Study on the performance and safety of Sentinox in COVID-19 patients

| Submission date 05/05/2021 | Recruitment status No longer recruiting |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Registration date 12/05/2021 | Overall study status Completed |
| Last Edited 18/10/2022 | Condition category Infections and Infestations |

[X] Prospectively registered

[X] Protocol

[] Statistical analysis plan

[X] Results

[] Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Since December 2019, severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), has spread globally, leading to a pandemic of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19). COVID-19 has led to over 100 million cases and more than 2.3 million deaths worldwide. The published results of pivotal trials of the first COVID-19 candidate vaccines have represented a source of genuine hope for the international community. Numerous countries have rapidly initiated a COVID-19 vaccination campaign, and as of 12 February 2021, more than 150 million doses had been administered throughout the world. However, until now, vaccines have not been available and therefore the importance of preventative measures in managing the spread of the virus have been stressed to control the spread of the disease.

Although the majority of COVID-19 cases are considered mild, a subset of patients with high amount of the virus in their body (high viral load) may develop a fever and/or a continuous cough among other symptoms. This can develop into pneumonia. Pneumonia is a chest infection where the small air pockets of the lungs, called alveoli, fill with liquid and make it more difficult to breathe.

Similar to other coronaviruses, SARS-CoV-2 binds to the angiotensin-converting enzyme 2 (ACE-2) receptor on epithelial cells. Recently, some authors have quantitated differences in ACE-2 receptor expression and SARS-CoV-2 infectivity in the nose (high) versus the peripheral lung (low). For these and other evidences researchers speculated that nasal surfaces might be the dominant initial site for SARS-CoV-2 respiratory tract infection. Data in COVID-19-positive subjects support the concept of early infection in the upper respiratory tract (0–5 days) followed by subsequent aspiration and infection of the lower lung.

Nasal irrigations are a common practice of upper respiratory tract care, used either alone or in association with other therapies in several conditions affecting the upper respiratory tract.

This study will investigate the possibility of reducing the virus load in the nose of patients already affected by COVID-19 by nasal washing solution. It is hoped that this could reduce potential additional virus load, and be able to contribute to reducing the spreading of viral infection.

Who can participate? Adults aged between 18 and 64, with mild COVID-19 symptoms

What does the study involve?

Participants will be allocated to one of three groups, with an equal chance of being in either group (like tossing a coin):

1. Group A: Sentinox treatment performed 3 times/day for 5 days (as an add-on to the standard therapy);

2. Group B: Sentinox treatment performed 5 times/day for 5 days (as an add-on to the standard therapy);

3. Group C: no Sentinox treatment; only the standard therapy will be performed.

The study will consist of 9 visits (daily for 6 days, and after 10 and 21 days), where

nasopharyngeal swabs and presence of COVID-19-related symptoms are collected.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

A benefit expected from participation in this study is that nasal washing, as an add-on treatment to standard therapies, may reduce the time taken for patients with COVID-19 to have a negative COVID-19 test result, speeding up the time taken for them to be able to reintegration into society.

Participation in a clinical trial may involve risks. In general, nasal irrigation is a simple procedure that is well-tolerated, has minor common side effects including a sense of discomfort and nervousness, especially during the first use, and a burning sensation upon application. With prolonged use, possible local irritation, pain, and sensitization may occur.

Where is the study run from? Ospedale Policlinico San Martino IRCCS (Italy)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? From March 2021 to December 2021

Who is funding the study? APR Applied Pharma Research SA (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact? Dr Giorgio Reiner giorgio.reiner@apr.ch

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Giorgio Reiner

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT04909996

Secondary identifying numbers STX-2021

Study information

Scientific Title

Post-market, confirmatory, interventional, randomized and controlled clinical study to assess the efficacy and safety of Sentinox in COVID-19 patients

Study objectives

To evaluate the performance and safety of Sentinox, a new product intended to reduce the virus load into the nasal airway.

Ethics approval required Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 19/04/2021, Comitato Etico Regionale (Ospedale Policlinico San Martino – IRCCS, Largo Rosanna Benzi, 10 – 16132 Genova, Italy; +39 (0)10 010 555 4212; comitato. etico@hsanmartino.it)

Study design

Single-centre open-label randomized controlled interventional study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Other

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Please use the contact details below to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2 infection)

Interventions

This is a single-center, randomized, controlled, open-label, pilot study to assess the safety and the performance of Sentinox medical device in the treatment of mild COVID-19 patients.

The study will consist of 9 visits.

