

# Exploring attention mechanisms in children with cochlear implants: a study on neural markers

<b>Submission date</b> 17/04/2025	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 17/04/2025	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 17/04/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Ear, Nose and Throat	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

This study looks at how children with cochlear implants (CIs) process sounds and pay attention compared to children with normal hearing. The aim is to understand why some children with CIs do better than others in hearing and understanding speech, especially in noisy situations.

### Who can participate?

1. Children aged 7-13 years with bilateral cochlear implants who were deaf before learning language.
2. Children with normal hearing in the same age range.

Participants must not have additional disabilities, neurological disorders, cognitive impairments, or attention deficit disorders.

### What does the study involve?

#### Participants will:

1. Complete listening tasks while their brain activity is recorded
2. Perform speech recognition tests in noisy conditions
3. Complete memory tasks

All testing was completed in one session

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

#### Benefits:

1. Contributing to a better understanding of how cochlear implants affect attention
2. Helping improve future treatments for children with cochlear implants

#### Risks:

No known risks beyond minor fatigue from completing the tasks

All procedures are non-invasive

### Where is the study run from?

Hadassah Medical Center (Israel)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
May 2020 to January 2024

Who is funding the study?  
University of Haifa (Israel)

Who is the main contact?  
Prof. Catia Adelman, cahtiaa@hadassah.org.il

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

Ms Ola Badarni-Zahalka

### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

### Protocol serial number

Nil known

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Neural Markers of Attention Processing in Cochlear Implant Users (NMAP-CI): an event-related potential study

### Acronym

NMAP-CI

### Study objectives

Paediatric cochlear implant users would demonstrate a distinct pattern of neural attention processing. Specifically, they predicted impaired automatic attention would manifest as reduced Novelty P3 amplitudes and longer latencies, while controlled attention would remain preserved,

shown by normal Target P3 amplitudes and latencies. Additionally, they expected these P3 components would correlate with behavioural performance measures such as speech perception and memory.

### **Ethics approval required**

Ethics approval required

### **Ethics approval(s)**

approved 06/07/2021, Helsinki Committee at Hadassah Medical Center (Hadassah Medical Center Ein Karem, Jerusalem, 91120, Israel; +972 (0)2 677 7242; VHelsinki@hadassah.org.il), ref: 0881-20-HMO

### **Study design**

Observational cross-sectional study

### **Primary study design**

Observational

### **Study type(s)**

Efficacy

### **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Auditory attention processing in prelingually deaf children with bilateral cochlear implants

### **Interventions**

This cross-sectional study examines neural mechanisms of attention in pediatric cochlear implant users through event-related potentials, focusing on the Novelty P3 (automatic attention) and Target P3 (controlled attention) components. The study compares prelingually deaf children with early bilateral cochlear implants ( $n = 25$ ) to normal-hearing controls ( $n = 28$ ), matched for gender and age (7-13 years). Participants complete an oddball paradigm during ERP recording and perform speech-in-noise and memory tasks.

Participants underwent ERP measurements while performing auditory attention tasks, focusing on two distinct P3 components: Target P3 (in response to infrequent stimuli requiring response) and Novel P3 (in response to unexpected environmental sounds to be ignored). Additionally, participants completed speech-in-noise and memory tasks. No interventional treatments were administered.

### **Intervention Type**

Other

### **Primary outcome(s)**

1. Automatic attention processing is measured using frontal Novelty P3 amplitudes and latencies from ERP recordings during an oddball paradigm at one testing session
2. Controlled attention processing is measured using parietal Target P3 amplitudes and latencies from ERP recordings during an oddball paradigm at one testing session

### **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Speech perception in noise is measured using the Speech-in-Noise test at one testing session
2. Short-term memory capacity is measured using Forward Digit Span and working memory capacity is measured using Backward Digit Span (test at one testing session)

**Completion date**

09/01/2024

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

Cochlear Implant (CI) Group:

1. Prelingually deaf children
2. Bilateral cochlear implant users
3. Age range 7-14 years
4. Minimum 4 years of CI experience
5. Regular CI users with consistent device use

For Normal-Hearing (NH) Control Group:

1. Age-matched children:
2. Normal hearing thresholds ( $\leq 20$  dB HL across frequencies)
3. No history of hearing disorders
4. No neurological disorders

General Criteria for Both Groups:

1. No additional disabilities
2. Normal cognitive development
3. Written informed consent from parents/guardians
4. Ability to follow test instructions
5. Native language (Hebrew or Arabic speakers, balanced between groups)

**Participant type(s)**

Healthy volunteer, Other

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Child

**Lower age limit**

7 years

**Upper age limit**

13 years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

53

**Key exclusion criteria**

For Both Groups:

1. Additional disabilities beyond hearing loss (for the CI group)

2. Diagnosed neurological disorders
3. Cognitive impairments
4. Attention deficit disorders
5. Inability to complete all testing sessions

Specific to CI Group:

1. Irregular/inconsistent CI use
2. Device complications or malfunctions
3. Post-lingual deafness
4. Unilateral cochlear implant

Specific to NH Control Group:

1. Any history of hearing loss
2. Hearing thresholds >20 dB HL at any frequency
3. History of middle ear pathology
4. Current or recent use of medications affecting cognitive function

**Date of first enrolment**

10/08/2022

**Date of final enrolment**

09/01/2024

## **Locations**

**Countries of recruitment**

Israel

**Study participating centre**

**Hadasah University Medical Centre**

jerusalem

Israel

91120

## **Sponsor information**

**Organisation**

Hadassah Medical Center

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/01cqmjq90>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

University/education

**Funder Name**

University of Haifa

**Alternative Name(s)**

UofHaifa, ,

**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Universities (academic only)

**Location**

Israel

## Results and Publications

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

The de-identified participant data can be requested from Prof. Catia Adelman (cahtiaa@hadassah.org.il) and Ola Badarni-Zahalka (Obadar01@campus.haifa.ac.il).

The type of data that will be shared: de-identified ERP recordings, behavioral test scores (speech-in-noise and memory tasks), and demographic information.

Dates of availability: data will be available from publication date through 5 years post-publication.

Whether consent from participants was required and obtained: written informed consent was obtained from all participants' parents/guardians

Comments on data anonymization: All personal identifiers have been removed. Participants are identified only by code numbers. No identifying information, such as names, addresses, or dates of birth, is included

Any ethical or legal restrictions, Data access requests must comply with Helsinki Committee guidelines. Use is limited to research purposes only.

**IPD sharing plan summary**

Available on request