A randomised pragmatic open-label, multicentre, non-crossover clinical study to evaluate and compare the efficacy, safety profile and tolerability of oral ibandronate versus intravenous (iv) zoledronate in the treatment of breast cancer patients with bone metastases

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
10/03/2005		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
13/04/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
26/10/2018	Cancer			

## Plain English summary of protocol

http://www.cancerhelp.org.uk/trials/a-trial-looking-at-zoledronate-or-ibandronate-for-breast-cancer-that-has-spread-to-the-bones

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Peter Barrett-Lee

#### Contact details

Velindre NHS Trust Whitchurch Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 2TL

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

#### **IRAS** number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT00326820

## Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A randomised pragmatic open-label, multicentre, non-crossover clinical study to evaluate and compare the efficacy, safety profile and tolerability of oral ibandronate versus intravenous (iv) zoledronate in the treatment of breast cancer patients with bone metastases

#### **Acronym**

ZICE (Zoledronate vs Ibandronate Comparative Evaluation)

## Study objectives

To demonstrate non-inferiority of oral ibandronate 50 mg daily in comparison with 34 weekly zoledronate 4 mg iv infusions and investigate the tolerability and side-effect profile of the two study arms.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

MREC for Wales on 19/08/2005. (MREC ref: 05/MRE09/57)

# Study design

randomised pragmatic open-label, multicentre, non-crossover clinical study

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Not specified

# Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Breast cancer with bone metastases

#### **Interventions**

Comparison of skeletal related events in patients on iv zoledronate given 3-4 weekly and oral daily ibandronate.

Blood samples analysed 3-4 weekly; lumbar and thoracic plain spine X-rays at baseline and end of treatment. Analysis of quality of life (QoL), analgesic usage and pain scoring.

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

#### Phase

Phase III

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Zoledronate, Ibandronate

### Primary outcome measure

Mean number of skeletal related events (SREs) per patient

#### Secondary outcome measures

Time to first SRE; Andersen-Gill Multiple-event analysis; Percentage of patients with any SRE; Pain/analgesic scores; Safety (including survival); Quality of Life (QoL); Cost efficiency analysis.

#### Overall study start date

01/09/2005

## Completion date

30/09/2008

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with newly diagnosed (<3 months) multiple bone metastases from histologically proven breast cancer and considered suitable for treatment with a bisphosphonate
- 2. Isotope bone scan within 6 weeks prior to screening to provide evidence of multiple bone metastases
- 3. Patients may also be receiving chemotherapy and/or hormone therapy for metastatic disease
- 4. Patients with multiple (>1) bone metastases (painful or asymptomatic) of lytic, mixed or purely sclerotic type
- 5. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) Performance Status 0, 1 or 2

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

## Age group

Adult

#### Sex

**Female** 

## Target number of participants

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with a creatinine clearance of less than 30 ml/minute
- 2. Patients with serum bilirubin/aspartate transaminase (AST) (alanine transaminase [ALT]) raised more than 1.5 times normal
- 3. Patients with central nervous system (CNS) metastases
- 4. Patients who have undergone dental procedures in the 2 months prior to randomisation
- 5. Patients with known active peptic ulcer
- 6. Patients with hypocalcaemia within 6 weeks of randomisation
- 7. Patients who have received bisphosphonate therapy in the previous 6 months

#### Date of first enrolment

01/09/2005

#### Date of final enrolment

30/09/2008

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

**United Kingdom** 

Wales

# Study participating centre Velindre NHS Trust

Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 2TL

# **Sponsor information**

### Organisation

Velindre NHS Trust

## Sponsor details

Unit 2, Charnwood Court Parc Nantgarw Nantgarw Cardiff United Kingdom CF15 7QW

#### Sponsor type

Industry

ROR

https://ror.org/05ntqkc30

# Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Roche Pharmaceuticals UK

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Plain English results	sub-study results			No	Yes
Results article		09/10/2013		Yes	No