At the screening visit, according to the investigational site procedures, patients with a positive COVID-19 nasopharyngeal swab (quantitative swab test with RT-PCR Ct value ≤30 for at least 2 genes out of 4) performed at the investigational site on the same day will be summoned. Patients will be enrolled after having signed the informed consent form prior to any other study procedure and after inclusion/exclusion criteria check. According to the investigator's judgment, the patient's clinical outcomes, and the investigational site guidelines, the enrolled patients should be hospitalized or redirected to other structures (e.g. "COVID-19 hotel", patient's home).

At Visit 0 (day 0), the patient will be randomized with a 1:1:1 ratio in one of 3 trial groups: 1. Group A: Sentinox treatment performed 3 times/day for 5 days (as add-on to the standard therapy);

2. Group B: Sentinox treatment performed 5 times/day for 5 days (as add-on to the standard therapy);

3. Group C: no Sentinox treatment; only the standard therapy will be performed.

The allocation of the patient in one of the three study arms will be performed sequentially by the principal investigator or delegates in the order in which the subjects are enrolled and will be reported in a randomization list, including the identification code of the patient and the treatment arm (A, B or C) assigned. The randomization list, retained in the investigation site, is limited to the Sponsor and the investigation staff. Electronic files of the randomization list are password-protected. Hardcopies of the randomization list are kept in an area with limited access.

At Visit 1 (day 1) and Visit 2 (day 2), three nasopharyngeal swabs will be performed. At subsequent planned visits only one nasopharyngeal swab will be performed in the morning. From Visit 1 (day 1) to Visit 5 (day 5), patients will record daily adverse events (AE), concomitant medication, and presence of clinical features COVID-19 related in a diary. After the end of the treatment visit (Visit 5), three follow-up visits will be performed on day 6, day 10, and day 21 respectively.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

1. Viral load in COVID-19 patients measured using quantitative swab test with RT-PCR at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21 days (three swabs daily on day 1 and 2, and one swab daily on other days)

Secondary outcome measures

Current secondary outcome measures as of 21/03/2022:

1. Efficacy of Sentinox versus Standard Treatment in term of reduction in viral load in nasal fluids in mild COVID-19 patients stratifying the results according to the initial at day 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21

2. Time profile of Sentinox to affect the profile of viral load analysing the subjects'

negativization (expressed as number of negativized patients) at day 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21 3. Time profile of Sentinox to affect the profile of viral load analysing the infectiousness of the patients (expressed as number of infective patients) at day 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21

4. Evaluating the time profile of Sentinox by the profile of COVID-19 viral load measured using quantitative swab test with RT-PCR at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21 days (three swabs daily on day 1 and 2, and one swab daily on other days)

5. Evaluating time profile of Sentinox in terms of the duration of clinical features of COVID-19 measured using an ad hoc questionnaire between baseline and 21 days

6. Tolerability of Sentinox measured using a visual analogue scale (VAS) for overall patient treatment tolerance at 6 days

7. Patient satisfaction of Sentinox measured using a 5-point Likert Scale for patient satisfaction at 6 days

8. Safety of Sentinox measured using adverse events recorded in the patient diary between 1 and 5 days and clinical examination at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21 days

Previous secondary outcome measures:

1. Evaluating the time profile of Sentinox by the profile of COVID-19 viral load measured using quantitative swab test with RT-PCR at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21 days (three swabs daily on day 1 and 2, and one swab daily on other days)

2. Evaluating the time profile of Sentinox by the duration of clinical features of COVID-19 measured using an ad hoc questionnaire between baseline and 21 days

Clinical features of COVID-19 measured using patient diary between 1 and 5 days 3. Tolerability of Sentinox measured using a visual analogue scale (VAS) for overall patient treatment tolerance at 6 days

4. Patient satisfaction of Sentinox measured using a 5-point Likert Scale for patient satisfaction at 6 days

5. Safety of Sentinox measured using adverse events recorded in the patient diary between 1 and 5 days and clinical examination at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and 21 days

Overall study start date

10/03/2021

Completion date

31/12/2021

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 29/07/2021:

- 1. Patient informed consent form (ICF) signed
- 2. Aged \geq 18 and \leq 64 years at the time of the signature of ICF

3. Subjects who are willing to comply with the requirements of the study protocol, attend scheduled visits and calls for the duration of the study by telephone contact

4. Mild Symptomatic Individuals with COVID-19 confirmed by polymerase chain reaction (PCR)

based on WHO guideline (version as of 27/05/2020). In the study will be enrolled COVID-19 patient with RT-PCR Ct value ≤30 for ≥2 genes out of 4, at the first swab. The enrollment of COVID-19 vaccinated patients will be allowed if they will present a "clinical vaccination failure", defined according to the indications reported in the "Global Manual on Surveillance of AE Following Immunization" (WHO guidelines)

5. Onset of symptoms from not more than 2/3 days

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3. Subjects who are willing to comply with the requirements of the study protocol, attend scheduled visits and calls for the duration of the study by telephone contact

4. Mild Symptomatic Individuals with COVID-19 confirmed by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based on WHO guideline (version as of 27/05/2020). In the study will be enrolled COVID-19 patient with RT-PCR Ct value <30 for ≥2 genes out of 4, at the first swab.

