

Evaluating the effects of daily microgreen powder supplementation over 60 days on fatigue and nutrition-related symptoms among women of reproductive age in Yangon, Myanmar

Submission date 17/07/2025	Recruitment status Not yet recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 18/07/2025	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 18/07/2025	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Many women in Myanmar struggle to get the nutrients they need due to rising food prices and limited access to healthy food. This often leads to fatigue, weakened immunity, and other symptoms of malnutrition. This study will test whether taking a small daily amount of microgreen powder, made from nutritious young plants like sunflower sprouts, over 60 days can help improve women's health outcomes, especially by reducing fatigue and malnutrition and strengthening their bodies.

Who can participate?

Women aged 18 to 49 years who live in Hlaing Tharyar, are not pregnant, and are not already taking any supplements. Participants must also be at risk of poor nutrition, which we will assess using a short screening tool.

What does the study involve?

Women who join the study will be randomly placed into one of two groups. One group will take 10 grams of microgreen powder at the community centre each day for 60 days, while the other group will wait and receive the powder after the study ends. Everyone will come to a local community centre twice, once at the beginning and once at the end, for simple measurements of height and weight and to answer a few questions about their wellbeing. Nurses will support participants daily and check in on how they are doing.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participation?

Participants may feel more energetic and notice improvements in other health symptoms, like appetite or skin condition. There are no known serious risks, as the powder is made from natural, plant-based ingredients. Some people might feel mild stomach discomfort, but nurses will be on hand to help if needed.

Where is the study run from?

The study will take place at a community centre in Haling Tharyar township in Yangon, Myanmar.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

November 2024 to October 2025

Who is funding the study?

This research is funded by the Pears IMPH Alumni Seed Grant Program to Promote Public Health Research, which is the result of a continuing partnership between the Braun School of Public Health, Hebrew University of Jerusalem Hadassah and Pears Foundation.

Who is the main contact?

Daniel Israel Samuelsen, israel@edenmyanmar.org

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

STI IRB/21/25

Study information

Scientific Title

A waitlist-controlled trial evaluating the effects of daily supplementation with 10 g of microgreen powder over 60 days on malnutrition-related symptoms among women of reproductive age in Hlaing Tharyar, Yangon

Acronym

MICRO-WELL

Study objectives

Hypotheses:

1. Daily supplementation with 10g of microgreen powder will significantly reduce fatigue (measured via Fatigue Severity Scale) among women of reproductive age over 60 days compared to a waitlist-control group.
2. Supplementation will improve BMI and malnutrition-related symptoms over 60 days in the intervention group.
3. Acceptability and satisfaction of the microgreen powder will be moderate to high.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 01/07/2025, STI Myanmar University, Yangon; Institutional Review Board (Block 10, Phase 3 MICT Park, Hlaing Campus, Yangon, 10-3, Myanmar; +95 (0)1507048; info@stiedu.net), ref: STI IRB/21/25

Study design

Waitlist-controlled single-centre interventional trial using block randomisation with blinded outcome assessors

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Waitlist-controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Community

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1vANDcZfA5y-E__jXpJJESJSw9Brx5xpr/edit?usp=sharing&oid=101631146802936011389&rtpof=true&sd=true

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Dietary micronutrient deficiency

Interventions

Group A (intervention): Receives 10 g of microgreen powder daily, made from an equal blend of sunflower, mung bean and mustard seed, administered with water under nurse supervision at a community centre for 60 days.

Group B (waitlist-control): Receives no intervention during the study but is given a 60-day supply of microgreen powder at study completion.

Randomisation: Stratified block randomisation by malnutrition risk category (medium/high). The block order (4, 6, 8) was randomised using a computer-generated sequence in R software.

Intervention Type

Supplement

Primary outcome measure

1. Fatigue severity measured using the Fatigue Severity Scale (FSS) at baseline (T0) and day 60 (T1)
2. Body Mass Index (BMI) calculated from weight and height measurements using standard stadiometers and digital scales at baseline (T0) and day 60 (T1)
3. Malnutrition-related symptom severity measured using a structured Malnutrition Symptom Survey (Likert-scale) at baseline (T0) and day 60 (T1)

Secondary outcome measures

Acceptability and satisfaction with supplementation measured using a structured post-intervention questionnaire at day 60 (T1)

Overall study start date

08/11/2024

Completion date

31/10/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Women aged 18-49 years
2. Resident of Hlaing Tharyar township
3. Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool score indicating medium or high malnutrition risk
4. Not currently pregnant
5. Not taking any other nutritional supplements
6. Able and willing to provide informed consent

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

49 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

204

Key exclusion criteria

1. Low malnutrition risk score using the Malnutrition Universal Screening Tool
2. Severe acute/chronic illness or allergy to supplement ingredients
3. Having chronic diarrhoea for more than 2 weeks in the past 1-3 months or having known malabsorption disorders
4. Currently in another study or trial

Date of first enrolment

20/08/2025

Date of final enrolment

31/08/2025

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Myanmar

Study participating centre

New Hope Myanmar Local NGO
New Hope NGO Community Center
Ward 15, Hlaing Tharyar Township
Yangon
Myanmar
10-15

Sponsor information**Organisation**

Hebrew University of Jerusalem

Sponsor details

School of Public Health
Faculty of Medicine
Jerusalem
Israel
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+972 (0)26777108
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Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<https://medicine.ekmd.huji.ac.il/en/publicHealth/about/Pages/contactUs.aspx>

ROR

<https://ror.org/03qxff017>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Pears Foundation

Alternative Name(s)

Pears Family Charitable Foundation

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location

United Kingdom

Funder Name

Good Seed Myanmar

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Results will be shared with the participants, local relevant partners and stakeholders. The results will be submitted for publication in a peer-reviewed open-access journal and presented in international conferences.

Intention to publish date

31/10/2026

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The de-identified dataset will be securely stored on password-protected computers and a private Dropbox repository accessible only to authorised research team members. The data will be retained indefinitely for potential secondary analyses and to allow verification of study findings. Any data sharing will be strictly controlled, available only upon reasonable request to the Principal Investigator (Daniel Israel Samuelsen; israel@edenmyanmar.org) for ethically approved research purposes.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	version 1.2		18/07/2025	No	Yes