# The addition of ACT or a talking control to treatment as usual for the management of dysfunction in advanced cancer

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
22/07/2015		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
22/07/2015	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
18/08/2023	Cancer			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-comparing-2-talking-therapies-for-people-having-treatment-for-cancer-symptoms-canact

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Public

#### Contact name

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# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number 18493

# Study information

Scientific Title

The addition of ACT or a Talking Control to treatment as usual for the management of dysfunction in advanced cancer: a feasibility randomised controlled trial

#### Acronym

CanACT

#### **Study objectives**

Aim:

To conduct a feasibility randomised controlled trial of the clinical and cost effectiveness of ACT compared to a talking control (TC) or treatment as usual (TAU) in the management of dysfunction in advanced cancer.

#### Objectives:

- 1. To test the feasibility of recruitment to/and attrition in people with advanced cancer into a randomised controlled trial of TAU plus ACT compared to TAU plus TC
- 2. To explore the feasibility of providing a therapist delivered intervention; individual ACT or TC
- 3. To assess the usefulness and acceptability of a number of clinical and economic outcomes
- 4. To determine whether data generated from outcomes in this trial support a larger RCT into the clinical effectiveness of ACT in advanced cancer patients
- 5. To obtain qualitative data about the experience of receiving ACT and TC

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

NRES committee London – Riverside, 04/12/2014, ref: 14/LO/0813

#### Study design

Randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Cancer; Subtopic: All Cancers/Misc Sites; Disease: All

#### Interventions

There are two intervention arms:

- 1. Treatment as usual (TAU) plus acceptance commitment therapy (ACT)
- 2. TAU plus talking control (TC)

Interventions will be described in detailed manuals to ensure core components are well defined and replicable. For ACT and TC, up to 8 sessions (each 1 hour) will be offered weekly and delivered within 3 months. Sessions will usually take place in a palliative care day therapy unit but the final 3 may occur at home if requested. Both ACT and TC will be delivered by the same therapist to reduce the effects of non-specific factors (e.g. warmth, professionalism).

1. ACT: a contextual behavioural approach which uses a collection of techniques aimed at increasing psychological flexibility to change outcomes. Psychological flexibility is the ability to

persist in valued life activities alongside distressing or unwanted private events. There are two main processes

- 1.1. Mindfulness and acceptance (cognitive fusion and self as context)
- 1.2. Commitment and behaviour change (being present, defining valued directions and committed action)

We shall follow the work of Hayes et al (1999) and supplement the approach with the manual "Get out of your mind and into your life" (Hayes and Smith, 2005). Therapists will be familiar with the skills training manual "Learning ACT" by Luoma, Hyes and Walser (2005) and "ACT made simple" by Harris (2009). Psychological flexibility mediates outcomes in chronic pain (Wicksell et al, 2010); acceptance, mindfulness and values each mediate outcomes for generalised anxiety.

2. TC: this promotes use of common factors in therapy by encouraging the therapist to be warm and welcoming, allowing people to ventilate their feelings, feel heard and understood. It specifically discourages focusing on problem areas and stipulates that problem solving should not be attempted. The therapist is trained to adhere to guidelines and this approach has been used previously to control for common factors in therapy.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome(s)

FACT-G: A self-report 5 point Likert type scale, consisting of 27 questions taking 5 minutes to complete. It has four well-being domains (physical, social/family, emotional and activity) summed to a total score. With high internal consistency reliability and validity, it is recommended for assessing health-related quality of life in advanced cancer. A low score suggests poorer function. The mean score in a cancer population is 80.9 (SD 17.0). We shall select those with scores below the mean (pilot predicts 80% of population).

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Psychological well-being: (5 minutes) Kessler-10 (K10, a 10-item self-report global measure of "psychological distress" in previous 4 weeks, taking 5 minutes to complete
- 2. Physical function: (5 minutes). Two minute walking test: the distance walked in 2 minutes (walking continuously, in a controlled space, at own speed, using an aid if necessary). One minute sit to stand test: number of times a person can stand up and sit down from a standardised chair over one minute.
- 3. Process of ACT: (10 minutes) Acceptance and Action Questionnaire II (AAQII): A 10 item scale measuring experiential avoidance that assesses willingness to accept undesirable thoughts and feelings, whilst acting in congruence with personal values and goals
- 4. Economic measures: (10 minutes)
- 4.1. EuroQol (EQ5D): A generic utility measure of quality of life consisting of 5-domains and a visual analogue scale, used in cost-effectiveness analysis
- 4.2. ICECAP-Supportive care measure: A seven item capability index for older people

#### Completion date

31/01/2018

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

1. A clinical diagnosis of advanced cancer defined as disease not amenable to curative treatment, those with metastases at diagnosis, those at first or subsequent extensive recurrence and those receiving palliative treatments

- 2.Total FACTG score of < 81
- 3. Agreement to be randomised
- 4. Sufficient understanding of English to engage in ACT

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

#### Total final enrolment

42

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1 Clinician estimated survival of less than 4 months
- 2. Age under 18 years

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2015

#### Date of final enrolment

01/06/2016

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

#### Study participating centre Marie Curie Hampstead Hospice

Lyndhurst Gardens London United Kingdom NW3 5NS

#### St John's Hospice

60 Grove End Road London United Kingdom NW8 9NH

# Study participating centre St. Joseph's Hospice

Mare St London United Kingdom E8 4SA

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Camden and Islington NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03ekq2173

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		21/12/2018	18/08/2023	Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	11/02/2016		Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023		No
Other publications	Qualitative analysis of sessions	20/05/2022	18/08/2023	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes