sponsor details ul. Chrobrego 1 Zielona Góra Poland 65-043 +48 68 4565 480 pife.zielonagora@lubuskie.pl

**Sponsor type** Government

Website https://rpo.lubuskie.pl/

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** Government

**Funder Name** Regional Operational Program—Lubuskie 2020

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Results will be published in Nutrients (IF 5,9; open access)

#### Intention to publish date

06/11/2023

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be available upon request from (please provide contact name and email address) for 12 months from the publication date of the article. Mirosława Cieślicka e-mail: m.cieslicka@cm.umk.pl

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs					
Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet			19/10/2023	No	Yes
Results article		14/11/2023	21/01/2025	Yes	No