5. Onset of symptoms from not more than 2/3 days

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants 57 patients in total (19 per group)

Total final enrolment

57

Key exclusion criteria

Current exclusion criteria as of 29/07/2021:

1. Other clinically significant and uncontrolled pathologies that may interfere with study results (e.g. rheumatic diseases)

2. Presence of any relevant organic, systemic or metabolic disease (particularly significant history of cardiac, renal, neurological, psychiatric, oncology, endocrinology, metabolic or hepatic disease), or abnormal laboratory values that will be deemed clinically significant based on predefined values

3. Immune system illnesses

4. Known drug and/or alcohol abuse

5. Individuals who are cognitively impaired and/or who are unable to give informed consent

6. Ongoing or prior participation in any other clinical trial of an experimental treatment for COVID-19

7. Ongoing or prior participation in any other clinical trial of an experimental treatment within 30 days from enrollment day

8. Intubated or prior intubation (during present hospitalization) or anticipated intubation within

the subsequent 2 h

9. Using high-flow nasal cannula (HFNC) or non-invasive ventilation (NIV)

10. Concurrent or planned treatment with other agents with actual or possible direct antiviral activity

11. Prior hospitalization for COVID-19

12. Positive pregnancy test or breastfeeding woman

13. Known hypersensitivity to the study treatment, its metabolites, or formulation excipient

14. History of severe drug and/or food allergies and/or known allergies to the trial product or its components

15. Any condition that, in the opinion of the Investigator, would complicate or compromise the study or well-being of the patient

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1. Other clinically significant and uncontrolled pathologies that may interfere with study results (e.g. rheumatic diseases)

2. Presence of any relevant organic, systemic or metabolic disease (particularly significant history of cardiac, renal, neurological, psychiatric, oncology, endocrinology, metabolic or hepatic disease), or abnormal laboratory values that will be deemed clinically significant based on predefined values

3. Immune system illnesses

4. Known drug and/or alcohol abuse

5. Individuals who are cognitively impaired and/or who are unable to give informed consent 6. Ongoing or prior participation in any other clinical trial of an experimental treatment for

COVID-19 (including COVID-19 vaccine)

7. Vaccination with COVID-19 vaccine

8. Ongoing or prior participation in any other clinical trial of an experimental treatment within 30 days from enrollment day

9. Intubated or prior intubation (during present hospitalization) or anticipated intubation within the subsequent 2 h

10. Using high-flow nasal cannula (HFNC) or non-invasive ventilation (NIV)

11. Concurrent or planned treatment with other agents with actual or possible direct antiviral activity

12. Prior hospitalization for COVID-19

13. Positive pregnancy test or breastfeeding woman

14. Known hypersensitivity to the study treatment, its metabolites, or formulation excipient

15. History of severe drug and/or food allergies and/or known allergies to the trial product or its components

16. Any condition that, in the opinion of the Investigator, would complicate or compromise the study or well-being of the patient

Date of first enrolment

20/05/2021

Date of final enrolment 30/11/2021

Locations

Countries of recruitment Italy **Study participating centre Ospedale Policlinico San Martino IRCCS** Largo Rosanna Benzi Genova Italy 16132

Sponsor information

Organisation Applied Pharma Research (Switzerland)

Sponsor details via Corti 5 Balerna Switzerland CH-6828 +41 (0)91 6957020 giorgio.reiner@apr.ch

Sponsor type Industry

Website www.apr.ch

ROR https://ror.org/05c2q0q08

Funder(s)

Funder type Industry

Funder Name APR Applied Pharma Research SA

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Data of the clinical study could be published in a journal as soon as the final study report is finalized. Data could be disseminated as abstract/poster or oral presentation in international scientific congresses.

Intention to publish date

30/06/2022

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication

IPD sharing plan summary

Other

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient-facing? |
|----------------------|-----------|--------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Results article | version 3 | 12/05/2022 | 24/06/2022 | Yes | No |
| <u>Protocol file</u> | | 11/11/2021 | 18/10/2022 | No | No |