

FIC - Training in malaria research in Uganda

Submission date 13/11/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 02/12/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 18/03/2008	Condition category Infections and Infestations	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Justus Byarugaba

Contact details

Makerere Univeristy
Faculty of Medicine
Department of Pediatrics and Child Health
P.O. Box 7072
Kampala
Uganda
-
+256 75 696 633
byarugabaj@yahoo.com

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

FIC

Study objectives

The proportion of convulsions terminated by buccal midazolam is higher than the proportion of convulsions terminated by rectal diazepam in children.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approved received from:

1. The Makerere University Medical School Research and Ethics Review Board (Uganda)
2. National Council of Science and Technology Institutional Review Board (IRB) (Uganda)
3. University of California San Francisco Institutional Review Board (IRB) (USA)

Study design

Randomised double blind clinical trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prolonged convulsions

Interventions

Rectal diazepam versus buccal placebo

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Midazolam, diazepam

Primary outcome measure

Time taken to terminate convulsion within 10 minutes without re-occurrence of the convulsion in an hour.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Time taken to re-occurrence of convulsion after initial control
2. Time taken to terminate the convulsion within 10 minutes
3. Proportion of children who get respiratory depression within one hour after administration of the study drug

Overall study start date

20/11/2005

Completion date

20/05/2006

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age between 3 months to 12 years
2. Admission to Acute Care Unit during the study period
3. A child who presents to the Acute Care Unit with convulsions
4. Provision of informed consent to continue participation in the study

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

3 Months

Upper age limit

12 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

350

Key exclusion criteria

1. Documented evidence of having received parenteral anticonvulsant in the past 24 hours
2. Cessation of convulsion before administration of study drug
3. Parent/caretaker verbally declines to participate in the study

Date of first enrolment

20/11/2005

Date of final enrolment

20/05/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Uganda

Study participating centre

Makerere Univeristy

Kampala

Uganda

-

Sponsor information

Organisation

Fogarty International Center (FIC) (USA)

Sponsor details

National Institutes of Health

Office of Communications

Building 31, Room B2C29

31 Center Drive

MSC 2220

Bethesda

United States of America

20892-2220

+1 301 496 2075

ficinfo@nih.gov

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.fic.nih.gov/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/02xey9a22>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Fogarty International Centre (FIC) (USA) (grant ref: TW007375)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	01/01/2008		Yes	No