# Heart Outcomes Prevention Evaluation-2 (HOPE-2) study

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
05/09/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
05/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 03/08/2009	Condition category Circulatory System	[] Individual participant data		

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Eva Lonn

#### Contact details

HGH-McMaster Clinic 237 Barton Street East Room 254 Hamilton Canada L8L 2X2 +1 905 526 0970 lonnem@mcmaster.ca

# Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT00106886

Protocol serial number

MCT-15428

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

#### Acronym

HOPE-2

#### **Study objectives**

- 1. To evaluate whether prolonged therapy with folic acid and vitamins B6 and B12 compared to placebo reduces the risk of cardiovascular death, myocardial infarction (MI) and stroke (major fatal and non-fatal cardiovascular [CV] events)
- 2. To evaluate the effects of the study intervention on major fatal and non-fatal CV and revascularisation procedures and on total important ischaemic events

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Hamilton Health Sciences Corporation and McMaster University approved on the 17th November 1999.

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Study type(s)

Treatment

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular disease, myocardial infarction (MI), stroke, cancer

#### **Interventions**

Combination pill containing: Folic acid 2.5 mg, vitamin B6 50 mg, vitamin B12 1 mg, or placebo

## Intervention Type

Supplement

#### Phase

Not Applicable

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Folic acid, vitamins B6 and B12

#### Primary outcome(s)

The composite of cardiovascular death, myocardial infarction (MI) and stroke.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

1. Total major ischaemic events, including CV death, MI, stroke, hospitalisations for unstable angina and revascularisations

- 2. Total mortality
- 3. Hospitalisation for unstable angina (UA)
- 4. Hospitalisation for congestive heart failure (CHF)
- 5. Revascularisation procedures
- 6. Incident cancer
- 7. Cancer death

## Completion date

31/03/2006

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Women and men 55 years of age or over with established CVD and at high risk for future fatal and nonfatal CV events defined as:
- 1.1. Documented coronary artery disease (CAD)
- 1.2. Documented peripheral vascular disease (PVD)
- 1.3. Documented cerebrovascular disease
- 1.4. Diabetes with one of the following additional cardiovascular risk factors:
- 1.4.1. Hypertension (blood pressure [BP] greater than 160 mmHg systolic or greater than 90 mmHg diastolic or on treatment)
- 1.4.2. Total cholesterol greater than 5.2 mmol/l (greater than 200 mg/dl)
- 1.4.3. High density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol less than 0.9 mmol/l (3.5 mg/dl)
- 1.4.4. Current cigarette smoker
- 1.4.5. Any evidence of previous vascular disease
- 2. Provision of informed consent

## Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Senior

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Current use of any vitamin supplements containing folic acid greater than 200  $\mu$ g/day. Patients taking such vitamin supplements can be asked if they agree to discontinue these supplements. If they agree they can be randomised to the study.
- 2. Known previous adverse reactions to folic acid, vitamin B6 or B12
- 3. Planned cardiac, peripheral or cerebrovascular revascularization, defined as a decision taken by the patient and his or her physician(s) to perform surgical or percutaneous transluminal revascularisation within the next 6 months
- 4. Haemodynamically significant primary valvular outflow tract obstruction (e.g. mitral stenosis, asymmetric septal hypertrophy, malfunctioning prosthetic valve)
- 5. Constrictive pericarditis
- 6. Complex congenital heart disease

- 7. Syncopal episodes presumed to be due to uncontrolled life-threatening arrhythmias (asymptomatic arrhythmias including ventricular tachycardia are not exclusion criteria)
- 8. Uncontrolled hypertension
- 9. Cor pulmonale
- 10. Heart transplant recipient
- 11. Other important non-cardiovascular disease(s) expected to limit compliance and/or impact on patients ability to complete the study, such as: history of alcohol or drug abuse, psychiatric disorders, senility, severe physical disability, illnesses including terminal stage cancer and other major systemic illnesses expected to limit the patients ability to comply with the study protocol and to complete the study

**Date of first enrolment** 01/04/1999

Date of final enrolment 31/03/2006

# Locations

**Countries of recruitment**Canada

Study participating centre HGH-McMaster Clinic Hamilton Canada L8L 2X2

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

McMaster University (Canada)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02fa3aq29

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) (Canada) - http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca (ref: MCT-15428)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	13/04/2006		Yes	No
Results article	results	05/06/2007		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/04/2009		Yes	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes